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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XII NO. 270 BOMBAY SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1924. TWO ANNAS.

The Bombay Chronicle

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MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of Passports.

Date.	Steamer.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
15th Nov.	MOOLTANx ..		20,847
22nd ,,	NALDERA ..		15,993
29th ,,	DONGOLA ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
6th Dec.	KAISAR-I-HIND ..	..	11,430
13th ,,	CHINA ..	MALOJAx ..	20,837
20th ,,	DEVANHA ..		8,092
27th ,,	CHINA ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
1925			
3rd Jan	CALEDONIA		7,622
10th ,,	CHINA ..	MONGOLIAx	16,385
17th ,,	NARKUNDA		16,227
24th ,,	CHINA ..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
31st ,,	NALDERA ..		15,993
7th Feb.	CHINA ..	MOLDAVIAx..	16,277
14th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..	..	11,430
21st ,,	DEVANHA ..	MOREA* ..	10,911
28th ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
7th March	DONGOLA ..	MOOLTAN x..	20,847
14th ,,	CALEDONIA		7,622
21st ,,	DELTA ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
25th ,,	DEVANHA@	Extra Steamer	8,092
28th ,,	NARKUNDA		16,227
4th April	DONGOLA @		8,053
11th ,,	NALDERA ..	..	15,993
18th ,,	DELTA ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
25th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..	..	11,430
2nd May	DONGOLA ..	MONGOLIAx	16,385
9th ,,	CHINA.. ..		7,952
16th ,,	DELTA.. ..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
23rd ,,	CALEDONIA		7,622
30th ,,	DONGOLA ..	MOLDAVIA x	16,277

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

@ Special reduced fares.

	London.	Marseilles.
First Saloon	£ 66 & £ 62	£ 60 & £ 56
Second ,,	,, 52	,, 48

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamer.	Tons.
28th Nov.	MANELA	6,303
12th Dec.	MARGHA	8,258
1925		
1st Jan.	BOYNE* ..	4,445
5th Feb.	NARINGA* ..	6,607
19th ,,	MORVADA ..	8,193
5th March	MANDALA ..	8,246
19th ,,	DOMALA ..	8,441
2nd April	MODASA ..	8,756
16th ,,	DUMANA ..	8,427
30th ,,	MASULA* ..	7,261

* Cargo vessel only, will not convey passengers

P. & O. SAILINGS BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Date.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connects at Colombo for Australia with
9th Dec. 1925	SICILIA ..	6,813	MOLDAVIA
6th Jan.	SARDINIA ..	6,684	MOOLTAN.
3rd Feb.	SOUDAN ..	6,696	MALOJA
17th ,,	SICILIA ..	6,813	KHYBER
17th Mar.	SARDINIA ..	6,684	MOLDAVIA

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about.	Steamer.	Destination.
15th Nov.	VARSOVA ..	Busreh via Karachi.
15th ,,	CHAKLA ..	Karachi via Kathiawar
17th ,,	VITA ..	Karachi via Kathiawar.
19th ,,	BAMORA ..	Busreh via Karachi & P. Gulf Ports
26th ,,	KAROA ..	East & S. Africa.

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P. O Box. 122

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
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Managing Director.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN).
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

	Yen.
Subscribed Capital	 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	 100,000,000
Reserve Fund	 77,500,000

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Darien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
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Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
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Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE:
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BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Re. 1 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

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Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
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Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital	..... £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	..... £1,000,000
Reserved Fund	..... £ 300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	..... £1,000,000

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Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
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Reserve Fund	 44,50,000

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Bombay	Jubbulpore	Naini Tal
Cawnpore	Lahore	Patna
Cawnpore City	Lucknow	Rae Bareli
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The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.
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Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
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Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.
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Agent, Bombay Branch.
Allahabad Bank Building,
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Subscribed capital	... Rs. 1,19,70,000
Paid-up capital	... Rs. 59,85,000

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3 per cent. per annum from January to June.
2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
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Interest allowed at 4½ per cent.
Withdrawals twice a week.
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Capital Issued	 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	 50,00,000
Capital Paid up to 30/6/24	 30,17,785
Reserve Fund	 23,50,000

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Amballa City	Hyderabad (Sind)	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
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Ferozepore	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Simla
Gojra	Multan City	Srinagar
Hafizabad		

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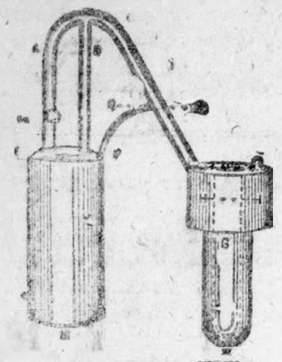

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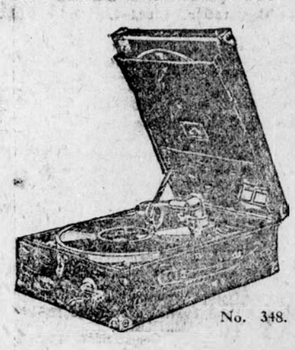

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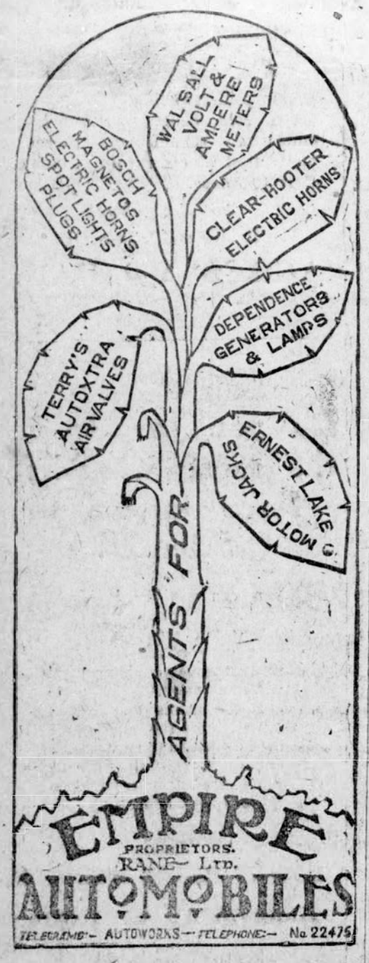

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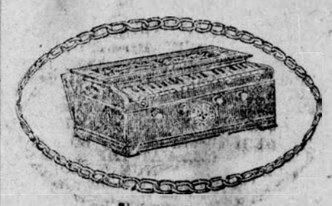

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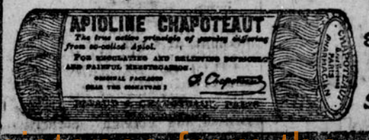
CHAPOTEAUT

LADIES SAFE REMEDY for functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.



WHOLESALE: 8, Rue Vivienne PARIS—FRANCE

Sold by all Chemists

Karnik's AGUE Mixture

THE tried specific for Ague, Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price Annas 13.

KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture.

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

The Ideal Cooker for the House: Apply for free catalogue —

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.,

No. B. 01, P.O. Thalakwadi, Belgaum

Bombay agents: G. S. Ranade and Co. Girgaum Tram Road, opp. Govt. Stable

---

PRICES REDUCED.

All kinds of stove Price have been reduced and Selling Primus No. 100 (folding) Stove complete for Rs. 9 only. Postage extra

D. R. WAGLE, STOVE SPECIALIST

Tram Terminus, Girgaum.

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AMUSEMENTS.

PATHÉ-CINEMA
ROYAL·OPERA·HOUSE
THE FINEST THEATRE IN THE EAST

TO-NIGHT AT 6, 8, and 10.
MATINEE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4 P. M.
THE CRADLE OF THE WORLD.
Parts Five and Six.
Two more instalments of this super travel film.
All the wonders of the wilds of Central Africa recorded in the most ambitious series of pictures ever taken.

RUTH ROLAND IN
RUTH OF THE RANGE.
EPISODES NINE AND TEN.
THE LAVA CRUSHER AND
CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE
The fearless girl again comes to grips with her scurrilous enemies. More dashing adventures and escapes—Murderous plots and rescues. Who is the mysterious Captain Ris identity is revealed this week.
PAHE GAZETTE
A RARE BIRD
(Monty Ranks Comedy) In 2 Reels
Prices: Rs. 2-4, Rs. 2, Re. 1-8, Re. 1 As. 8 and As. 4 (Including Tax.)
BOOKING OFFICE IS OPEN AT THE THEATRE BETWEEN 9-30 a. m. and 1 p. m. and 5 p. m. and 11 p. m.

The Management,— CINE
MADELEINE
present
SANSONIA
The Strongest Man in the World
in
"The BRIDGE Of SIGHS"
A Historic Master-piece, based on the description of his poem "CHILDE HAROLD"
by
LORD BYRON
A Convincing Dramatic Story, vibrating with ROMANCE, ADVENTURE, LOVE, HATE & REVENGE
and taken amidst
A Thousand Backgrounds of Venice
in 24 Amazingly Splendid Reels. 4 Chapters
"The BRIDGE Of SIGHS"
featuring
SANSONIA
THE TALK OF THE TOWN
for the last two weeks.

TO-NIGHT **CHAPTER 3**

YOUR CHANCE ONCE AGAIN!
For—Those that missed the Opening Two Chapters of this Historic Master-piece!
TO-MORROW—SUNDAY—SPECIAL MORNING SHOW
at 10 A. M. SHARP
when the First TWO Chapters—All 14 Parts of
"The BRIDGE OF SIGHS"
will be shown again
A 2½ Hours Splendid Treat of a
Picture that has been the "TALK OF THE TOWN" for the last Two weeks
Special Separate Arrangement for Ladies and Families.
Ladies & Students at HALF RATES
SUNDAY MORNING 10 A M—LOOK SHARP!

OUR USUAL SHOWS
3 shows daily—6-30, 8-15 & 10.
Extra Matinee On Sat. & Sunday—4-30
Our Popular Prices (Including Tax.)
This great Picture is Supplied by
Messrs. J Pearson & Co.
Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Bombay's New Palatial Picture House.

CINE MADELEINE
Tram Terminus, GRANT ROAD.

AMUSEMENTS.

WEST-END.
A Mighty Spectacular Melodrama—Universal Jewel!
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
"THE SIGNAL TOWER"
7 Reels—beautifully charming Railroad Story, tense with Love and situations that will bring you to the edge of your seats—situations to which there seems no happy solution.
THE GREATEST THRILL PICTURE EVER MADE!
"THE SIGNAL TOWER"
Starring
VIRGINIA VALLI
with Wallace Beery, Rockliffe Fellowes and many others From the famous story by
WADSWORTH CAMP
You will see the most remarkable and thrilling train wreck ever screened.
The most exciting, sensational, uplifting railroad picture ever made.
Made by the same genius who made one of the greatest money-getters of recent years, "The Acquittal"
Featuring beautiful Virginia Valli, heroine of "A Lady of Quality", "Wild Oranges" and other current successes.
Supported by Wallace Beery, the famous "Lionheart" of "Robinhood", Rockliffe Fellowes, J. Farrell MacDonald, Frankie Darrow, that wonderful little boy, Dot Farley and many other favorites.
THE SIGNAL TOWER
The Programme includes the International News.
To-Night: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

TO-NIGHT **THIS WEEK**
5-30, 7, 8-45 & 10-30 DAILY.
SATURDAY, SUNDAY, AND BANK HOLIDAYS AT 3-30 P.M.
The story of cool, calm daring,—for super-excellent histronic ability,—and last but not least, to a rare, elusive loveliness before the camera
"THE FIGHTING SKIPPER"
"THE FIGHTING SKIPPER"
featuring
PEGGY O'DAY, JACK PERRIN
and
FRANCIS FORD
Each reel complete itself. The hair raising thrills that will punch to your seat. Also 2 parts Harold Lloyd Comic "From hand to Mouth"
POPULAR PRICES.
GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
Direction Madan Theatres. Ltd.
TO-DAY AT 5-30
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30
2 GREAT GALA PERFORMANCES
to mark the
CONCLUSION OF A MOST MEMORABLE SEASON
E. J. CARROLL
Presents
THE GREATEST CHARACTER COMEDIAN OF ALL TIME
SIR HARRY LAUDER
Together with his
BRILLIANT COMPANY
OF
INTERNATIONAL STAR ARTISTS
2 Great Farewell Bills 2
THIS AFTERNOON 5-30
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30.
TO-NIGHT'S PERFORMANCE IN THE DISTINGUISHED PRESENCE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, LADY WILSON A GOVERNMENT HOUSE PARTY AND REPRESENTATIVE CITIZENS.
Lauder's Last Nights are notable events Everywhere and To-Night's performance should mark an epoch in the Theatrical History of Bombay. Don't Miss It.
SEATS MAY BE RESERVED AT ROSE'S TILL NOON,
AFTER 3 P. M. AT THE THEATRE
Prices as usual. Gallery after 9-15 Re 1-2.
General Manager for
E. J. CARROLL,
LEO D. CHATEAU.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.
TO-MORROW AT 6 p. m.
WESTMINSTER GLEE SINGERS.
TO-MORROW CINEMA at 10 p. m.
'MORAN OF THE LADY LETTY'
WITH DOROTHY DALTON.
EMPIRE THEATRE.
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT
4-30, 6-30 8-15 and 10 p. m.
"PLAYTHINGS OF DESTINY"
With ANITA STEWART.
EMPRESS THEATRE.
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT
3, 4-30, 6 30, 8-15 & 10 p. m.
"THE TEETH OF THE TIGER"
With DAVID POWELL.

AMUSEMENTS.

CINEMA
MAJESTIC
presents this week
second week
Hindusthan film Company's
Mythological Production
JAYADRATH VADH
JAYADRATH VADH
Time and rates as Usual
Coming Majestic film Co.'s
New Production
Chandan Malyagari

IMPERIAL
CONTINUES
FOR ONE WEEK MORE
The Super Social Picture
MANORAMA
Kohinoor's Jewel Production
Daily four shows:—
at 5, 7, 9, 11 P.M.
EXTRA SHOWS:—On Saturday and Sunday at 3 P.M.

WILLIAM'S
Influenza Mixture.

This marvellous mixture can be taken at all stages of fevers, i. e., It can safely be taken when the fever is on as well as when it is off. Equally useful to Adults and Children of all ages.
WILLIAM & Co.,
Family & Dispensing chemists.
BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

UNIVERSAL PICTURES CORPORATION PRESENTS TO-NIGHT

THE MAMMOTH SERIAL SENSATION OF THE YEAR
THE IRON MAN FEATURING ALBERTINI
SEE
This reckless stunt man with iron nerves and iron muscles, fight with the gendarmes, drop through a broken stairway, leap through space at dizzy heights, span distance through the air on plunging motors, leap through flames, drop from the sky as a wrecked air-plane, plunges into sea, crash into a dynamite Car, dive for a flagpole in mid-air.
THIS IS THE MOST COLOSSAL BREATH-TAKER YOU'VE SEEN IN YOUR LIFE
AT **CINEMA PRECIOUS** LAMINGTON ROAD, GRANT ROAD.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

FIRST 20 WORDS ONE RUPEE.

Every additional word—ONE ANNA.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words 'apply Box No.....Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle"' to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—An experienced SUB-EDITOR only those with previous experience need apply with copies of testimonials stating minimum salary to P. O. Box No. 1004 Bombay.
A

WANTED—An experienced BILL CLERK for a senior firm of Solicitors. Apply, stating experience, Box No. 573, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R21088

WANTED.—A NURSE for grown up children, must be willing and hard worker. Salary Rupees Forty all found. Apply to M/S. AMBALAL SARABHAI, the "Retreat," Shahibag P. O., Ahmedabad.
A R351

SALARY Rs. 100—260 per month in 30 days. We can help you to these salaries. We have done this for others. Learn an absolutely NEW SHORTHAND in 30 days by post. Easiest, simplest and highest speed system in the world. Only 9 Characters and 3 Rules. Two days FREE Trial. NO MONEY unless you are fully satisfied. Enclose 3 annas stamp. HAWAID COLLEGE, S. RAWALPINDI.
A S

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN Energetic Undergraduate with thorough knowledge of Office routine, Correspondence seeks EMPLOYMENT. Any capacity. Please apply Box No. 578, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B 356

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET on long lease IMPERIAL CINEMA PLOT. Written offers with deposit of Rs. 5,000 only will be considered. For further particulars apply. MANAGER of Trustees, Sir Mangaldas Nathoobhoy Trust, Sir Mangaldas House, Lamington Road.
C R357

TO LET—SHOPS, GODOWNS, ROOMS for residence and office use at Carnac Road, Abba Building. HAJEE MAHOMED ABBA & CO., 173, Jackria Musjid, Bombay.
C R302

BLOCKS suitable and airy for Anglo-Indians, Europeans, and Parsi gentlemen at New Nagpada, opposite Ricardson and Cruddas. Apply on spot Tel. No. 41417.
C R173

GODOWNS, ROOMS, suitable for Pleaders and residential purposes, also well ventilated and commodious block in Gordhan Building No. 2, opposite Girgaum Police Court. Apply GORDHANDAS, Sir Mangaldas House, Lamington Road.
C R354

TO BE LET for the season at Khandala "Shamrock Villa", a nice furnished Bungalow about 3 minutes' walk from the station, with one Hall, one Drawing Room and one Bed Room, Bath, etc.; also store-room, kitchen and compound. Apply at once Messrs. PANDIA & CO., Solicitors, 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
C R324

TO LET—Large and small bunglows on Malabar Hill with outhouses garages complete with electric installation upto date sanitary fittings, free westerly breeze and commanding sea view. Apply Mr. DWARKADAS JEKISONDAS, Horn Road, Oriental Building, Office Phone No. 22162, Residence 41530.
C R301

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE in a lot or separately new and second-hand GERMAN MOTOR LORRIES. For inspection, etc., apply to G. DOSSA and Co., 14 Hunmum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
JA R330

FOR RELIABLE SECOND-HAND CARS that have been Overhauled and Repainted, call and see us. We always have a good selection at bargain prices. FRENCH MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., New Queen's Road, Bombay.
JA 20091

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898.—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects: Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes and all other commercial subjects. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor: GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street, corner Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.—RE-OPENED after October vacation. Enrolments for all courses including revision for G.D.A. and B. Com. APOLLO ST.
M R349

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—Only a few Yost Typewriters left. Brand New. Latest Model No. 20. Original price Rs. 495, Foolscap Size, 540, Brief, 580, Policy. Now sold at Rs. 225 nett. any size. Rs. 275 for 25 inch, Rs. 309 for 30 inch Carriage.

	Rs.
Remington 7, Rs. 65, 8, 75, Empire 1	90
Underwood 5, 145, L. C. Smith 5, 125, 8 ...	150
Yost 20, Rs. 85, 100, all new types	160
Oliver 3, 65, 9, 160, Rebuilt 5, 185, 9	215
Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 215, Brief 160 ...	215
Mahrati Remington 9, Rs. 125, Visible ...	200
Gujerati Remington 9, Rs. 160, Visible ...	200
Remington Portable with Case, New	234
Corona No. 3, Rs. 90, 100, 110, 125	135
Corona Portable, Improved Model, New ...	207

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Telephone No. 21223.
N W

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITERS BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Corona Folding New Improved, Latest	207
Remington Visible	148
Underwood 3, Rs. 150, Oliver 3	75
Oliver No. 5 Rs. 110, No. 9 latest	175
Empire No. 1 Rs. 90, No. 2 latest	140
Royal No. 10 latest like New	185
Rex Visible latest 110, L. C. Smith	140
Hammond Multiplex Portable like New	185
Ribbons, Carbon Papers. Repairs to All makes.	

GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.,
24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TYPEWRITER—Corona latest Rs. 207, Remington 7, Rs. 65, Monarch Rs. 95, Oliver 3 Rs. 65, 5, 105, 9 Rs. 145, Remington Visible 10 and 11, 125 and Rs. 135, Remington No. 4 Gujarati or Marathi Rs. 145, Remington 10 Factory Rebuilt very cheap.
STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO.,
Century Building,
381, Hornby Road, above Bombay Perfumery Mart, Fort, Bombay.
N

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in the "Sunday Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All photographs must be sent to the
EDITOR,
"Sunday Chronicle,"
Medows St. Fort, Bombay.

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

FOR SALE—MACHINERY immediate 22 National, 8 Hornsby Engines, 10 feet, Heavy Lathe, Cameron Donkey, 24-30-42 Saw Benches, Test Pumps, etc. M. H. DINSHAW AND CO., Green Street, Fort, Bombay.
K 355

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—As a going concern, an ENGINEERING WORKSHOP and FOUNDRY with the most modern and up-to-date machine, tools and plant, together with extensive grounds for expansion. Also a Commodious Storied Building, attached thereto, large enough to serve as quarters for three or four first-class assistants and as office in addition. Detailed particulars on request. Apply to Box No. 577, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R350

PROFESSION.

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY
(UNDER SPECIAL DIET.)

Free sample packets of the infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy. Postage As. 6 per V.P.P. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Nocturnal emissions, Dyspepsia etc., etc., and catalogue of Ayurvedic Medicines free. One anna postage stamp required for a reply or pamphlets.

PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy) 8, Nandjbagan Lane, Salkhia, (Howrah.)

N.B.—"Leprosy and its treatment" a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2. Postage As. 5 extra.

Correspondence strictly in English.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

JEWELLERS LTD.

JUST LANDED

A FINE CONSIGNMENT OF

CHINESE CARVED IVORY NECKLACES

TREASURE HOUSE
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

per column inch per insertion.

1st Insertion	... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and subsequent insertion	... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil, advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

WANTED.

GRADUATES capable of teaching Persian, Mathematics and Science upto the Matriculation Standard in the High Schools. Starting salary Rs. 60/- (sixty) p. m. in the grade of Rs. 60-10/2-80. Apply with testimonials to:—M.B.S. C.M.D.

NANDNATH K.
Commissioner of Education,
Baroda State.

Office of the Commissioner of Education, Baroda, 11th November, 1924.
22048

NOTICE
MADRAS RACES 1924-25.

OWNERS and TRAINERS are remained that
(1) Entries for the First Extra Meeting will close at 3 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 26th November, 1924.
(2) Final Entries for the First Meeting and First Entries for the Second Meeting will close at 3 p.m. on MONDAY, 1st December, 1924.
(3) Final Entries for the Second Meeting will close at 3 p.m. on MONDAY, 15th December, 1924.

For Prospectus please apply to the Secretary.

H. A. HILDEBRAND, Major.
Secretary, Madras Race Club.
Saidapet P. O. Madras
Telegrams 'RACECLUB,' Madras.
22032

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

WITH effect from the 16th November, 1924, First Second and Third Class Ordinary and Season Tickets will be issued over the Bombay Local and Suburban Section between stations on the B. B. and C. I. and G. I. P. Railways North of Dadar and stations on either Railway South of Dadar (via Dadar); also between stations on the B. B. and C. I. Railway beyond Bandra and stations on the G. I. P. Railway Harbour Branch via Mahim.

For full particulars see Notices exhibited at stations.

A. E. TYLDEN-PATTENSON
Ag. Chief Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 10th November, 1924.
22036

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE

WITH effect from the 16th November 1924, First, Second and Third class ordinary and Season Tickets will be issued over the Bombay Local and Suburban Section between stations on the B. B. and C. I. and G. I. P. Railways North of Dadar and stations on either Railway South of Dadar, (Via Dadar), also between stations on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Bandra and North, and stations over G. I. P. Railway Harbour Branch via Mahim. Passengers will have to change trains at Dadar and at Bandra as they do at present.

For full particulars see Notices Exhibited at stations.

F. J. H. SIEVWRIGHT.
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 11th November, 1924.
22034

FOR SALE

A BUNGALOW IN DELHI.

A large and commodious bungalow known as "CARVILLE" most centrally situated next to Hotel Cecil in Deputy Commissioner's Lane comprising about 8,000 square yards of land, buildings and outhouses, will be Sold by Public Auction at the premises at 4 p.m. on 19th November 1924

and

"THE EASTERN MAIL, DELHI."

Paper and press including one Wharfdale and two Royal size cylinder machines four hand-presses, dye printing and litho machines etc., will be sold by Public Auction at the "Eastern Mail" Office, Delhi at 4 p.m. on 20th November 1924.

Particulars will be available at the "Eastern Mail" Office, "Carville" Delhi.

P. B. GORADIA.
N. J. SHAH.
Joint Liquidators.

The Indian Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd.,
(In Vol. Lqd.)
70, Medows Street, Fort,
Bombay 6th Nov. 1924. 22001

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

AT JAM MILLS near Lalbaugh, Messrs. Tweedale and Smalley's Make, Twist Ring Frames of the year 1897, 292 Spindles, 5" Lift, 2 7/8" gauge. For seeing them in working order and for other particulars buyers should apply to the Agents at the Co's. office, No. 4, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
R337

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED THAT C. V. SUBRAMANYAM IYER is no longer employed by the Titaghur Paper Mills Co., Ltd., having left their services on the 31st October.
22061

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the undersigned has filed a suit in the Court of the District Judge of Bellary against A. Pitchaiya Naidu, Proprietor of the Mica Mining Company of Mysore, Bangalore and Bellary for specific performance of an agreement to sub-lease the property known as the Tumbaraguddi Manganese Mine, situated near Kanivihalli Railway Station, Bellary District. Any person or firm dealing in regard to the said property will do so at his risk and subject to the result of the said suit.

K. KOTI REDDI,
Member of the Madras Legislative Council, Cuddapah.
22060

NOTICE

IRON MATERIALS of the probable value of Rs. 5,000 as detailed below will be sold by Public Auction by the undersigned at the site of the Nira bridge on the Poona Bangalore Road on MONDAY, the 15th December, 1924, at 3 p.m.

Arched flooring plates 1/4" thick, Tons. 50.
Rolled steel joists 20' x 7" x 3½" Nos. 80.
Flat iron bracing 3 x 1/2" about 14½', long. Tons. 3.

NOTE.—All materials are in serviceable condition.

The materials are stacked at the site of Nira bridge in mile No. 39 of Poona Bangalore Road and may be seen on any day.

The highest bidder should pay on the spot 1/4 amount of the bid as a deposit which amount will be forfeited in case the full amount of the bid is not paid within a fortnight and the materials removed within the allotted time after intimation of the acceptance of the bid.

The accentance of the bid rests with the Superintending Engineer, Central Division, Poona.

The Superintending Engineer reserves the right to reject all the offers and no reason will be given for the rejection or acceptance of any offer.

N. N. AYYANGAR.
Executive Engineer, Satara District.
22062

G. I. P. RAILWAY.
(Incorporated in England.)

NOTICE OF SALE.

THE undersigned will receive tenders on Company's authorised forms (price of form one rupee per copy) at his office at Nagpur upto 12 hours on Wednesday the 10th December, 1924, for purchase of about 156 tons C. I. Scrap, 100 tons W. I. and Steel and 82 tons wood scrap, lying at stations, Khandwa, Harda, Jubbulpore and Junneardeo. No tenders will be considered unless accompanied by payment in Cash equivalent to 10 per cent. of the amount of tender. The undersigned is not bound to accept any particular tender and is not required to assign his reasons for not accepting any particular tender.

For details apply to—

A. F. CAMPBELL,
District Engineer,
Maintenance, G. I. P. Railway,
Nagpur.
22059

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES.

DR. E. A. PARKER, M.A., Ph.D., of Wilson College, will deliver a course of six lectures on "The influence of Anglo-Norman Life and Literature upon Middle English" in the University Library (ground floor) on the following days, commencing at 6 p.m. on each day:—

Lecture.	Date.	Title.
I.	MONDAY, 17th Nov.	England and English Literature before the Conquest.
II.	MONDAY, 24th Nov.	The Normans in England.
III.	MONDAY, 1st Dec.	Anglo-Norman Ecclesiastical and Secular Life.
IV.	MONDAY, 8th Dec.	Anglo-Norman Secular Literature (1).
V.	MONDAY, 15th Dec.	Anglo-Norman Secular Literature (2).
VI.	FRIDAY, 19th Dec.	Norman Gifts to England, illustrated from Chaucer.

THE LECTURES ARE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

FARDUNJI M. DASTUR.
University Registrar.
Bombay, 11th November, 1924.
22045

TENDERS.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of 150 to 200 pairs of bullocks of 12-2 hands and upwards will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on the 26th November, 1924.

The successful tenderer will have to complete his tender within two months from the date of acceptance of the same, and under no circumstances will any extension of time be granted.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant. They should be superscribed "Tender for Bullocks."

Forms of contract specification etc., will be issued free of charge to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
(Sd.) J. E. SANDILANDS.
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices
Bombay, 12th November, 1924. 22044

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3408 of 1924.

Coram: Kemp J.
9th October, 1924.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

BHOGILAL CHIMANLAL SHAH, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, an Income Tax Expert residing at Bhuleshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

HARILAL BAKERBHAI, trading in Bombay Ahmedabad Nadiad and other places in the name of Harilal Bakerbhai and Co. as a Sole Proprietor, thereof at present residing at Ahmedabad, Desi Wada Pole, Kalupur. ..... Defendant.

UPON Motion of Mr. Mirza, Advocate for the Plaintiff made this day and upon reading the Plaint herein and the affidavit of the Plaintiff Bhogilal Chimanlal Shah solemnly affirmed on this day IT IS ORDERED that the Defendant do within four days after service hereof upon him on his attorneys appear and show cause, if any he hath why pending the hearing and final disposal of this Suit a Receiver should not be appointed to take charge of the properties and recover the outstandings of the business mentioned in the Plaint herein and why pending the hearing and final disposal of this Suit the Defendant should not be restrained from recovering any outstandings of the said business and upon the Plaintiff by his said advocate hereby undertaking to pay such sum by way of damages as this Court may award as compensation in the event of a party affected sustaining prejudice by the immediate injunction and by the appointment of an Interim Receiver IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that in the meantime and until the further Order of this Court the Defendant Harilal Bakarbhai his servants and agents be and they are and each of them is hereby restrained from recovering any outstandings of the business carried on by the Defendant in the name and style of Harilal Bakerbhai and Co. mentioned in the Plaint herein AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Nanabhoy Hormasji Moos be and he is hereby appointed Interim Receiver (without security) to take charge of the properties mentioned in the Plaint herein and to recover the outstandings of the business mentioned in the Plaint herein (with power to Mr. Tabirelli Mahomedalli Kaijji to act for the said Mr. Nanabhoy Hormasji Moos, during his absence from Bombay and until further Order under the Power of Attorneys executed by the said Mr. Nanabhoy Hormasji Moos in his favour on the fourth day of April One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one.) AND IT IS LASTLY ORDERED that the said Receiver do leave and pass his accounts before the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court for taking Accounts in manner provided by the Rule of this Court made in that behalf.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this ninth day of October One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-four.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

By the Court.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.
Prothonotary.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

This 16th day of October, 1924.

Rule Nisi drawn on application of
Messrs. MIRZA AND MIRZA,
Attorneys for the Plaintiff.

Certified to be a true copy.
This 16th day of October, 1924.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
for Prothonotary.
22063

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of FIDAALLY AMIRUDDIN ATTARWALLA, a widower, of Bombay Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Nagdevi Street, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

NIZAMUDDIN AMIRUDDIN ATTARWALLA, of Bombay, Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant brother of the deceased residing at Khoka Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid the sixth day of November in the year of our Lord, One thousand nine hundred and twenty-four and in the fifteen year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.
Registrar.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

The 6th day of November, 1924.

Messrs. CHITNIS KANGA & MAZAGONWALLA.
Attorneys for Petitioner.
22055

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. RAMCHANDRA SHRIDHAR MAHAJAN, carrying on business as dealer in Gold and Silver and in Gold and Silver Articles at Dharamsey Bhavan Building, Kandewadi, Bombay, under the name of Shri Datta & Co., has this day sold his said business to our client Mr. SITARAM ATMARAM PANDIT and the said Sitaram Atmaram Pandit will hereafter carry on the said business at the place mentioned above under the same name of Shri Datta & Co. Our client Mr. RAMCHANDRA SHRIDHAR MAHAJAN will not be responsible for the dealings of the said Shri Datta & Co. from this date, but the said Sitaram Atmaram Pandit shall be responsible therefor.

Bombay, Dated this 13th day of November, 1924.

DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Attorneys for Ramchandra Shridhar Mahajan and Sitaram Atmaram Pandit.
22058

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits belonging to a joint and undivided Hindu Family, but standing in the name of NATHALAL CHUNILAL, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant. ..... Deceased.

KARSONLAL CHHOTALAL, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Dadiseth Agiari Lane, outside the Fort... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this fifth day of November in the year of our Lord, One thousand nine hundred and twenty-four and in the Fifteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI
Registrar.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

The 5th day of November, 1924.

Messrs. PARALKAR & RANCHHODDAS,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
22057

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
130, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF COPAL VARNISH, HAIR BROOMS, TEA POTS, CUPS AND SAUCERS, HIPOLITE, GAL. ROOFING NAILS, MACHINERY PARTS, BATH TUBS, RIFLES, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will on SATURDAY, the 15th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their room by order of the Office concerned:—

2 cases copal varnish for furniture, Boat, carriage, Enamel white, Black Japan, Bronze oil, and motor finishing enamel.
1 case Hair Brooms.
1 case Cups, Saucers, Tea Pots, Spirits Stoves and Baking moulds.
9 cases about 8 doz. bottles Hipolite.
51 cases Galvanised Roofing Nails of different sizes.
1 case machinery parts.
2 English bath tubs with fittings.

By order of N. H. Moos, Esqr., The Official Liquidator of G. F. Rossling Limited (in liquidation).

3 single barrel .22 shots smokeless Browing Patent Rifles.
1 single barrel .22 shots rifle by Bermingham Small Arms.

AT 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

1 Secondhand rubber tyred Victoria.
1 Secondhand rubber tyred Landau.
1 Secondhand rubber tyred Office Shigram.
1 Secondhand rubber tyred Brougham.
1 Waler Horse in saddle and harness.
1 Arab Horse in harness.

By order of The Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes,

5 Aerated water carts of four wheels.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BOOT MANUFACTURERS AND LEATHER FACTORY AUCTION SALE OF IRON BOOT HEELS AND NAILS.

Under instructions from the Bank concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 15th instant sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their rooms on account and at the risk of the parties concerned the following.

One lot of Steel Iron Heels and Nails of assorted sizes.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT DHABOO STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, Attorneys for the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the deceased mortgagor, Adamji Moola Alibhoy Attarwalla, and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagees under an Indenture of Morigage dated the 20th day of July, 1917, and the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage, dated the 12th day of November, 1926, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd proximo sell by public auction at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

All that a piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuage tenament or dwelling house standing thereon situate and lying at Dhaboo street in the island and registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 112 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2635, 2608, New No. A/9622, Old Survey No. 1365-1366 and New Survey No. 2/4645 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Dhaboo Street on or towards the west by a sweepers passage on or towards the north by the property of Valji Hakimji and on or towards the south by the property of Mahomedally Valiji Nagri and which said messuages or tenements are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 6900 and street Nos. 78-80-82.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

AVENARIUS CARBOLINEUM

THE ONLY GENUINE BRAND WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF MORE THAN 40 YEARS.
A WOOD PRESERVING AND ANTISEPTIC OIL PREPARATION AGAINST DECAY, DRY ROT, FUNGUS AND WOOD-DESTROYING INSECTS.

AVENARIUS CARBOLINEUM

IMPARTS A CHESTNUT BROWN SHADE TO THE WOOD. IS SELF-IMPREGNATING.

ABSOLUTE PROTECTION AGAINST WHITE ANTS

FOR THE USE OF WATERSIDE WORKS. PIERS, PILES ETC,

USED BY RAILWAYS,

BUILDINGS.

INDUSTRIAL ARTS.

AGRICULTURE.

TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

VARIOUS BUILDINGS PAINTED WITH AVENARIUS CARBOLINEUM AGAINST DECAY:

HUNDREDS OF AUTHENTICATED TESTIMONIALS

For AVENARIUS CARBOLINEUM alone can testimonials be produced proving

WOOD PRESERVATION OF OVER 40 YEARS

SOLE REPRESENTATIVES:

CHHAGANLAL & Co.,

CARNAC BUNDER, Bombay No. 3.

AUCTION SALE.

MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
Telephone No. 25152

OF VALUABLE TEAK AND BLACKWOOD MADE-TO-ORDER OPENED CARVED AND PLAIN HIGHLY POLISHED DINING DRAWING AND BEDROOM FURNITURE BY WELL-KNOWN MAKERS, RICH SILK TAPESTRY LINED CHESTERFIELD SUITES, HANDSOME DRAWING ROOM CABINET, LARGE BOOK CASE, FANCY INLAID 2 HIGHLY POLISHED BEDROOM SUITES OF ALMIRAHS AND DRESSING TABLE, 2½ BY 2½ INCH GODREJ'S SAFE, TYPEWRITER GENT-CYCLE, RICH GLASS CROCKERY, PLATED WARE, ETC.

Messrs. MISTRY and CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), in Gilbert Building, 2nd Babulnath Cross Road, behind Orient Club Chaupatty valuable teak and blackwood highly polished housenold furniture such as sliding dining table, chairs handsome mirror back sideboard, dinner waggon silk tapestry lined Chesterfield and drawing room suite, fancy drawing room cabinet silver show cases large glass door book case office tables, typewriter electric lamps and fans, fancy teapoys, fancy inlaid highly polished bedroom suite of mirror and panelled zundah almyrah, dressing and washing tables to match, Godrej's safe, cloth and gown press, iron beds, hat and boot stands, chest of drawers low and easy chairs store and meat, safes cupboards glass crockery platedware etc.

Property on view and catalogues are ready.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MADE TO ORDER ARTISTIC DESIGNED HOUSE HOLD FURNITURE SWEET TONED GERMAN MAKE COTTAGE PIANO BY MARKS & CO., VIOLIN RICH GLASS CROCKERY, PLATED WARE, ETC.

Under instructions from Mrs. Rowland Jones and others Messrs MISTRY & CO will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at 12-A, "Colaba Chambers" Wood-house Road, Colaba, very valuable made to order house-hold furniture such as dining table, chairs, mirror back side-board, dinner-waggon, drawing room cabinets silver show cases, tapestry lined drawing room and Chester-field suites Piano, Violin, Office tables electric lamps and fans fancy teapoys solid mirror and panelled almirahs iron beds, dressing and washing tables, chest of drawers hat and boot stands lady's chairs, meat-safe, glass, crockery platedware etc.

Property on view and catalogues are ready.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 14.
Newby Hall, Kandall, Delagoa Bay.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 15.
City of Paris, Miller, Liverpool via Karachi.
Saxicava, Williams, Orebay.
Tamba Maru, Fuzisawa, Kobe.
Aquileia, Zoppo, Genoa.
Zayani, Ashbey, Busreh.
Mooltan, Frinch, London.

LOADING.

Nov. 14.
Steamer Varella for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Mooltan for London.

S. S. Aquileia:—The M Italiana steamer Aquileia, 4,085 tons, Captain G. Zoppo, will sail to-day from harbour for Genoa with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Zayani:—The P. G. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Zayani, 2,627 tons, Captain C. F. Ashbey, will sail to-day from harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Mooltan:—The P. and O. S. N. Coy.'s English mail steamer Mooltan, 12,860 tons, Captain S. Frinch, will sail to-day from Ballard Pier Station at (2 p.m.) for London with the homeward mails a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Newby Hall:—The Hall Line steamer Newby Hall, 2,840 tons, Captain G. Kandall, arrived in harbour yesterday from Delagoa Bay, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. City of Paris:—The City Line steamer City of Paris, 6,855 tons, Captain R. S. Miller, will sail to-day from harbour for Liverpool via Karachi, with a general cargo and 5 passengers.

S. S. Tamba Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Tamba Maru, 3,570 tons, Captain Y. Fuzisawa, will sail to-day from harbour for Kobe, with a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(FRIDAY, November 14).

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Shed.
1 Isabe, 4185, Hull 25/11, Graham's Trading.
2 Narkunda 9690 London, 8/11 M M & Co.
2 Naldera London, 22-11, P & O S N Co.
3 Trifels Hamburg 18-11-24 L. Edwards.
4 Devanha, Aden, 29/11, M M and Co.
4 Tambu Maru 3553 Kobe 11/11 N Y Kaisha.
5 City of Paris 6855, K'chi 15/11, K M & Co.
6 Massilia, 3251, Liverpool, 31/11, Graham's Trading Co.
9 Mandala 5190 P. Said 14/11 M M & Co.
10 Aquileia 4201, Genoa 15-11 M Italiana.
16 York Castle, 3458, 10-11 T. Morrison & Co.
15 Amur Maru, 4823, Japan, 25/11, O S Kaisha

VICTORIA DOCK.

4 Varsova 1957, Buera 14/11, M M & Co.
5 Umona, 2388, Dunkirk, NF, Grahams and Co.
6 Bahadur, Calcutta, 18-11-24, T M Co.
7 Hardanger, 1526 Genoa, NF, Graham's Trading Co.
10 & 11 Trieste, Trieste, 13-11, L T Co.
13 Ck, Macbrayne 2978, M Coast 11/11 J and Co.
12 Bovenkirk, Calcutta, 13-11-24, E D Sassoon and Co.
15 Barpeta 1877, P Gulf, 12/11 M M & Co.
15 Bamora 1878, 19/11 M M & Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B Gazana, not fixed, not fixed, M M & Co.
B Q Zayani 2627, N.F. N.F. P & S Shushtary and Co.
Jalavijarpa, 2297, Rangoon, 17/11, S S N Co.
N Japan, 3,637, Calcutta, N F, M M and Co.

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS.

Mongolia due about 14th November, Agent P and O S N Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind due about 21st November Agent P and O S N Co.
China due about 5th December, Agent P and O S N Co
Macedonia due about 28th November, Agent P and O S N Co.
Moldavia due about 12th December, Agent P and O S N Co.
Caledonia due about 19th December, Agent P and O S N Co.
Morea due about 26th December, Agent P and O S N Co.

FROM LONDON

Margha due about 17th November Agent B I S N Co.
Naringa due about 29th December, Agent M M & Co.
Morvada due about 26th January, Agent M M and Co.
Boyne due about 8th December, Agent M M & Co.
Mirzapore due about 19th December, Agent M M & Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Genoa due about 16th November, Agent Killick Nixon & Co.
City of Cairo due about 25th November, Agent K N Co.
City of Manchester due about 6th December, Agent K N Co.
Circassia due about 12th December, Agent Graham T Co.
Olympia due about 22nd December, Agent Graham T Co.
1 Tiepolo (not fixed).
Clan MacInnes due about 18th November, Agent J F Co.
Clan Urquhart (not fixed) Agent J F Co.
City of Canterbury due about 29th December Agent K N Co.

FROM HULL.

Vigo due about 29th November, Agent J P Co
Bassano (not fixed) Agent J F Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Werdenfels due about 18th November, Agent L Edward.
Argenfels (not fixed), Agent L Edwards
Crostafels (not fixed), Agent L Edward
Hohenfels (not fixed), Agent L Edward.
Sturmfels (not fixed) Agent L E vard.

FROM GOTHENBURG

Vinstra due about 25th November, Agent Graham T Co.
Japan due about 12th December, Agent Graham T. Co.
Rena due about 20th January, Agent Graham T. Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM

Konderkerk due about 3rd January, Agent E D Sassoon Co
Ridderkirk due about 12th December, Agent E D Sassoon and Co.
Meerkirk due about 22nd November, Agent E D Sassoon Co.
Streefkerk, due about 24th January, Agent E D Sassoon Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Pilsna due about 18th November Agent Lloyd Triestino.
Silvio Pellico due about 6th December Agent L T Co.
Cracovia due about 18th December, Agent L T Co.

FROM GENOA

Genoa due about 1st December, Agent M Italiana.
Aufora due about 22nd November Agent M Italiana.
Capo di Monti due about 22nd December, Agent M Italiana.
Aquileia due about 31st December Agent M Italiana.

FROM NEW YORK.

City of Hankow due about 17th November, Agent F F Campbell Co
City of Calcutta due about 30th November, Agent F F Campbell Co.
Homestead due about 10th December Agent F F Campbell Co.
City of Benares due about 20th December, Agent F F Campbell Co.
Comeric due about 4th January, Agent F F Campbell Co.
Kazembe due about 18th January, Agent F F Campbell Co.

FROM KOBE

Morioka Maru due about 17th November Agent N Y Kaisha.
Ceylon Maru due about 29th November Agent N Y Kaisha
Hakodate Maru due about 3rd December, Agent N Y Kaisha
Toba Maru due about 10th December, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Shimu Maru due about 11th November, Agent O S K.
Alps Maru due about 25th December, Agent O S K.

FROM CHINA.

Sicilia due about 15th November, Agent P and O S N Co.
Sardinia, due about 14th December, Agent P and O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN

Karua due about 15th November Agent M M Co.
Karagola due about 29th November, Agent M M Co.
Karapara due about 13th December, Agent M M Co.
Khandala due about 27th December, Agent M M Co.

EXPORTS.

Nov. 14.

S. S. Massilia for Liverpool:—75 bales wool, Shamji Mal.

For Marseilles:—1650 tons Manganese ore, James Finlay and Co Ltd.

S. S. Isabo for Hull:—2,000 cwts Rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

S. S. City of Paris for Liverpool:—100 bales cotton waste, B Meyer and Co, 50 bales cotton Fly, B Meyer and Co. 4 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

S. S. Naldera for London:—20 cwts Cardamoms, N C Bhesania and Co, 60 cwts Cardamoms, G Sachidina and Co, 4,380 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros, 88½ cwts Deer Horns, Am G. Hoosein, 1 bale Hemp, Am G Hoosein, 13 cases Bristles, The Laxmi Bristle Works Co. 1 cwt Condiments, Wardan and Co

S. S. York Castle for Dunkirk:—1,005 cwts Poppyseed, Vurdhman Bros. 2,002 cwts Linseed, Vurdhman Bros.

S. S. Hardanger for Genoa:—1,400 cwts Teelseed, Ralli Bros. 55 bales cotton, Japan Cotton, T Co Ltd. P

S. S. Trifels for Hamburg:—2,000 cwts Groundnut Oil Cakes, N V Velmohamed, 19 bundles Goat skins Tanned H B Ramji and Co. 650 cwts Weedseed, J Dayall, 20 bales cotton waste, Walmer and Co Ltd, 150 cwts Tilleed Oil Cake, L Ebramji.

For Rotterdam:—4,375 cwts Linseed Oil Cake, A Bhanji and Bros.

S. S. Atna for Antwerp:—152 bales cotton fly, K Thacker and Co 75 bales cotton fly, Indian Cotton Waste Ltd, 23 cwts Crushed Bones, Ralli Bros, 10 bales cotton waste, Walmer and Co Ltd.

Tamba Maru for San Francisco via Kobe:—1 bale woollen carpets M Thadhani and Co

Kobe:—200 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha Ltd, 160 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co, 87 bales cotton, N Manilal and Co, 100 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha Ltd.

For Osaka:—106 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.

Nov. 14.

S. S. Nardkyn, Agents Lionel Edwards Ltd, from Hamburg:—115 bales straw boards, 107 bales paper, 14 cases paper, 35 packages paper, 58 packages news printing paper, 59 packages Hurricane Lanterns, 27 bales carpets, 100 frames Brass sheets, 100 cases Glass ware, 38 cases Wire Netting, 100 cases Salammoniac Bricks, 30 cases Wine, 1,495 cases Spirits, 482 cases Hollow Glass, 50 cases safety Fuse, 100 cases Yellow metal circles, 38 cases German silver Circles, 24 cases Beer, 22 cases Iron Screws, 28 cases Colour, 28 cases Berlin Wool, 37 cases Padlocks, 22 cases Tin Boxes, 18 cases Bolts and Nuts, 200 bundles yellow metal squares 423 bundles mild steel circles, 20 bundles copper sheets, 100 casks White Oil, 200 casks Alum of Potash Lump, 50 kegs Alum of Potash Lump, 55 kegs Borax, 160 drums Sodium Sulphide, 254 drums Magnesium Chloride, 150 bags Epsom Salt.

From Bremen:—3,165 bundles Steel Sheets, 3,540 bundles Steel Rods, 100 bundles Iron ware, 650 bundles copper sheets, 3,314 bundles steel bars, 2,356 pieces steel bars, 123 pieces mild steel plates, 135 mets Empty bottles, 245 grates empty bottles, 138 cases empty bottles, 250 cases Beer, 632 cases Nails, 132 cases Alum Circles, 40 cases Padlocks, 400 casks Cement, 65 cases Rivets, 765 bags Rivets 396 bags, Bolts and Nuts, 250 kegs Steel Wire, 675 coils Wire, 1,634 reels Wire.

From Antwerp:—1,599 pieces Steel Joists 2,524 pieces steel Angles, 536 bundles steel Angles, 7,846 bundles steel bars, 67,197 pieces steel bars, 612 pieces steel beams, 500 bundles steel sheets, 2,110 bundles steel rods, 10,215 bundles Hoops, 346 bundles Gas Tubes, 25 pieces Gas Tubes, 35 pieces zinc Ingots, 116 cases brass wire, 659 cases nails, 88 cases colours, 50 cases tacks, 55 cases Washing blue, 3,130 cases Vegetable Fat, 121 cases Champaigne, 55 cases Wines, 50 cases Bolts and nuts, 250 cases Window glass, 100 cases Bicarbonate of Ammonia, 60 cases Cheese, 51 cases cotton goods, 300 cases Fat, 50 cases Carbonate of Ammonia, 100 kegs Hydrosulphite of soda, 100 kegs Hydrosulphite powder, 138 coils copper wire, 355 barrels Paste Alizzarine, 50 bales paper, 20 bales cotton blankets, 247 cases aniline dyes, 475 cases condensed milk, 179 cases aniline colours, 133 barrels aniline colours, 20 casks aniline colours, 200 casks Barytas, 286 casks Crome Alum, 1,427 casks Dying Materials, 203 kegs, Dyeing Materials, 796 cases Dyeing Materials 75 drums dyeing materials, 35 cans dyeing materials, 528 D/bags Pearl Maize Stard, 83 drums chlorzink, 89 drums Dyes dry, 20 casks dyes dry, 634 kegs dyes dry, 1,252 cases dyes dry, 50 cases dyes Paste, 155 cases dyes paste, 1,984 kegs dyes paste, 50 cases wire, 627 Reels wire, 500 rolls wire, 2,087 coils wire

S. S. Japan, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co, from Mauritius:—1 case Nickel coin, 76 949 bags sugar

S. S. Risalder, Agents Turner Morrison and Co Ltd, from Sourabaya:—5,275 bags sugar.

From Samarang:—4,262 bags sugar, 556 bundles scantlings, 6,587 baskets Molasses.

From Tuticorin:—21 cases Tea.

London, Nov. 12.

Tiokhari Tea Company propose to subdivide their ten-pound share into ten of one pound each and to capitalise ten thousand sterling and make scrip bonus for shareholders in proportion of one new for every five held.

Pathni has declared interim dividend of 15 per cent, Whanzie of 10 per cent and Balijan of ten per cent.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants Association.)
Bombay, 14th November 1924.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Khadi:—			
Textile	1	2	9
E. D. Sassoon	1	2	3
Elphinstone	1	2	3
Long Cloth (Full weight) 34-40 inches.			
Standard per lb.	1	7	6
Century per lb.	1	7	0
Hindustan per lb.	1	7	6
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	7	0
Textile per lb	1	7	0
Phoenix per lb.	1	7	0
Pearl per lb.	1	6	0
Manekji (Gau Mukh) per lb.	1	5	6
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb.	1	6	9
Long Cloth (Light weight, No. 5202-5203—			
Rachael per lb.	1	7	6
Pearl per lb.	1	6	9
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1	7	0
Long Cloth × Quality			
Rachael per lb.	1	7	0
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	7	0
Swan Finlay per lb.	1	7	0
Long Cloth Satin Calender, 34-40			
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1	6	6
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	6	3
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1	5	0
Diamond Chula	1	4	6
Pahelwan	1	4	6
Salita.—			
Pebaney per lb.	1	6	9
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	6	3
Dhoties 7, 8 and 9 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	8	9
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1	7	0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	8	3
Dhooties 10 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	7	3
Textile Bicycle per lb.	1	6	9
Check Grey Drill:—			
Standard per piece	6	10	0
Phoenix per piece	6	6	0
Swan Finlay per piece	6	8	0
Hindustan per piece	6	14	0
Bleached Check—			
Kasturchand per piece	7	9	0
Bombay United per piece	7	8	0
Black Check—			
Textile per piece	8	8	0
E. D. Racheal per piece	7	0	0
Gabrun No. 5124			
Pearl	12	0	0
Hindustani	11	13	0

COLOUR MARKET.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

The market has very poor business to report. Most of the prices are lying flat. Alizarines and some of the Directs met with some business at the favourable rates to the buyers. Mills are cautious buyers. Magenta Crystals had some activity in big Crystals.

Quotations are:—
Alizerine 20 per cent Paste Lunger Rs. 72.
Alizerine 20 per cent Paste Cow Rs. 74.
Alizerine 20 per cent I P Rs. 70.
Congo Red Rs. 1-10.
Nigrosene Xls Rs. 1-9.
Sulphur Black Re. 1.
Perpurine Benzo Rs. 2.
Perpurine Delta Rs. 2-12.
Melachite Green Rs. 2-8.
Magental Xls Rs. 6-8.
Hemetine Xls Rs. 1-6.
Indenthrene Blue Rs. 4-4.
Soluble Blue Rs. 7.
Fast Red Rs. 5.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 25/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 15/16.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 7/8.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 5/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 632.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 682.
Bank's buying D D Frcs 672.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 112¼.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 107¼.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 163.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 228.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 159.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 295.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols 4.63-1/8.
London—Paris Frcs 87.50.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 23.80.
London—Brussels Frcs 95.60.
London—Rome Liras 107.00.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Steady market.

Exchange market closed steady with sellers for ready T T on London at 1s. 5 27/32d.

READY & FORWARD.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

Bank's selling T T Ready 1/5 27/32.
Bank's buying T T Ready 1/5 29/32.
Bank's selling T T December 1/5 7/8.
Bank's buying T T December 1/5 15/16.
Bank's selling T T January 1/5 7/8.
Bank's buying T T January 1/5 15/16.
Bank's selling T T February 1/5 27/32.
Bank's buying T T February 1/5 29/32.
Bank's selling T T March 1/5 3/4.
Bank's buying T T March 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling T T April 1/5 11/16.
Bank's buying T T April 1/5 25/32.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.
Three Months 3 15/16 per cent.
Six Months 4 5/16 per cent.
Bank of England rate 4 per cent.

MONEY.
Call 2 per cent, nominal.
One month 2 per cent. nominal.
Three months 3 1/2 per cent to 4 per cent.
Six months 5 to 5 1/2 per cent.
Tone of money market. Short money easy, long money steady.
Imperial Bank of India rate 6 per cent.

London, Nov. 13.

Telegraphic Transfers 1-5 31/32 firm.
Bar Gold £ 4-10-0 quiet.
Bar Silver Spot 34 unsettled.

LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, November 14.

Bank Telegraphic	1/5 13/16
Bank Demand	1/5 27/32
Doe Acceptance 3 m/s	1/6 5/32
Fes Demand	628
American Dollars	293
Hongkong Dollars	163 1/2
Shanghai	228
Japan	111 3/4
Singapore	159

Market Steady.

London, Nov. 13.

Rentes 3 per cent 51
Berlin Cheques on London 34
Bar Silver (Spot) 34 3/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Closed quiet with an uncertain tone.
Interest day to day loans 3 1/8
Interest 7 days market loans 2 3/4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 per cent since 5th July, 1923.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.
MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm	17.27
Christiania	31.23
Amsterdam	11.51
Switzerland	24.01
Belgium (Yesterday)	95.15
Prague	155.25

London, Nov. 13.

Exchange on London in Paris 87.60
Exchange on London in Germany 19.375.000 M.

New York, Nov. 13.

Demand Bills 4.63.00

DISCOUNTS.

London, Nov. 14.

Discount Bank Bills 3 M/st 3 3/4
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 M/st 4 1/16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 M/st 4 1/4.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 M/st 4 3/4
Rentes 5 per cent 21 5/8

STOCK., ETC.

Funding Loan 1960/90 4 per cent £90 3/8 Unchanged.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £93 Unchanged.
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £101 1/16 Unchanged.
Conversion Loan £79 1/8
Indian Loan 5½ per cent £103 1/4 Unchanged.
Indian Loan 7 per cent £115 1/2 Unchanged.
Consols 2½ per cent £58 3/8 Unchanged.
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent 48 Nominal unchanged.
Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan) 67 3/8 —¼
Govt. Securities 3 per cent 58 1/2 unchanged.

BULLION.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 14/9/6.
Sovereigns forward Rs. 14/7/6.
Bar gold ready Rs. 22/9/9.
Bar gold forward Rs. 22/8/9.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

3½ per cent Government Paper Rs. 66/4.
4 per cent Conversion Loan 85.
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 93/10.
5 per cent Loan due 1933 97/10.
5 per cent Loan due 1945-55 97/14.
5½ per cent Bonds due 1925 102/12.
5½ per cent Bonds due 1928 103/14.
6 per cent Bonds due 1927 101.
6 per cent Bonds due 1930 102/7.
6 per cent Bonds due 1932 103/6.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 107
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 74/8.
6 per cent Port Trust due 1939 99.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 74/9.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929 95.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 73.

SHARES.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

Market closed steady. The following are the closing rates:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1410, India 75, Central Bank 21/12 and Eastern Bank 76.

COTTON MILLS.

Ahd. Advance 425, Apollo 17, Bombay Cotton 540, Bombay Dyeing 863/12, Bradbury 525, Century 411/4, Central India 512/8, Colaba Land 153/12, Coorla 175, Crescent 242/8, Currim 400, Dawn 630, Edw. Sassoon 175, Elphinstone 32/8, Fazulbhoy 853/12, Globe 65, Gokak 162/8, Indian Bleaching 217/8, Ind. Malwa 411/4, Kastoorchand 155, Khatao 185, Kohinoor 1200, Luxmi Cotton 4550, Madhowji 340, Mathuradas 235, M Petit 2600, Morarji 2700n, New Great 407/8, New City 307/8, Pubani 355, Pearls 557/8, Phoenix 525, Sholapur 10000, Simplex 253/12, Standard 1500, Swan 1012/8, Swadeshi 610, Tata Mill 187/8 and Vishnu Cotton 1625.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 185, B. Burma N I 301/3, B. Burma N I 65, Bt. Burma Pet. 5/9, Bombay Tramway 8/14, Bombay Steam 70, Bundi Cement 9, Katni ord 60, Katni def 165, New India 12, Shivrajpur 46, Tata Iron ord 8/8, Tata Iron def 35, Tata Hydro 698/12, Scindia Steam 7/3.

London, Nov. 13.

Hong kong Bank 137.
Chartered Bank £21 1/4.
National Bank £45.
P. & O. Bank £10 3/4
Eastern Bank £5 3/4.

London, Nov. 13.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—
Total Bullion £128.500.000. No change.
Public Deposits £15.900.000 Dec. £500.000
Oother Deposits £105.500.000 Dec. 3.900.000
Govt. Securities £40.900.000 Inc. £400.000
Other Securities £72.800.000 Dec £5.800.000
Notes and Gold £25.400.000 Inc £1.000.000
The Bank Reserve is 20.9 per cent of Liabilities.

RUBBER.

London, Nov. 13.

Para Up River Fine, Spot Dec/Jan 17 1/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe Spot Nov. 17 1/4.
Tone:—There was moderate business at easier rates, market closing steadier.

Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 22/11.
Bar silver ready Rs. 76/1.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 76/1.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 76/7.

London, Nov. 13.

Bar gold ready s. 90/0.
Silver ready d. 34/0.
Silver forward d. 34/3.

TONE OF SILVER—
Dull—China bought to cover sales. Market influenced by American exchange.

GOLD.

Bombay, November 14

Ready:—22-9-6			
Vaida.	Opening	Lowest	At 6 p.m
Kartak	22-10 6	22 9-6	22 9 6
Magsar	22-11-9	22 10-6	22 10 6
Posh	22-12-6	22-11-6	22-11-6
Teji Mandi.			
Magsar	0—7—0		
Posh	0—10 0		

Tone—Market Quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, November 14.

Ready:—76-1			
Vaida.	Opening	Lowest	At 6 p.m.
Kartak	76-7	76-1	76-1
Magsar	76-13	76-7	76-7
Posh	77-2	76-13	76-13
Teji Mandi			
Magsar	1—10—0		
Posh	2—7—0		

Tone—Market Steady.

MOCATTA'S SILVER REPORT.

London, Nov. 13.

Market had a downward tendency during the most part of past week. Fall is largely due to the sharp rise in the rate of dollar-sterling exchange which had an abnormal influence on the market at the present moment. At lower level there has been some bear covering, and during the past two days price recovered to 34. Continental buying has not been on large scale whilst buying and selling by India and China has been dominated by the tendency of the Dollar Exchange Rate, therefore the market is somewhat uncertain. But in view of the sharp fall during the past month and probable further requirements for the continent, Mocatta's are of opinion that the prices at about the present level should be maintained.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Nov. 14.

To-day Reuter reported 13 to 24 points higher in New York futures. The market opened easier on traders selling, but closed steady on some buying. Liverpool has been reported 10 to 13 points lower. The market declined on hedge selling.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar have received the following cable dated the 13th instant from their New York friends. Messrs. A. Norden and Co.:—

"Market easier on hedge selling."

Owing to a further advance in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened this morning steady at Rs. 473½, i.e., Rs. 3½ higher than yesterday's closing rate for F. G. Broach April-May, and advanced to Rs. 474 on moderate buying by a Japanese House. On Bazar operators selling the prices eased to Rs. 472. Around this level Japanese and Commission Houses bought lifting the market to Rs. 475 which rate ruled at 4 p.m. At Cotton Green the Bazar opened at Rs. 474½ and advancing to Rs. 477 on buying by Offices and Japanese Houses closed firm at Rs. 476½ at 6-30 p.m.

Fine Oomra December-January opened at Rs. 458 and going up to Rs. 459 dropped to Rs. 456 on one Japanese House and general selling, and the rate at 4 p.m. was quoted Rs. 458. Whilst Oomra March opened at Rs. 445 and gradually declined to Rs. 445 on shroffs selling, but again improved to Rs. 447 on Commission Houses buying the same being the rate at 4 p.m. F. G. Bengal was nominally quoted Rs. 411 for December-January delivery.

The market for ready cotton was closed yesterday.

COTTON GREEN—CLOSING QUOTATIONS, at 6-30 P.M.

Bombay, November 14.

Fully Good Broach April/May	470 1/2
Fully Good Bengal Dec./Jan.	413
Fine Oomra Dec./Jan.	459
" March	448 1/2

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay November, 14.

	Fine.	Fully Good.
M. G. Bengal and S. Punjab	510	490

E. I. COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, November 14.

Fully Good Broach	April/May	474
" " Bengal	Dec./January	411
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.	457
" "	March	447

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS, REPORT,

14th November, 1924.

New York Market, 13th Nov. 1924.

Previous Close.	Delivery	Opening Prices.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since prevs. close.
24.33	Dec.		24.40+07	24.46	+13
24.51	Jan.	24.48—03	24.59+08	24.68	+17
24.75	Mar.			24 9	+17
25 06	May.			25.30	+24
24 80	Jul.			25.00	+20

New York spot on 12th Nov., 24.60 plus 05; New Orleans 24.30 plus 05.

Telegraphic market advices:—Local traders selling early; less hedge selling, good trade buying.

January highest 24.93 (1.56 p.m.), lowest 24.36 (10.11 a.m.), range .57 points.

Liverpool Market, 13th Nov. 1924.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 11 a. m.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
13 65	Jan.	13.47—18	13.45—20	13 52	—13
13.70	Mar.	13.50—20	13.50—20	13 59	—11
13.75	May.			13.61	—11
13 63	July.			13 51	—10
13.06	Oct.			13.01	—04
Egyptian					
23.85	Nov.			23 50	—35
22.35	Jan.			21 95	—40

Telegraphic market advices:—(1) Cold rains Memphis Dist. and Shreveport Dist. Western belt partly cloudy. Weather much colder.

New York sales futures on Wednesday last estimated at 300,000.

(23) Despite good reports from New York, the advance in our market was checked by further hedge selling and improved exchange. Market looks higher.

American cross rate 4.62 1/4.

(3) New York cables: Largest wholesale cotton goods distributers here report sales past three days largest in their history and at satisfactory prices.

Liverpool, Nov. 13.

Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool:—

January	13.52	—.13
March	13.59	—.11
May	13.64	—.11
July	13.53	—.10

COTTON.

Liverpool, Nov. 12.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 7.000 Bales.
Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Ex. 300 "
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 500 "
Total Day's Imports Nil
Mid. Americans Spot 25.00 d.
Universal Standard 13.70. Fair reqest.

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpoo at closing time.):—

Jan.	24.60
Mar.	24.87
May	25.17

New York Noon Call:—

Jan.	24.65
Mar.	24.90
May	25.20

New Orleans 10 a.m.:—

Jan.	24.52
Mar.	24.96

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 13.

Future Delivery Prices:—

December	13.49	—.22
January	13.47	—.18
February	13.48	—.18
March	13 53	—.17
May	13.57	—.18
July	13.43	—.20
October	12.85	—.20
Egyptian:		
November	23.50	—.35
January	21.95	—.40
March	21.05	—.40
May	20.50	—.40

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 13.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool:—

Months.	To-day's Price.	
Nov.	13.52	+.14
Dec.	13.48	—.14
Jan.	23.52	—.13
Feb.	13.54	—.12
Mar.	13.59	—.11
Apl.	13.59	—.10
May	13.64	—.11
June	13.58	—.11
July	13.53	—.10
Aug.	13.55	—.05
Sept.	13.25	—.05
Oct.	13.01	—.04
Nov.	12.89	—.04

Tone:—Steady.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Nov. 13.

M.G. Bengal 'Good'	11.75
M.G. Bengal 'Fully Good'	12.15
M.G. Bengal 'Fine'	12.55
No. 1 Oomra 'Good'	11.80
No. 1 Oomra 'Fully Good'	12.30
No. 1 Oomra 'Fine'	12.80
M.G. Broach 'Good'	12.05
M.G. Broach 'Fully Good'	12.45
M.G. Broach 'Fine'	12.85
M.G. Scinde 'Good'	11.65
M.G. Scinde 'Fully Good'	12.05
M.G. Scinde 'Fine'	12.45

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 13.

Months.	To-day's Price.	
Nov.	23.50	—.35
Decr.	22.55	—.40
Jan.	21.95	—.40
Feb.	21.55	—.40
Mar.	21.05	—.40
Apl.	20.80	—.35
May	20.55	—.35
June	20.35	+.35
July	20.09	—.36
Aug.	19.89	—.36
Sept.	19.69	—.36
Oct.	19.44	—.41

CLOSING PRICES.

New York, Nov. 13.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

Futures at New York:—

January	24.68	plus .17
March	24.92	" .17
May	25.30	" .24
July	25.00	" .20

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 13.

Cotton:—

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	52,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	7.000
Day's Exports to Continent	13.000

Futures at New York:—

Jan.	24.68	+.17
Mar	24.92	+.17
May	25.30	+.24
July	25.00	+.20

Spot Cotton at New York	24.70 +.10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	24.55 +.25

Futures at New Orleans:—

Jan.	24.58	+.19
Mar.	24.83	+.22

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 25 1/8.
Silver Foreign mined 69 3/4.

WHEAT.

London, Nov. 13.

Barletta Russo—63½ lbs Cargo paid Jan./Feb. 63/6.

Rozario Santa Fe—63½ lbs. Cargo Jan. Feb. sellers 65.

Tone:—Argentine wheats closed steady. Australian Jan/Feb buyers 63/6

Choice Wheat Karachi Nov/Dec. sellers 63/6.

Soft Red Karachi Oct/Nov. sellers 62/6

Tone:—Market was firm and harder to buy. There was moderate enquiry.

Cargo, South Australian 65 paid for Jan. Shipment to Ireland cargo, New South Wales 64 paid for Feb. Shipment to United Kingdom.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, November, 14.
(6-30 p.m.)

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Marwari Chamber of Commerce:—

Ready.	Bazar Terms. Rs. a p	Rail Delivery. Rs a p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	56 0 0	8 5 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	55 0 0	8 5 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	58 0 0	8 7 0
Rapeseed, Brown Etawa	12 4 0	12 12 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	12 2 0	12 12 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	13 0 0	13 9 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12 14 0	13 7 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	12 10 0	13 3 0
Teelseed White 85-15	81 0 0	16 12 0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	79 0 0	16 4 0
Teelseed Gajar 50-50	76 0 0	15 10 0
Teelseed, Black		
Poppyseed, White	14 4 0	15 2 0
Groundnuts	79 0 0	16 0 0
Mowraseed	10 0 0	10 4 0
Barley	48 0 0	6 0 0
Castorseed	0 0 0	16 8 0
Cotton Seeds Ready		
Delivery	0 0 0	6 1 0
Forward	Rs a p.	
Wheat, May	7 15 9	
Linseed May	14 7 0	
Groundnuts D. G	11 0 0	

METAL REPORT.

English best Selected Copper	£68 1/8
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£64
Copper Braziers	£84 1/2
Yellow Metal	£7 7/8 t

SHARE BAZAR.

Bombay, November, 14,

	12 to 1 O/C.	1 to 2 O/C.	2 to 3 O/C.
Ahmedabad Advance ex-divi.	425	..	425
Bombay Cotton	540	..	540
Bombay Dyeing	861 4-60-564	56-52-8-857-3	58-12-863-12
Century	400-1 4-2-8	13-12-408-12	411 4
Nagpur ex-divi.	512-810-11-4	15-7-8-512-8	13-12-512-8
Colaba	153-12-52 8	53-12-155	153-12
Crescent	240-41-4	42 8-43-12-42-8	242-8
Indore	412-8-10	410	411-4
Kohinoor	1200	..	1.00
New Great	405-3-12	7-8 5 1-4-407-8	5-407-8
Pearl ex-divi.	555 61-4-52-8	50-555	557 8
Phœnix	520	..	525
Bharucha	101-4	..	101-4
Simplex	252 8-53-12-51-4	52-8-(0 253-12	55-253-12
Swan	1012-8	..	1012-8
Swadesh ex-divi.	605-6-4-7-8	5-610	610
Pabni	355	..	355
Fazal	847-8-45-46-4	47-8-45-428-84312	47-8-853-12
Mathuradas	240	..	235
Tata Mill	187-8	..	187-8
Globe	65	..	65
Mysore	115	..	115
Madhavji	338 12-37-8-38-12	37-8-35-346	340
Finlay	750	..	750
Gokak	102-8	..	102-8
Edward Sassoon	175	..	175
Meyer Sassoon	120	..	120
Alcock	185	..	185
Bombay Burma Od	301-4	..	301-4
Bombay Elec. Tram	87-8	..	7-8-86-14
Bombay Steamer Ordy	70	..	70
Bundi Cement	9-8	..	9
Central E. Mining	26-4	..	26-4
Indian Cement	36-4	..	36-4
Tata Steel Ordy.	9	..	8-8
Tata Steel Defd.	35	35	33-12-35

Hard Spelter £28 1/2
Corrugated Sheets £17 1/2
Tin Block £258.

BRASS.

Bombay, November 14

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass English	3/4	58	0	0
Do	1	60	0	0
Do	1 1/4	60	0	0
Do	1 1/2	60	0	0
Do	1 3/4	58	0	0
Do	2	58	0	0

COPPER.

Bombay, November 14.

	per md.	Rs.	a.	p
Copper, German	3/4	64	0	0
Copper	1	64	0	0
Copper	1 1/4	64	0	0
Copper American	1 1/2	65	0	0
Copper	1 3/4	65	0	0
Copper	2	65	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars		62	0	0
Panchteka Joint		27	0	0
Copper English Bars		61	0	0
Brass Bars		41	0	0
Pat Khi		66	0	0
Lead, Country		25	0	0
Koger Brass, Metal 3/4		56	8	0
" " to 1		57	0	0
" " 1 1/4 to 1 ½, 1 3/4 to 2		57	0	0
German Copper 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 to 2		64	0	0
American Copper 3/4 to 1, 1 1/4		65	0	0

LINSEED.

London, Nov. 13.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags Nov. Dec. done £24 5/8.

Tone:—Small business doing. Prices rather firmer.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net Dec./Value 46 5/8.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net Jan./Feb. paid 46 7/8.

London, Nov. 13.

Linseed La Plata Argentine though firm and dearer, there was only moderate trade and market closed at £22 5/8 sellers for Nov/Dec. Shipment.

Cottonseed Bombay was steadier and held higher. Closed at £11 5/8 sellers for Oct. Nov. Shipment.

Castorseed Bombay closed stradier and dearer at £28 7/8 sellers for Nov.Dec. Shipment.

RAPESEED.

London, Nov. 13.

Ferozepore Real Bold Nov/Dec. sellers £24
Toria Nov/Dec. sellers £24 1/2.
Brown Cawnpore Nov/Dec. sellers £23 3/8

BARLEY.

London, Nov. 14.

Karachi Barley Re-sellers for Nov/Dec. 42/9.

MOTHER OF PEARL.

Bombay and Egyptian grades were in fair demand. For good qualities full prices were paid but inferior were rather neglected.

FREIGHT.

Freight of Coal, Cardiff to Bombay 14.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Nov. 13.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta:—
Nov/Dec. nominal 21/6
Jan/Mar. sellers 21/6
Jun/July sellers 19.
Fine White Java C & F Bombay:—
Jan/Mar. sellers 21/8.
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi:—
Jan./Mar. sellers 21/8.
Tone:—Market closed rather steadier.
Cuban Sugar Sellers for Feb/Mar. 15/4. 1/2.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Nov. 14 (5 p.m.).

There is no change in Ready prices, fair purchase enquiries continuing. To-day's clearance including local requirements amounts to 6,300 bags, showing a satisfactory record of intake.

Forward prices have improved by 2d. per cwt. for January-February-March shipment Java sugar in yesterday's ruling rates. B. R. B. Beet sugar prices record a drop of 2d. in yesterday's price-levels. Other positions remain unchanged, around yesterday's levels.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—
Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 19/5 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 14/6 per cwt.
Shipment October Sh. 21/4 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment November-December Sh. 21/4 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment January-February-March Sh. 21/6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Continental Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November-December Sh. 20 per cwt. F. B. H.
B. R. B. Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November-December Sh. 20/6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Mauritius Crystal Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 18/8 per cwt.
Shipment November-December Sh. 20 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment January Sh. 20/1 per cwt. F. B. H.

WEEKLY SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

Since our last Ready Market tended to a declining tendency during the first half of the week and during the latter half prices were steadier—thus registering on the whole fluctuations of 2 to 4 annas. Good purchase enquiries were the characteristic feature of the week under review. Daily clearance including local requirements averages 9,700 bags a day as against 7,800 bags per day during the last preceding week, showing a very good record of offtake. The highest and the lowest rates this week were Rs. 19/6 and Rs. 19/2 for Java Ready Sugar; Rs. 14/6 and Rs. 14/4 for Transhipment and Rs. 18/9 and Rs. 18/7 for Mauritius Crystal Sugar.

Our Forward market has also witnessed fluctuations with very narrow limit in all positions. Sterling Exchange market has declined steadily with its consequential effect on the local sugar market. Towards the close of the week our Forward market records a little bit improving tendency. Java Forward prices for October shipment registered fluctuations to the extent of 8d. November-December and January-February-March to the extent of 6d. Continental Beet and B. R. B. Beet Sugar prices to the extent of 4d. and Mauritius Crystal Sugar prices Forward deliveries also to the extent of 4d. on the whole in the last week-end price-levels. The highest and the lowest rates this week were Sh. 21/6 and Sh. 20/8 for October, Sh. 21/4 and Sh. 20/10 for November-December and Sh. 21/5 and Sh. 20/11 for January-February-March shipment for Java Sugar and Sh. 20/2 and 19/10 for Continental Beet and Sh. 20/10 and Sh. 20/6 for B. R. B. Beet Sugar Forward deliveries and Sh. 20/3 and Sh. 19/10 for November-December and Sh. 20/4 and Sh. 20 for January shipment for Mauritius Crystal Sugar.

Total stocks are estimated at 1,25,000 bags of Mauritius Crystal and 15,000 bags of Java Sugar.

The following are the quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—
Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 19/4 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 14/6 per cwt.
Shipment October Sh. 21/2 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment November-December Sh. 21/4 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment January-February-March Sh. 21/4 per cwt. F. B. H.
Continental Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November-December Sh. 2 per cwt. F. B. H.
B. R. B. Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November-December Sh. 20/8 per cwt. F. B. H.
Mauritius Crystal Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 18/9 per cwt.
Shipment November-December Sh. 20 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment January Sh. 20/1 per cwt. F. B. H.

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, Nov. 14.

Since our last report our market ruled quiet during the latter part of last week with large arrivals and small demand and recovered and ruled steadier during this week with good demand and strong reports from supplying centres. A good business has been done in Mauritius Crystals December-March shipment from 19s. 10d. to 20s. 2d. C.I.F. A good business has also been done in New Crop Javas July-September shipment at 19s. to 19s. 1½d. F. B. Harbour. Karachi and Calcutta reported steadier markets with small business done. Java reported a strong market. In sympathy with advance in America and price have gone up 3/8 gilders. There is no direct business with Java as the prices quoted are much higher than other sugars. America and London were firm after the decline and it is believed that present prices are very low. The consumption of the world has increased considerably and shortage is expected at the end even with large crops of Europe and Cuba. Mauritius Syndicate is firm and bids of 20s. has been refused.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—
T. M. O. Rs. 19-6 equal to 21s. 2d. F. B. Harbour, stocks 15,000 bags.
T. M. O. November-March 21s. 4d. F. B. Harbour.
Mauritius Rs. 18-9 equal to 20s. F. B. Harbour, stocks 1,70,000 bags.
Mauritius November-January 20s. 1d. F. B. Harbour.
Arrivals:—
S. S. Cape Point with 1,000 tons Mauritius Sugar.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

S. S. "Moolt an" with English mails leave at 1 p.m.

SUNDAY, November 16.

S. S. "Dongola" with English mails due at 3 a.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

"The O. S. K.'s steamer Alps Maru left Singapore for Bombay on 13th inst. and is due to arrive here on 25th idem."

"The B. I. S. S. s. "Morvada" which left Bombay on the 31st ulto." arrived Port Said on the evening of the 12th instant and left there on the following morning.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanitary Association a magic lantern lecture will be delivered by Dr. R. S. Kelkar, M.B.B.S. on "Malaria" to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Sitabai's Chawl, Kala Chawki Road.

WELCOME TO SJT. VINAYAKRAO SAVARKAR

Under the auspices of the above mentioned institution a public welcome will be accorded to Sjt Vinayakrao Savarkar to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the compound of the Dadar Goregaonker's Building. All are cordially invited to attend.

C. M. S. EMMANUEL CHURCH, BOMBAY. (MARATHI.)

The Pastors of the above church announce following:—

"This year, it is proposed to hold, for the first time, an Ingathering Service, to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. All are very earnestly invited to attend with their Silver Collection, and with any Offerings in kind, which they think appropriate to the occasion."

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. B. B. Korgaonker will conduct the weekly Divine Service in the Bombay Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon on Sunday the 16th November 24 at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) all are invited to attend. The morning Divine Service will be conducted by Mr. M. K. Gokarna at 7-30 a.m. (S.T.)

YOUNG MENS' MUSLIM ASSOCIATION.

"Under the auspices of Young Men's Muslim Association, Bombay, a Public Meeting will be held in the Hall of the Association, Muslim House, Ripon Road near Porsi Statue to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Khwaja Gulam Hussein will speak on the "Religion of Peace."

A SANITATION ROUND IN "E" WARD.

A Sanitation Round on behalf of the Sanitation Department of the Bombay Workingmen's Institute Social Service League, Parel will be arranged to-morrow (Sunday). The party will start from the Bombay Workingmen's Institute at 8-30 a.m. and will visit certain insanitary places in "E" Ward. All those who are interested in the Sanitation of the city are requested to attend the party.

DISCOURSES ON UPANISHADS AND GITA.

Swami Yatiswarananda of the Ramkrishna Mission, Khar, Bandra, will deliver a public discourse on the Upanishads at the Ramkrishna Ashram Khar Road, Bandra, to-morrow Sunday the 16th at 8-30 a.m.

Swami Visvananda will deliver a public discourse on the Gita at Kirtikar's wadi Lady Jamshedjee Road, Dadar, at 9 a.m. to-morrow. The Gita Class at the Saraswat Hall, Gamdevi, will be conducted by the Swami at 6 p.m. to-day.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

Prof. B. K. Dhurandhar will read Ralph Waldo Trine's "In Tune with the Infinite" at the Brotherhood Head-quarters, "Arya Bhawan", Sandhurst Road on Sunday the 16th instant at 9 a.m. (S.T.) Swami Yatiswarananda will conduct his weekly class on Jnana Joga at the same place on the same day at 4-30 p.m. Mr. D. R. Wariar will speak on Tibet at the monthly Conversational meeting at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the same day and place

ENGLISH TRAINING CLASS IN CO-OPERATION AT DADAR

Under the auspices of the Central Co-operative Institute, Bombay Branch, an English Training Class for the benefit of the members of the co-operative societies and the public in general will be conducted at Dadar in the G. E. Institute Lady Jamshetji Road to-morrow from 8 to 11 a.m. and 2 to 6 p.m. when Messrs. Rao Bahadur Talmaki, N. M. Joshi, C. S. Deole, V. L. Mehta Prof. H. L. Kaji and others will deliver lectures on various subjects connected with the movement. Members of co-operative societies, the public in general and especially the secretaries of the co-operative societies are cordially invited to attend these valuable lectures.

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME

The following programme will be broadcasted by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club as a children's hour to-day Saturday at 10-30 a.m. Call sign 2 B. V. Wave Length 87 metres. Members are invited to send their children, and their children's friends, to the club during the children's hour.—Announcement by Uncle Jumbo.—Orchestral selection "Ma'": Song: "I'm for ever blowing Bubbles"; Second talk on Wireless; Walt: "Alice Blue Gown"; Children's story "The Magic Blue Flower" told by Auntie Jane"; Hawaian Guitar Duet; Song "Portobello Lass!", recorded by Harry Lauder: A Roaming Jazz; Piccolo Solo: Fox Trot: "Keep on Humming"; Riddles by Auntie Jane and Uncle Jumbo: Song "Ta-Ta, my bonnie Maggie darlin'" recorded by Harry Lauder.

"INTERNATIONAL CROOKS" IN BOMBAY?

C. I. D. INVESTIGATIONS.

An interesting case relating to International Banking is under the investigation of the Bombay C. I. D. It appears a cable was received in June last from South Africa by the C. I. D. Bombay that four blank drafts belonging to the Bhayantri Branch of the Standard Bank of South Africa had been stolen and they were told to keep a look out for the gang of swindlers who were supposed to be tsome international crooks. Accordingly many leading exchange banks of the city were duly warned by the police against the forged negotiation of the same. On Thursday afternoon Deputy Commissioner Sharp (Crimes) received certain information from the Bombay office of the Eastern Bank that a Mahomedan named Abdul Ghani Bahadur had presented some of the drafts to the Bank covering an aggragate amount of Rs. one lakh. He accordingly went with Inspectors Sadik and Kavishwar to the Bank and arrested Abdul Ghani. In the course of investigation, it was ascertained that a sum of Rs. 12,105 was already received by Abdul Ghani from the French Bank by negotiating a draft. The police have recovered Rs. 11,730 in cash and also have traced a blank draft. Further enquiries are proceeding.

The accused was placed before Mr. P. H. P. Dastur on Friday morning and a remand was obtained.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

WESTMINSTER GLEE SINGERS.—To-morrow at the Excelsior Theatre, Mr. Edward Branscombe's Westminster Glee Singers commence their Bombay season with a matinee performance at 6 p.m. The opening programme will include a set of Nautical Songs by the full company, embracing "The Bay of Biscay", "Tom Bowling" and "The Sailor's Hornpipe"; a choral arrangement of the old song "The Village Blacksmith", the celebrated "Blue Danube Waltzes", a new version of the old Scottish song "My Love, she's but a Lassie yet", and two fine adaptations of the Old English Airs "The Girl I left behind me" and "A-Hunting we will go." The gentlemen of the party will contribute a vocal waltz "Fair and Bright", the hunting chorus "Foresters, sound the cheerful Hora", the Plantation Song "Nelly Gray" and a selection of comedy quartets, whilst the boy sopranos will be heard in a number of pieces for boys' voices alone.

Principal among the solos will be Landon Ronald's "Down in the Forest" (Mr. Donald Reid), "The Two Grenadiers" (Mr. Clifford Lathlean), "Corn Rigs" (Mr. Ernest MacKinlay), "Cigarette" (Mr. Ellis Vizard) and Cowen's "Swallows" (Albert Cooper).

The programmes will be completely changed every alternate night, and on Wednesday next there will be a matinee at 5-30 p.m.

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EXCELSIOR.—At the Excelsior when the Westminster Glee Singers are not occupying the theatre, there is being featured a film in which Rudolph Valentino and Dorothy Dalton are co-starred. Valentino takes the part of a man bored by the shallowness of society life who wants to find "the real thing" in life. He finds it—all sorts of adventure in which an elemental sort of a girl who dresses as a man is mixed up with rough and tumble fighting and high sea thrills. "Morgan of the Lady Letty" is the title of the film, and "Moran" is a delightful tom-boyish girl who would send any man off his head. The film is one which gives the audience the tang of the salt sea, and is really worthy of a better fate than as a stop-gap for the Westminster singers. There will also be a one-part film of "Rigoletto", Verdi's well-known opera.

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EMPIRE.—Anita Stewart is to be seen at the Empire in a dramatic film which is entitled "Playthings of Destiny." The film might have been called "Playthings of the Storm", for a blizzard separates a man and a woman and a tornado brings them together again. These storms are portrayed with striking realism, and provide the scenic background for the story in which there is the usual eternal triangle of characters. The development of the story is exceptionally dramatic, and the variety of locale, which ranges from Northern Canada to the Tropics, sustains the interest from first to last. A bright and sparkling comedy is "Jazz Bandits", with Ethel Tear in the leading role.

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EMPRESS.—At the Empress there is being shown with a William Fox comedy a six-part drama "The Teeth of the Tiger." This is an example of how much more vividly the screen can portray a mystery adventure than the printed page. It is a tale of a clever crook and a mysterious murder and of the success of a master hand trained in the inner workings of the criminal mind who brings the guilty one to justice after a series of hair raising adventures.

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PATHE.—The very excellent travel film "The Cradle of the World" is being continued in the new programme at Pathe Cinema and the two latest parts which are being shown, portray in the most interesting, and at the same time, extremely vivid manner the progress of this tour through Central Africa. People who have not seen this picture should make a point of doing so at the earliest opportunity, for it is doubtful if a more complete series of pictures of this country have ever been taken. The next two episodes of "Ruth of the Range" are also the next programme. "The Lava Crusher" and "Circumstantial Evidence" which are the fresh adventures are another collection of those sensational and hair-raising escapades which have made this serial picture so popular. As this film progresses, many incidents which in the earlier episodes were shrouded in mystery are now being revealed. This week the identity of the mysterious Captain X becomes known. The instalments of these two big pictures are an excellent entertainment in themselves, and in addition there is of course Pathe Gazette, and a comedy called "A Rare Bird."

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GLOBE.—The continuation of this serial episode 4, 5 and 6 will be shown from to-day at the Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road. The serial has been a definite revulsion against the so-called "blood-and-thunder" type of serial, where one is called upon to place unquestioning faith in the absolute invulnerability of both the hero and heroine. The first week was a crowded one and picture-goers are advised not to miss the present instalment. There is also a 2 parts Harold Lloyd comic.

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WEST-END.—The difference between "house" and "home" as applied to the dwelling place for a man or a woman is a great deal—mostly in the heart of the woman. That difference is one of the important human interest angles in the dramatic story of "The Signal Tower", a Universal-Jewel special, starring Virginia Valli under the direction of Clarence L. Brown, which will be shown at the West-End Cinema (New Charney Road) commencing to-day. "The Signal Tower" tells of the love of a woman for her home and the apparent inability of her husband to grasp the significance of her various whims in regard to "home." It is laid in the atmosphere of a lonely railroad junction. Wadsworth Camp, widely known short story writer, wrote the original of the screen play. His story won a prize, as well as the acclaim of being one of the most convincing works of fiction ever written of persons in the more common walks of life.

HARRY LAUDER COMPANY,

TWO FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.

Sir Harry Lauder and his brilliant company of star vaudeville artists will close their Bombay season at the Excelsior to-day with two complete performances, the first starting at 5-30 and the second at 9-30. The night engagement will be in the presence of His Excellency the Governor, Lady Willson and a party from Government House. The booking for each performance is exceptionally heavy and a notable send-off is assured. Sir Harry's numbers will include "I think I'll get wed in the Summer." "There is Somebody waiting for Me", "Come back Nanny" or "The Broken Hearted Lover". "When I was Twenty One" and several numbers specially requested. Sir Harry is right at the top of his form and as these performances must mark his farewell, so far as Bombay is concerned as future engagements will not permit of any return visit, a great treat awaits those who are able to participate in this function. Eddie Gray, the Hilo Duo, Paulyne Bindley Lydia Carne, Jack Kelleway and Harry Moore, each of whom has established his or her self in the highest esteem of Bombay theatregoers will be seen and heard in some of their most popular numbers and Mr. Charles J. Aves will conduct. The box plans are at Rose's till noon and thereafter at the Theatre. The management request patrons to be in their seats when the curtain rises at 9-30

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED RASH DRIVING.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. S. S. Rangachar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, George Thomas Brigg, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Brigg and Co. of Bombay was charged with rash and negligent driving.

Mr. Thanawalla prosecuted while the accused was defended by Mr. V. F. Vicaji, Bar-at-Law.

It was stated that Mr. Brigg was driving his motor car along Esplanade Road at about 12-45 a.m. on 26th October from the Equestrian Statue of the King towards the Queen's Statue. It was alleged for the prosecution that while the accused was just in front of Messrs. Marks and Co. he drove on the wrong side of the road and knocked down one Mr. Wright, Chief Engineer of s.s. "Patrick" then lying in the Alexandra Dock. Mr. Wright who was returning from the Boxing Tournament was going in the opposite direction towards Apollo Pier. People on the road shouted to the accused to stop but he was alleged not to have done so. However Superintendent Jones of "A" Division happened to be on the spot and he chased the accused along Church Gate Street, Queens Road, Carnegie Road and back to Church Gate Street, where the accused had been stopped by Mr. Jones. Mr. Wright sustained severe injuries and was detained in the European General Hospital for treatment. There were wounds on the right frontal bone on the right ear and a contused wound on the shoulder.

After Mr. Thanawalla led the prosecution Mr. Pocock, Bar-at-Law who appeared for the complainant drew His Worship's attention to the fact that the accused had paid compensation to the complainant who was quite satisfied with it.

Superintendent W. R. Jones of the Bombay Police deposed that on the night in question he was returning from the Boxing Tournament and when he neared Messrs. Marcks and Co. he saw a white object lying across the tram lines. At the same his attention was drawn by some people to the red light of the accused's car and they requested him to follow that car as the car had knocked down the man lying on the road. Mr. Jones then related his chase after the accused and how he finally got the accused to pull up his car.

After the evidence of an eye-witness was recorded the case was adjourned to 19th instant.

COMPANY MEETINGS

KIRLOSKAR BROTHERS, LTD.

The fourth ordinary general meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company was held in the Company's Business Office at Kirloskarvadi (Aundh State) on 2nd Nov., Mr. S. N. Yeolekar presiding.

The Directors' report stated that the Company has, during the year ending 31st July 1924 made a profit of Rs. 2,39,609/8/9 which together with the balance of Rs. 1,55,1/1/6 carried over from last year's account, the total comes to Rs. 2,61,159/10/3. The Directors after apportioning Rs. 1,41,225 to Depreciation, Equalization of Dividend, Reserve and Workmen's Welfare Funds have recommended a Dividend, at 15 per cent. The Company in order to meet growing demand for ploughs and other implements have kept the factory working for 24 hours in three shifts. The Company has by a special resolution increased the capital from Rs. 12,00,000 to Rupees one crore.

The Board records with regret the sad and premature demise of their Chairman, Shrimant Rajesaheb Pant, B.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, who had rendered valuable services to the Company since its inception.

The Directors' report was adopted. A dividend at 15 per cent. was declared. The appointments made by the Board of Mr. Kashinath Nagesh Yeolekar in place of Hon. Rao Bahadur Shasiprarao Jadhav resigned and of Dr. V. K. Kirloskar in place of Shrimant Rajesaheb Pant were confirmed. Rao Bahadur B. B. Sardesai and Mr. K. G. Dandekar the retiring Directors were re-elected and Mr. J. K. Parulkar was re-appointed Auditor. The proceeding, terminated with a vote of thanks to the chair.

Soon after the ordinary general meeting an extraordinary general meeting was held when an extraordinary resolution deleting certain portion from sub-clause 17 of Article 130 of Articles of Association of the Company was approved and passed.

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

An adjourned ordinary general meeting of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd. was held on Friday noon at the registered office of the Company at Ballard Estate to receive the report on the poll pursuant to the demand on poll at the meeting held on 24th October 1924. Mr. Narottam Morarji presided.

As votes for Mr. Revashanker Jagjiwan Javeri for his re-election as a director exceeded enormously he was declared elected as director for the ensuing year.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

In the share market jutes opened quiet and remained so with stocks slightly marked down. Towards the close prices became somewhat steadier. In coals several smart advances were registered and a large business was reported. Teas continued firm with eager buyers of most securities. In miscellaneous a small business was done. Government securities were steady unchanged. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—5 1/2 per cent loan 1929-47 93/9; 5 per cent loan 1945-55 97/12, 5 1/2 per cent war bonds 1926 103/20 6 per cent bonds 1926 100/10, do 1927 100/11 do 1930 102/6.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1467.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan Railway ord 141.

Cottons:—Agra United 1/12 Dunbar 175.

Jutes:—Alliance 656 Anglo India 430 Auckland 293/8 Bally 256 Barnagore 165 Belvedere 582 Birla 10 Budge Budge 508 Chamdany 218 Clive 48/10 Fort Gloster 1060 Gondalpara 1011 Gourepore 310 Hooghly ord. 61/8 Howrah 50/12 Kankinarrah 515 Kardah pref 98 Kinnison 1051 Lansdowne 388 Lawrence 694 National 325 Naihati 526 Northbrook 64 Nuddea 51/8 Reliance 69 Standard 470 Union 638.

Coals:—Aldih 56 Bansjorah 17/4 Bhulanbararee 25/8 Bokaro and Ramgar 23/12 Burra Dhemo 3/12 Burrakur 30 Central Dharmabund 2 East Indian 32/12 Equitable 18 Ghusick and Muslia 16/12 Gonalichuck 18 Huntodih 5/2 Jainty Central 5/8 Katras Jherriah 94 New Beerbhoom 33/4 Searsole 14/4 Seetaramore 7/8 South Karanpura 11/4.

Miscellaneous Kalyanpur Lime 12/10 Shipping 14/4.

Tea Companies:—Amluckie 162 Bishnauth 87 Central Cachar 122 Darjeeling Tea and Chinchona 325 Dhunseri 6/4 Doolahat 23/8 Duffla hur 18/2 Eastern Cachar 19/8 East India 24/4 Gulma 15/12 Kalimugger and Khorcel 192 Loobah 18 Namburnadi 12/8 Naga Hill 20/4 New Terai 19/4 Orange 12/12 Rangbari 21/8 Rydak 775 Sapoi 25/12 Sarugaon 20/12 Seajuli 50 Teen Ali 20 Tezpore 14 Tirrihannah 28 Tukvar 42.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

The exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and thirteen sixteenth pence and demand bills were ne shilling five and twenty-seven thirty-second pence.

UNITY OVERTURES.

MR. SASTRI UNFAVOURABLE.

The Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri writes in the "Servant of India".

The statement issued from Calcutta over the signatures of Messrs. Gandhi, Das and Nehru will doubtless attain one of its primary objects, namely re-uniting for the purpose of furthering the common cause the two opposing sections into which the Congress itself is divided. Another of its great objects is to bring, so far as possible, within the Congress and on one platform all parties in India which, having the one goal of Swarajya, are nevertheless working in opposite directions and retarding the progress of the nation towards the common aim. Considered in this aspect, it is in effect an invitation to the liberal party among others, to join the session of the Indian National Congress to be held at Belgaum in December this year. To facilitate their re-entry certain relaxations have been made from the pure and rigid doctrines of non-co-operation: and these are set forth in clear and simple terms in the preamble and in the operative part of the statement. The three signatures appended and the prolonged deliberation that preceded it made it practically certain that it will be accepted without substantial modification at the forthcoming sitting. In view of the paramount necessity of united action at this juncture it behoves Liberals to examine carefully and in the true spirit of compromise the various issues and lines of action proposed, so that they may arrive at the right conclusion as to the response they should make to this earnest appeal.

It is extremely painful to me to have to come to an unfavourable decision. I cannot, however, see any escape unless substantial modifications are introduced into the present proposals. There are so many propositions from which one dissents that in the sum they amount to a fundamental difference both of outlook and plan. In the preamble the repressive policy is represented as "aimed in reality not at any party of violence but at the Swarajya party in Bengal and therefore at constitutional and orderly activity." I cannot agree in this description of the aim of the Ordinance. So far as the Viceroy and his principal advisers are concerned, I have no manner of doubt that they aim at anarchical and revolutionary crime in Bengal. It is equally clear to me that they do not aim at legitimate and constitutional activity. But in judging an overt political act, it is not the aim so much as the effect which one has to consider. Under this head I anticipate two results, one good and the other bad. The violent crime which has recrudesced in Bengal will be put down, though the root causes of unrest will be left untouched. But perhaps alongside this effect, perhaps subsequent to it, legitimate and constitutional political activity will likewise suffer an eclipse through the action of Government's agents which the framers of the Ordinance, however well-intentioned, will be unable to check. This evil will assume such proportions that the exercise of citizenship rights will become difficult and dangerous: and knowing how feeble are the incitements and how powerful the hindrances to the exercise of citizenship rights among our people I am not prepared to place in the hands of the executive a weapon which they are sure to misemploy. Still, I feel I should be guilty of over-statement and even of injustice if I subscribed to the declaration drawn in unreserved terms, that the aim of the new policy is not against political criminals but against innocent political agitators.

Coming to the substantial part of the statement; one is arrested at the very beginning by the requirement that part of the Congressman's patriotic duty consists in "refusal to use or wear cloth made out of India." I cannot help thinking that this requirement is an unnecessary and unwarranted hardening of the familiar Swadeshi doctrine. In the next place by allowing the Swarajya party as an integral part of the Congress to become the custodian of national politics and organise itself separately for that purpose the parent organisation would, in effect, if not in theory surrender its political side which, hitherto has been its dominant character and constitutes its title to the country's homage. It is difficult to see how the Congress can be saved from being overshadowed by a part of itself if it will confine its attention to the social and communal aspect of national work. This one clause of the statement is calculated to neutralise the inducement to Liberals to come back to an organisation which should once more put forth political demands and advance political programmes in the name of a re-united India. To go further down the statement, we find it laid down that "experience has shown that without universal spinning India cannot become self-supporting regarding her clothing requirements." How many, one wonders, would endorse this position, which is put forward as though it were an undoubted and undoubtable axiom? If the testimony of experts could be weighed as well as counted, it would point overwhelmingly to the necessity of industrializing the country if she must cease to depend on outside supply for her clothing requirements. Universal spinning is an idle dream: popular enthusiasm would not be able to enforce spinning outside very limited circles and beyond a very limited period. At the next step we encounter an even more astounding proposition that "hand-spinning is the best and the most tangible method of establishing a visible and substantial bond between the masses and Congressmen." The communistic theory of society is answerable for many crudenesses and extravagances. But even its literature does not give a prominent place to a rule of this nature. Is it supposed that the masses believe in hand-spinning as a human duty to such an extent that they will not recognise any bond with those who do not share that belief? Is is not the fact, on the contrary, that the larger part of these masses are themselves unused to spinning, whether as recreation or as occupation? Or is it intended that the overpowering necessity of universal spinning, which has not come into the consciousness of the masses can ever be taught them as an injunction of daily practice by the classes to whom it is not an enjoyment, an economic necessity or an ancient religious exercise? Those who do not care enough are to be admonished by those who care even less! The line between those that have and those that have not may be proved by any one of several obvious pronunciations and abstentions and self-denials on the part of the former but has the occupation of spinning for half an hour daily ever appeared to a student or servant of humanity before this as an effective method of promoting a sense of fellowship between rich and poor between cultured and uncultured? The cult of the Charka may be a genuine article of faith with a few score zealots; in the case of others it can only be a slavish echo, a passing fancy, a mystic superstition, a hollow cant. The enthusiasm that lays it as an injunction on tens of thousands of politicians all over the country cannot be trusted to maintain it long in that position of honour. I confess to a feeling of utter inappropriateness in connecting it in any shape or form with the hearty allegiance due to an organisation that aims at Swaraj and has therefore an arduous and protracted struggle before it. That an unwilling person may get another to spin for him or her is, in my humble judgment, a great concession. The individual obligation is there anyhow; no escape is allowed. Commutation is possible, but only into like obligation for another. One's instinct rebels against it as against an arbitrary exaction. The prescription of khaddar as the proper wear when on Congress duty seems to concede the point that it would not make comfortable or decent apparel in ordinary daily life. If so, it is a concession of no value. Few who object to it ordinarily would waive the objection when engaged in the service of the country. If it is good for Congress, it should be good for anything. We do not want a Congress uniform after the manner of the military or the police uniform. Nor can we regard it in the light of a sacred garment set apart for worship or other ceremonial. If it is desired to mark off Congressmen from others and Congress work from other work a small and easily recognisable badge is the most suitable expedient

With so much divergence the agreement is be wide and deep to induce the Liberal party to re-enter the National Congress the abandonment of non-co-operation is important as a reconciler. But its importance is easily exaggerated. Mr. Gandhi, whose candid confessions are as disconcerting to his followers as his chivalrous appreciation of the "other fellow," declared recently that non-co-operation had failed and even done harm. To scratch it off the Congress programme now is little more than the registering of a fact. It has already been seen how resistance to the repression in Bengal, which might be common ground, has been marred by a statement in the joint manifesto which goes beyond the limit of fair criticism. There remains the great question of Swaraj. The solidarity of aspiration under this head has sustained the hope of Indian youth for some months now and inspired the exertions of Dr. Besant. It would be a tragic failure indeed if some means were not discovered of enabling the politically-minded classes to put forward a united demand for Home Rule. And yet, dissension and discord dog our footsteps even here. Two provincial Congress gatherings have been seriously debating whether our Swarajya should be within or without the Britannic fold. The present creed of the Congress leaves this fundamental question open, just as by omitting the word "constitutional" it has cast a cloud of vagueness on methods of work. Wistful and rhetorical assertions of the right of self-determination, suggestive that our Swarajya constitution must not follow Western models but be framed by the people themselves in accordance with national genius, and the admission of one eminent Swarajist leader that he has not yet clarified his conception of Indian autonomy—these would appear to leave us still very much in the air in the most essential particulars. On the other hand, one remembers clearly that Mr. Gandhi stated at some important occasion that by Swarajya he was content to understand, at the beginning at least, dominion status within the Empire and a parliamentary form of government. Somewhat more to the point is the consensus of thought on this subject which came out prominently in the discussions that followed Dewan Bahadur Rangachari's motion on self-government in the Delhi session of this year. If these lines be adhered to, there is hope that a resolution may be framed on the subject of Swaraj, not certainly full and detailed, but reasonably definite on the fundamentals, on which Liberals and Swarajists and No-Changers could be brought to agree. During the last few days Mr. Gandhi has made a statement in the course of which he declares that civil disobedience is out of the question in the present circumstances. This is a little more hopeful, from the Liberal point of view than the utterances of Swarajist leaders. Yet it sounds only like a postponement. In fact, that is the trouble always with his change of mind. It is only temporary. When the bridges are repaired and the roads are cleared the old march is to be resumed! Though I have spoken of the "abandonment" of non-co-operation the word actually used in the joint statement is "suspend." I should not wonder therefore if the Liberal party hesitated to re-enter the Congress fold without a guarantee that they would not be obliged to withdraw a second time by resumption of sundry forms of boycott, disobedience of laws and other novel forms of agitation as soon as it should appear to a few enthusiastic spirits that the country had been sufficiently prepared and the conditions were ripe. The time available before the Belgaum meeting appears hardly enough, even if no day were lost, for the attainment of a clear understanding on all the issues involved. Should it unfortunately prove so in the event, I hope the leaders will consult together and explore the chances of united action on what is clearly common ground—namely, the demand for Home Rule and the protest against the policy of repression. It would be no small gain to the national cause if, on these to questions of the hour, representative Swarajists, Muslim Leaguers, Home Rulers, Liberals, Non-Brahmanas and others spoke on the same platform to previously agreed resolutions.

DERAILMENT AT KURLA.

CAUSE OF THE ACCILENT.

With reference to the accident to the Poona Passenger on Thursday morning, Mr. D. V. Petewale writes to us as follows from Kurla:—

One of my friends was going to Bombay this (Thursday) morning at about 6-30 a.m. While going out from his house a gentleman came hurriedly asking him whether he would hire a taxi from Kurla to take his injured son to the hospital. My friend told him that the taxi was not available in Kurla and he asked him the reason of getting injury, when he was told that the Poona Up Passenger was derailed near Cassin. My friend at once called me out and we went on the spot where the accident occurred, and found that several sleepers, chairs, check rails, signal wires etc., were broken. On enquiry we were told that a crane from electrical department was working at night time and a chain of that crane had been broken. A pieces of the chain about 5 feet long was lying on the rails which got entangled with the wheels of the above train which was passing by and caused the derailment. At the same time a goods train was going to Kurla by the Down Through line and the distance between the two trains was hardly 40 feet. If that Goods Train had not been stopped at once numbers of deaths would have occurred. All the four lines were blocked for about three hours on account of that accident.

MATERNITY BENEFITS BILL.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY INVITES OPINIONS

Copies of Mr. N. M. Joshi's Bill to make provision for the payment of maternity benefit in certain industries have been received from the Government of India and circulated by the Government of Bombay to the Chambers of Commerce, Millowners' Associations, the Indian Merchants' Chamber, the Social Service League and other representative bodies, as well as certain officials, for their views.

The Bill, which seeks to carry out some of the proposals contained in the draft convention passed at the first International Labour Conference held at Washington in 1919, proposes:

(1) To prohibit the employment of women, in industries the work in which is regulated by law, for six weeks after confinement;

(2) To enable them to leave work six weeks before confinement;

(3) To prevent them from being dismissed from service during these periods;

(4) To Provide for the payment to a women worker of financial help sufficient to maintain her and the child in a healthy condition, the money to be raised by the Local Government by levying contributions on the industries covered by the Bill, in the form of a small cess on the products of such industries or in some other convenient form. A fund will be established called the Maternity Benefit Fund, out of which payments will be made.

FISCAL REFORM LEAGUE.

The first annual general meeting of the Fiscal Reform League will be held at the office of the League, Contractor Building, Ballard Estate, at 6 p.m. to-day.

BURMANS AND MAHABODHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Nov. 14.

At a joint meeting of the Trustees of the Shwedagon Pagoda Buddhagaya Committee and Sayadaws (head of the Pongyis) under the auspices of the All Burma Buddhist Council, resolutions were passed expressing dissatisfaction with the reply given by the Government of India regarding Buddhagaya affairs, urging the local Government to demand from the Government of India that necessary action be taken in regard to the Mahabodhi affair in accordance with the wishes of the Buddhists and requesting the religious indies of India and the Indian Legislative Assembly to give the Buddhists support in their demands.

FOOTBALL IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

In an Association football match the South Africans beat the Isthmian League by 4 goals to 2 at Ilford

In a Rugby Union match, the Oxford University beat Newport by 14 points to 12.—Reuter.

WORLD'S RUNNING RECORD.

LEATHFIELD, Nov. 13.

Mr. Arthur Newton of Natal who is 41 years old, ran, to-day, from London to Brighton, a distance of 52 miles, in five hours 53 minutes and 13 seconds. This is stated to be the world's record for distance. It was achieved in spite of a wet and slippery road.—B. O. W.

DERBY GOLD CUP RESULT.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The following is the result of the Derby Gold Cup:—

SPINDRIFT	.....	1
HIGHBROW	.....	2
CLOUDBANK	.....	3

The betting was 10/1 Spindrift, 9/4 Highbrow, 10/1 Cloudbank.

Twelve ran. Won by short head, one and a half length between second and third.—Reuter.

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The Bombay Chronicle

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1924.

THE MISSION OF PEACE.

If the Calcutta Conference served to compose internal differences in the Congress, it is the hope of the Bombay Conference next week to advance the cause of concord and to ensure the success of a united Congress at Belgaum. The occasion is critical, because behind the reign of repression in Bengal there is the accession of a Tory Government bent on reducing India into a docile pupil tied to the schedule of decennial examinations. India will not stand the imposition, as the Indian Liberals themselves admit, and the slender hope they built on the Reform Enquiry is shattered by the declaration of Tories that they would not deviate from the Reform Act and its interminable scheme of progression. The portents are more forbidding than those that preceded the Lucknow truce. 'It is therefore, the duty of all Indians to subordinate non-essentials and discover the lines of re-union. The old scores to be settled ought to be wiped off the slate. They are a fertile theme for recriminations and the love of sectarian politics is difficult to overcome. That the efforts towards unity are unpalatable to reactionaries, is clear from the heavy sarcasm of Anglo-Indian critics over the "surrender" of Mahatma Gandhi and his tolerance of a party supposed to condone murder. We have, however, to persevere with the mission of peace among parties which represent the dynamic forces of nationalism. In a contribution to the "Bengalee", Dr. Sapru recommends the formation of a Committee of all parties to discuss the difficulties of the situation and furnish "a rallying cry to the country which no far-seeing Government can possibly ignore". We regard it as a tribute to the purpose of the Bombay Conference. Whether we succeed or not, let us make a patient effort to reconcile the political elements of the country. If we underline old differences to the ridicule of the present impetus towards co-operation and recall the cavil of the past, it will do us little good. We tried different ways of achievement. The non-cooperators are not ashamed of their sacrifices, and true Liberals are not proud that the enterprise of their full programme failed to win Swaraj. We have to-day to turn our faces in the right direction; and if we do, we may proceed undaunted and grapple with the formidable obstacles of reaction.

While we cannot understand the eruption of sour remembrance and captious forecast at this turn, we should again appeal to Liberal critics to be forbearing and to realise the conspiracy of reaction which faces us. Mr. Jinnah in courteous recital of scepticism tells us that the Calcutta compact between Swarajists and Mahatma Gandhi is unsound. In his interview, he expresses himself like an exacting lawyer who has examined a list of conflicting witnesses. He thinks the agreement unsound. He is welcome to say so at the Conference, and it is to the real credit of an architect of the Lucknow Pact that he has not prejudged the prospects of the Conference itself. Mr. Jinnah is a progressive of the Western type who has a right to be heard, a man who does not linger over the effort to connect the lingering virtues of the past to the sensational tendencies of the present. Since Lucknow, he has allowed himself to be overborne by the hard mentality of a middle-aged lawyer. He is categorical that India should acquire control of her finance and become capable of self-defence—in other words, he agrees with us that Swaraj is the sum of our efforts. But to hold up parts as the object of separate achievement is not very helpful, especially when there is no contribution of method from him. Mr. Jinnah questions the place of khaddar as "a visible and substantial bond" between the masses and the classes. We think it is a visible and substantial bond, at least far less evanascent than the response of the Home Rule processions of 1917. The masses do understand the bond, a fact of experience which Mr. Jinnah as a severe pragmatist ought to test or admit. If he thinks that "education" and "the development of economic resources" are the link, we say that it does not exclude the promotion of khaddar as a fruitful cottage industry. To the poor, the resuscitation of spinning during the idle season is a message of economic relief; and it must be a fact acceptable to Mr. Jinnah who thinks that India can never recover her past tradition of making her cloth production equal to her requirements. He is distant, suspicious, but surely in his desire to gain control of finance and self-defence he does not expect miracles of Tory goodwill. Government are deaf as the adder when interviews are broad-casted and no pressure is possible except through consolidated action.

If Mr. Jinnah is over-cautious, the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri is positively discouraging. We are afraid that living in his salubrious retreat, he is a little out of touch with the throbbing humanity of the present situation and fails to appreciate the havoc of repression. With a characteristic gesture of sorrow rather than anger, he comes to an "unfavourable" decision. We hope Liberals will not altogether bow to the decision. He sees no escape "unless substantial modifications are introduced into the present proposals." The country would have been fortunate if he had related clearly the modifications he deems indispensable instead of indulging in negative criticism. He discredits the conclusion of the Calcutta Conference that the present attitude of official repression is provoked by and aimed at the Swarajists. Like the very Aristides of fairplay, he requires an admission that the Ordinance is not aimed at Swarajists. We ask him not to get sour over an implacable preconception, but to encourage the prospects of the Conference. The men who hazard the view that the Lytton Government are directing their hostility towards the Swarajists have studied the situation on the spot. Mahatma Gandhi was assailed with the question whether the onslaught was really against the Swarajists. The most severe exponent of introspection, he has concluded that the attack is for the rout of defiant Swarajists. Mr. Sastri's complaint is one of arm-chair inspiration, but it is a matter of opinion still that should not hinder Mr. Sastri's attendance at the Conference. Mr. Sastri is further annoyed that the injunction to wear Indian cloth is "an unwarranted hardening of the familiar Swadeshi doctrine." Mr. Gokhale endorsed it as a proper form of protest during the Partition agitation; the Moderates accepted it at the Kenya crisis. If it is legitimate, there can be no sensible complaint against its "unwarranted hardening". It is a subtle maze of words which draws him away from facts. Where he thinks that hand-spinning is not the most tangible method of correlating our efforts to the life of the masses, he is again prejudiced. To interpret it as a Communistic extravagance is to misunderstand a popular appeal, which to him should afford no enthical scruple. If he objects to the Congress franchise let him say so in the Conference, without discrediting it all as "a mystic superstition". Where he derides the suggestion that at national functions members should attend in khaddar, he is again cavilling too much. It is not as a badge, but as an example; not a uniform, but a simple concession; not that it is uncomfortable in ordinary life but that it is one happy bond with the masses which it were better to be normal. We are really sorry that the suspension of the non-cooperation does not appeal to him much. We think it is a great concession towards unity which the Liberals would be wrong to belittle. If he complains of the "cloud of vagueness on methods of work," it is for him to define the scope acceptable to him. To stand aside moralising like the Greek Chorus, is hardly the function of tried patriots. Mr. Sastri does not even dictate, he merely grumbles under the stress of denominational self-consciousness. After all what is his party prepared to lend out of their statesmanship, to peace and compromise? We do not think that his estimate of patient reciprocity on the part of the Nationalists in the Congress is generous, for he is not half as magnanimous to the Congress or the Swarajists as he is to Lord Reading's Government and their blameless motives in repression. The public will deplore the quizzical objections of Mr. Sastri, when it is open to him to attend a Conference of peace justified by the bleak prospect of repression and reaction offered by our rulers. We hope second thoughts and generous instincts will prevail and that Mr. Sastri will recant the unjust suspicions he has expressed over the sacrifice of the parties within the Congress—towards Unity.

A FRIEND OF THE OPPRESSED.

The sudden death of Mr. E. D. Morel, announced by Reuter, will be mourned wherever men and women feel for the weak and the oppressed peoples of the world. Mr. Morel first came into prominence in the early years of this century when he began his long struggle against the misrule of Leopold II. in the Congo. The tale of atrocities practised in that unhappy part of Africa under the rule of the Belgian King shocked the world. Mr. Morel, with his characteristic determination to go to the root of a question, took upon himself the task of ascertaining the facts and, as a result of his devoted and laborious work, made, in his book, the "Red Rubber," his terrible indictment of the indescribable cruelties practised against the Natives of West Africa. Upto the publication of this book in 1906, his struggle in the cause of humanity against one of the subtlest of European monarchs was almost single-handed. But his passionate earnestness gradually won increasing support for the cause that he had espoused and when victory came in 1912 with the introduction of necessary reforms, his invaluable services evoked international as well as national tributes. The twelve years that he devoted to the exposure of the Congo atrocities gave him an insight into the working of diplomacy and from 1912 onwards he devoted himself to the study of international questions—a study which inevitably brought home to him the threatening perils to the peace of the world of which the effect of the exploitation of Africa by the great European Powers was not the least and, in his published works, which ruthlessly exposed the methods of foreign Chancelleries of Europe, he warned his countrymen and others of these dangers. The outbreak of the war only made his determination to seek the path of real peace stronger. To that end he, with the help of other kindred spirits, founded the Union of Democratic Control and subsequently started "Foreign Affairs" both of which have played a large part in keeping before the public the problems of peace and their solutions. It was not, therefore, surprising that he was among those who were recommended for the Nobel Peace Prize of this year. The leaders of the various Parliamentary parties in Finland were the first to move in the matter in January last, their recommendation being unanimous. Soon a similar recommendation was made in a letter signed by Mr. MacDonald, the Prime Minister, several members of the British Cabinet and other prominent men who, after referring to his great work in the Congo, thus summed up his work during and after the war:

"From the outbreak of war in 1914 he worked determinedly, and, in the face of bitter opposition and persecution, for a means of securing a lasting and an early peace, doing his utmost to make known the truth about the war as he saw it, and the principles upon which peace could be founded. From the black days of the war he has now emerged to occupy a foremost place amongst those members of the House of Commons whose work for world peace is acknowledged and honoured."

This letter was followed by another recommendation signed by prominent priests of the Church of England who declared that his work from 1900 onwards rightly entitled him to the very high place he occupied "among those who have sought for world peace, and the establishment of that rule of justice, truth and generosity upon which alone it can be founded." Though Mr. Morel did not actively interest himself in the cause of India, it is fair to recall that he strove in Parliament and in his paper to secure justice for Indians in Kenya. When the first Khilafat Delegation was in London he was large-minded enough to allow it to state its whole case in a special supplement to "Foreign Affairs"—though it was against the views of the most influential members of the Union of Democratic Control. Indian Muslims will recall with gratitude the fact that that was the only full hearing that the Delegation was allowed in the whole English Press.

Notes of the Day.

The Conservative Policy.

Mr. Chamberlain, in his speech at Glasgow, has declared that it would be a mistake to interpret the recent election as a party triumph and that it would be a still greater mistake to see in the great majority any authority or even encouragement to a policy of reaction or stagnation. The assurance that the Conservatives do not regard their success as a party triumph is hardly more convincing than his plea that the policy of the new Government will be one of reaction or stagnation. So far as India is concerned, Mr. Baldwin's speech, giving unreserved support to Lord Reading's campaign of repression, has already, in anticipation, turned Mr. Chamberlain's assurance into a mockery. And the speech of Sir Phillip Lloyd-Graeme indicates how the policy of repression will be developed in order to ensure the exploitation of India as a market for British goods. The President of Board of Trade will carry on the work of developing old markets and finding new ones by economy in public administration—which may, in all probability, mean ruthless cutting down of expenditure on education and health services. That, evidently, according to Mr. Chamberlain, will be the contribution of the Conservatives to progress.

Council Privilege.

The Madras Legislative Council have been censorious about the publication of a Select Committee's Report in the Press and they treated it as an infringement of Council privilege. While we appreciate the indignation of members, there is something to be said in favour of the "Madras Mail" which refused to give an undertaking to the President regarding the inviolable secrecy of Committee proceedings. The Press exists to lend publicity to important matters, and if Committee members think that certain events are worthy of general cognisance, the papers should be allowed their own discretion and editors would take their risk under the law. We are not sure if it is always a wise rule to conceal all the transactions of a Select Committee in a Council which is not constituted on a real parliamentary basis. The Councils are still under-developed institutions which deserve the full and excruciating glare of publicity. The Speaker of the House of Commons has the power of summoning offenders against privilege to appear before the bar of the House, and the Madras President had possibly that procedure in view when he talked of disciplinary action. It seems a pity that the convention was not tested in Madras, because editors are curious to know how their humble privilege is circumscribed in India. The President would have done better if he had directed his warning against over-communicative members, instead of diverting his wrath on the editor who printed a matter of public interest which was forwarded to the Press. Parliamentary privileges in India are outrunning Parliamentary authority.

'Prestige Intact."

In our article yesterday on the Boulton ramp in India, we stated that Mr. R. G. H. Boulton was occasionally an honoured guest of the Government House after the collapse of the Alliance Bank of Simla, Ltd. We learn that Mr. Boulton was not on the entertainment-list after the debacle though previous to it he had been a conspicuous figure at Government House functions, not only in Simla, but in other provincial capitals as well. We regret the statement and apologise to the toast-masters of the Government Houses impeached in the error.

THE JOINT STATEMENT.

NEED OF UNITED FRONT.

(BY JOSEPH BAPTISTA.)

Events have moved with surprising rapidity in India. The Ordinance has accomplished in a week what would have taken a year or two of the best efforts of the most earnest endeavours of the leaders of various political schools. The concordat opens the door of the Congress to all comers. The spinning franchise is fantastic, but such mole-hills ought not to scare any one away. The exceptions provide for easy escape. Wearing handspun khaddar as an indispensable qualification for membership will excite merriment in Europe, but as it is limited to Congress functions and Congress business, it is another negligible molehill. The stipulation concerning, "the work in connection with the Central and Provincial Legislatures" is rather perplexing. It seems to approbate and reprobate at the same time. The approbation is conveyed by the avowal that 'the work is to be "on behalf of the Congress and as an integral part of the Congress organisation." and the reprobation is expressed in the obligation that "the Swaraj Party should make its own rules and raise and administer its own funds." This looks like a house divided against itself. It is a source of weakness. What is required is an emphatic declaration that all Congressmen must not be satisfied with merely abstaining from opposing candidates seeking election to Councils, but must cordially support their candidature to the best of their capacity. But even as it stands at present it will strengthen the arm of the Swaraj Party.

Commendable Con idence.

The compromise apparently gives *carte blanche* to the Swaraj Party and retains no control over its policy or programme. This confidence is commendable. The Swaraj Party has, I am informed, relaxed its rule about accepting office. It permits accepting elective offices, and proposes to elect Mr. V. J. Patel as president of the Assembly. This takes us very near Tilak's responsive co-operation. The only difference is accepting Ministerial appointments. But Ministers are essentially elected officers if the principle of ministerial responsibility be properly understood and enforced. If this be ultimately conceded there can be no conceivable objection to a united front by all schools of politics. It is unwise to disregard moral forces. Blind obstruction loses all moral force. It is perfectly feasible to frame a policy of resistance based upon merits and moral force which will be thoroughly unpalatable to the bureaucracy as at present constituted—and more damaging than the Swaraj tactics in Bengal or Central Provinces. I myself believe that the Bengal policy is efficacious in the face of British statesmen to move forward. But the Conservatives are not likely to embark upon a policy that will expose them to the charge that they are governing India without the consent of the people and without moral justification. What is imperative at present is an united front. Let us at least for once go to the polls as a United Party bent on Swaraj and I feel confident that the steel frame will collapse like a house of cards. In conclusion, considering my attitude towards non-co-operation and its programme from its inception I welcome the Compromise with unfeigned delight and propose to attend the Congress to do my bit if I am elected a delegate.

CONSERVATIVE SUCCESS.

NO CAUSE FOR ELATION OR REACTION

GRAVITY OF TASK AHEAD.

POST ELECTION SPEECHES.

LEAFIELD, Nov. 13.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Secretary for Foreign affairs, speaking at Glasgow this afternoon, said the Conservatives had no reason to complain of the verdict of their countrymen, They had no reason to be discontended with the reception at Home, in the Dominions, and in foreign countries to the Government which Mr. Baldwin had formed. Mr. Chamberlain recalled that he had been for more than 32 years a member of the House of Commons and that for over half of that period he had been in office, and he added "with such experience you would believe me when I say that I take upon myself, at present, the great responsibility with no kind of triumph or elation, but with the solemn feeling of the gravity of the task. That I am sure is the mood of our leader Mr. Baldwin. Mr. Baldwin won his position by the solid qualities that we value in every walk of life and which are peculiarly valuable in public life."

Mr. Chamberlain continued: "It would be a great mistake to interpret this election as a party triumph. It would be a still greater mistake to see in the great majority any authority or even encouragement to a policy of reaction or stagnation. But the country has decided definitely that it will have nothing to do with violent revolution, and that whatever else we may take from abroad our politics shall be made at home".—B. O. W.

DEVELOP NEW MARKETS.

PLEA FOR PENNY POSTAGE.

LEAFIELD, Nov. 13.

Sir Phillip Lloyd Greame, President of Board of Trade, speaking at the British Chamber of Commerce said outlook was undoubtedly better than it has been for some months. If there was one thing that business needed it was certainly of what its position was going to be for a period of years. There was also a greater feeling of settlement in the world generally. We have a long way to go before there was a complete settlement, but there was already a greater general feeling of confidence and security.

DEVELOP NEW MARKETS.

Sir Phillip Lloyd Graeme continued:—"Old markets are more ready to buy than they were. They are short of goods. It is up to us to get our full share in the business of those markets. We should see to our representation abroad. We should not underrate the importance of having young men in our business. It is a question of efficient representation, of the consistent studying of markets. But even if we get the biggest share of older markets we must have developed new markets as well. In order to develop new markets to the full, we need more money for investment. That means we must be careful about two things. The first is that we spend our money to the best advantage. The second is that we increase the national savings by which alone we can have more money for investments. This can come by economy in the public administration by greater production and greater output. These are two things which Government will work for. Government will help in two ways by doing things which are helpful and by refraining from doing things which are harmful."

NEED FOR ECONOMY

Mr. Stanley Machino, President of the Association, said that British business men could not too strongly repeat their demands for economy. The country was living beyond its income. When it was realised, to-day, that Imperial taxation was upwards of sixteen pounds per head of the population as against four pounds five shillings and six pence before the war, the extent of the burden on trade could be appreciated. No step that Government would take would tend more to improve trade develop confidence and enterprise than a reduction of income-tax. One of the most important domestic reforms would be a return to penny postage for letters which would result in great benefits to trade.

Resolutions in favour of the restoration of penny postage throughout the Empire was carried unanimously. The present rate is three half pence.—B. O. W.

SCOTTISH UNIVERSITIES.

RESULT OF FINAL ELECTION.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The final election of the Scottish combined Universities (three seats) has resulted in the return of Sir Henry Craik (Conservative) and Mr. D. M. Cowan (Liberal) while a recount is being held to determine whether Sir George Berry (Conservative) will obtain the quota necessary for his return. The election was by proportional representation. Rev. J. M. Munro (Labour) was at the bottom of the poll.

The recount has added 2,748 votes to Sir George Berry's total and 35 to Rev. J. M. Munro's total. Therefore, Sir George Berry has been elected.—Reuter.

FINAL STATE OF PARTIES.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The declaration of the Scottish Universities' poll completes the membership of the House of Commons, which is now made up of 413 Conservatives, 151 Labourites, 44 Liberals and 7 Independents.—Reuter.

LEAFIELD, Nov. 13.

The last election result was declared today. For the combined Scottish Universities of Saint Andrews Glasgow, Aberdeen and Edinburgh three members were elected namely, Sir Henry Craik (Conservative) Sir George Berry (Conservative) and Mr. Colan (Liberal).

The final strength of the Parties is:—

Conservatives	...	413
Labour	...	150
Liberal	...	40
Constitutionalists	...	7
Other parties	...	5
Total	...	615

—B. O. W.

MORE MINISTERIAL APPOINTMENTS.

FINAL LIST.

LONDON, Nov. 14

The final list of Ministerial appointments is published:—

Messrs. G. Hennessy, W. Cope, F. C. Thomson, Viscount Curzon and Lord Stanley, all members of the House of Commons, have been appointed Junior Lords of the Treasury, the last two to be unpaid.

Col. G. A. Gibbs, Sir Harry Barnston and Capt. D H. Hacking have been appointed Treasurer, Comptroller and Vice-Chamberlain of the Household respectively.

Mr. H. D. Margesson has been appointed Assistant Whip.—Reuter.

GERMANY AND FRANCE.

NEED OF ECONOMIC UNDERSTANDING

DR. STRESEMANN'S SURVEY.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Berlin.—In a speech at Dortmund, Dr. Stresemann alluded to the improved political relations initiated at the London Conference and declared that commercial negotiations with Britain were proceeding with good prospects of success. He expressed the opinion that an economic understanding between France and Germany was vital for the pacification of Europe during the next decade and said that negotiations towards that end would be accorded Germany's special attention. The German market would be opened to France by the offer of a most favoured nation treatment. He denied that Germany would shortly flood the foreign countries with German goods and keep out foreign goods by means of prohibitive tariffs. He welcomed the assurance contained in Mr. Baldwin's first public speech after taking up the office that Mr. Baldwin would take his stand on the basis of the London Agreement. Dr. Stresemann said he was dissatisfied with the response to Germany's memorandum regarding her entry into the League of Nations, asserting that only a few Powers replied to it and not all satisfactorily.—Reuter.

FRENCH LOAN.

FINANCE MINISTER'S APPEAL FOR SUPPORT.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Paris, Nov. 13.—A Havas Agency message says at a meeting of the Presidents of the French Chambers of Commerce, the Finance Minister delivered an address in which he appealed for support to the new loan which was launched yesterday. He declared that the State's revenues would now entirely cover the expenditure and the loan would be utilised to liquidate the French debts. Government would also continue to repay the Banque de France's advances.—Reuter.

ITALY'S PRECAUTION.

TO PREVENT ANTI-FASCIST INCURSION.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

San Remo.—Following the events on the Franco-Spanish frontier, of last week the Italian Government has despatched several detachments of infantry along the Franco-Italian frontier, and has urgently despatched a destroyer and four torpedo-boats with the object of preventing what is believed to be a plot of Communists across the French border to make an anti-Fascist incursion into Italy.—Reuter.

A FASCIST LEADER SHOT DEAD.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Rome.—The Fascist leader of Cosenza was shot dead near Naples following an altercation with an ex-Member of Parliament who was formerly a Fascist, but who is at present a Socialist. The assailant escaped.—Reuter.

PRINCE ARTHUR OF CONNAUGHT.

LEAVES FOR INDIA ON DEC. 4.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught are leaving for India on December 4.—Reuter.

"GREAT MOMENT IN NATION'S LIFE."

THE STRUGGLE AHEAD.

STAND BY THE SWARAJISTS.

UNITE AGAINST COMMON DANGER.

PANDIT MOTILAL'S APPEAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 13.

Pandit Motilal Nehru has issued the following appeal to the country on behalf of the Swaraj Party Executive:—

The action of the Governor-General in promulgating the Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance 1924, in Bengal has simplified the political situation. It has laid bare the rooted defects of the much-vaunted Reforms, and of the whole system under which the country is being governed. It has revealed the fact that notwithstanding many professions to the contrary, the temper of the British Government continues to be what it was in the pre-Reform days, and at the time when the Rowlatt Act was passed. On the least provocation the Government is only too apt to resort to terrorism over the head of the Legislature under cover of emergency powers.

HOLLOWNESS OF OFFICIAL PROFESSIONS.

The Swaraj Party is at the present moment the target of official attacks and will have to bear the full brunt of reactionary repression. After a personal examination of the situation on the spot Mahatma Gandhi has expressed his complete concurrence with the Executive Committee of the Swaraj Party that the policy of repression commenced in Bengal by the local Government with the sanction of the Governor-General is aimed in reality not at any party of violence but at the Swaraj Party, and therefore at constitutional and orderly activity. The fact that persons so far arrested in Bengal are with few exceptions all Swarajists, and the further fact that there is not one amongst them against whom the Government is prepared to prove any connection with anarchical crime in the Open Court, are enough to expose the hollowness of the official professions that the Ordinance is not aimed at the Swaraj Party.

Mahatmaji has given his blessings to the Swaraj Party and entrusted it with the responsibility of carrying on, on behalf of the Congress and as an integral part of the Congress organisation, all work in connection with the Central and Provincial Legislatures. The Swaraj Party feels happy and proud in assuming this responsibility and confidently undertakes to oppose the advancing tide of repressive reaction in the several Legislatures and the country at large.

A HARD STRUGGLE AHEAD.

The advent of a Conservative Government in England with a large majority makes it highly probable that there will be a long and hard struggle. The party is fully prepared for it. But it is obvious that its efforts will only succeed in the measure in which the patriotic men and women of India lend it their active support and co-operation in the shape of men and money. The time when it was enough to give silent support to the Party, which it is conscious it has always enjoyed, is gone by. The great moment in the life of the nation has come. The Executive Committee of the Swaraj Party appeals to all Indians who love the Motherland to stand by the Party by openly joining it as members and helping it with funds. We are not anarchists, nor violent revolutionaries, nor secret plotters in the dark. We fight in the open for our rights, with non-violent and constitutional weapons. All the violence that there is in this fight is arrayed against us, and is on the side of the Government. We take no heed of it, and march on full of hope and full of hearts.

This appeal is not in the nature of propaganda against any other political party. The Executive Committee of the Swaraj Party have already joined Mahatma Gandhi in making an earnest appeal to all Parties to unite against the new danger which threatens all alike. The Swaraj Party welcomes all comrades-in-arms, to whatever party they may belong, and is ready to accommodate them as far as possible. With this object in view it has called a meeting of all the elected members of the Central and Provincial Legislatures to meet it in Conference at Bombay and arrive at a common understanding

RALLY ROUND THE PARTY.

But the only fitting answer to the action of the Government for all Parties and individuals to give is to join the Swaraj Party. The opportunities of a people governed against their open will vary in direct proportion to the severity of the repression employed against them. The recent Ordinance superseding the criminal law in Bengal is, in all conscience, as severe a repressive measure, as the civilised world can adopt with immunity. Shall we not make the best use of the opportunity that Providence has given us, and can we use that opportunity better than by concentrating all our available forces upon the objective of the attack which is none other than the Swaraj Party? We appeal to the men and women of India to rally round the Party. We appeal to the rich to give of their abundance. We appeal to the poor to give or their scanty savings. We appeal to both to enlist themselves in the army of fighters for the country's cause.

BOMBAY CONFERENCE.

ACCEPTANCE OF INVITATION BY MADRAS NATIONALISIS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

The Executive Committee of the United Nationalist party members of the Madras Legislative Council has resolved to recommend to the general meeting of the United Nationalists to-morrow to accept the invitation of Mr. Gandhi, Mr. Mahomed Ali and Pandit Motilal Nehru to attend the Bombay Conference. The Committee has also resolved to send a delegation to Bombay to discuss questions with other leaders who might be coming to Bombay with a view to arriving at a settlement if possible.

"FAITH IN MAHATMAJI'S WISDOM."

KONDA VENKATAPPIAH ON JOINT STATEMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAMP TENELI, Nov. 11.

Desabhakta Konda Venkatappiah, President, Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, and member, All-India Congress Working Committee, presiding over the meeting of the Andhra Provincial Committee held here to-day, exhorted the members to accept the statement as unity is essential at present and as he has full faith in Mahatmaji's wisdom.

There is general discontent among the members against certain points in the statement, but the opinion finally to sink all personal differences and accept the Mahatma's lead is equally very strong, as Andhra is ever loyal to Mahatma Gandhi.

"HOPELESSLY DIVIDED."

SIR TEJ BAHADUR ON PRESENT SITUATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13.

Speaking at the reception given in honour of Mr. H. S. Polok and himself by the Indian Association this evening, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said he had never known the time during many years of experience when there was so much cause for depression not because of the temporary issues, but because of the other and larger issues. The outstanding feature of the situation in India was that they were hopelessly divided and their differences were being exploited by the enemies of the constitutional advance. It did not matter which Government was in power in England, if they could set their House in order. He felt no Government could refuse to concede their demands. If they did not succeed then the less they talked of constitutional advance the better.

MAHATMA'S MAGNANIMITY.

MR. KELKAR ON GANDHI DAS PACT

YEOTMAL, Nov. 14.

Addressing a crowded public meeting last evening Mr. N. C. Kelkar, M.L.A., explained the significance of the agreement arrived at between the Swaraj Party and Mr Gandhi at Calcutta and said that the compromise was the outcome of an intensely keen desire on the part of both the parties to offer a united front to the Bureaucracy. Certain Bengal No-Changers had endeavoured to prevail upon Mr. Gandhi not to sign the agreement at least then and there, but Mr. Gandhi, who had weighed all the pros and cons of the situation and who was bent upon placing the interests of the Nation above any party gains, proved too strong for his followers and displayed the magnanimity of his soul by candidly acknowledging and paying an eloquent tribute to the services rendered by the Swaraj Party through the Councils It was not without a free exchange of words that a 'via media' was eventually found out but the words used were never harsh although frankly spoken.

The whole debate was characterised by a spirit of give-and-take which had been manifested in the readiness of the Swaraj Party to accept the proposed franchise of yarn supply for the membership of the Congress and the willingness of the No-changers to recognise the work of the Swarajya Party and accepted it as an integral part of the Congress. The speaker hoped that the compromise would be ratified by the Bel-

(Continued on page 10.)

JAVA'S PLIGHT

SEVERE EARTHQUAKES OCCUR

SEVERAL TOWNS DESTROYED

OVER 300 DEAD.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Batavia.—Severe earthquakes have occurred in Java during the past two days and have caused heavy landslides. Many native towns in Kedew district have been destroyed. One village was thrown into a river and has completely disappeared. Deaths exceed 300. Many are missing. The centre of shocks is the health resort of Wonosobo where all buildings have collapsed.—Reuter.

JAPANESE SUPPORT TO CHINA.

ASSURANCE OF NON-INTERVENTION.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Geneva.—The upshot of to-day's proceedings of the Opium Conference is that China emerges unscathed though the debate will be resumed to-morrow. The essential feature of the French Convention for the control of the sale of opium is the number of the places of sale, prohibition of sale to miners, non-increase in number of opium-dens, prohibition of traffic and vigorous suppression of smuggling. The most note-worthy feature of the afternoon sitting was the Japanese delegates' taking up arms on behalf of China with a resolution expressing confidence in Dr. Sze's statements, expressing the hope that political circumstances would render amicable co-operation of China in the suppression of the scourge fruitful, and proclaiming their unalterable fidelity to the principle of non-intervention in China's internal affairs.

Some heat was engendered following the amendment submitteed by the Indian delegate regretting the "enormous illicit production of opium in China which finds its way to other Far Eastern countries, rendering its control most difficult."

Dr. Sze vigorously combated the amendment.

Suzimara eventually withdrew the resolution.

NEW STRONGMAN OF CHINA.

CONFERENCE OF WAR LORDS.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Hongkong.—Dr. Sun-Yat-Sen left to-day for Shanghai presumably to confer with the leaders of victorious parties in North China including Fengyuhsiang, Chang-Tso-Lin and Tuanchijui. Meanwhile a message from Tientsin reports that relations between these leaders are strained and efforts are being made to avert open hostilities. Chang-Tso-Lin's grip over the province of Chihli is being strengthened by the appointment of one of his generals as Governor.

(A Peking message of 5th November stated that, "With the collapse of the Chihli party and restoration of the powerful Anju party which was defeated in 1922, there is the likelihood of the emerging of a new strong man in China in the shape of Tuanchijui, formerly Yuanshikai's lieutenant, who had been secretly cooperating with Chan, Tso-Lin and Dr. Sun-Yat Sen.)—Reuter.

MISSION TO IBN SAUD.

ITALY'S CONCERN.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The "Daily Telegraph's" diplomatic correspondent gathers that Italian circles are concerned about Ahmed-es-Senussi's mission to Ibn Saud in connection with the future of the Khilafat. The information reaching Rome indicates that he is acting as an agent of Angora and that his activities are not friendly towards Italy.—Reuter.

OPIUM-SMOKING SCOURGE

MEASURES FOR TACKLING.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Geneva.—At a plenary sitting of the Opium Conference various delegations described opium-smoking measures in their respective territories.

The Japanese delegate mentioned there was a great decrease of smoking in Formosa.

Sir Malcolm Delevingne (England) spoke about the conditions prevailing in Hongkong and the Strait Settlements.

The British and French delegates announced that they had prepared draft Conventions on the subject of traffic opium.

Mr. Campbell (India) described the system of registration and rationing in Burma, and said that the possibility of extending the system depended largely on local conditions He expressed the opinion that prices should be regulated as the increase of the price of opium was tending to increase smuggling.

The British draft Convention proposes that the importation, manufacture and sale of raw and prepared opium shall be solely conducted under a Government monopoly. Provisions shall be made as regards the retail sale. Export shall be prohibited from territories. Instructions shall be given in schools to discourage opium-smoking. The number of retail shops shall be limited. It shall be laid down as an offence to engage in opium transactions outside the jurisdiction of the respective Governments who shall facilitate the exchange of information tending to assist the suppression of illicit traffic. The Convention is not intended to apply to the importation for medical purposes.—Reuter.

UDAIPUR.

THE FATE OF OLD MAHARAJA

RESULT OF INTERVIEW WITH VICEROY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Nov. 14.

The Maharaja of Udaipur left Delhi on the 13th instant without waiting for the Princes' Conference. During his stay in Delhi he had two interviews with the Viceroy. It is understood that the Maharaja was not satisfied with the result of interviews which related to his troubles with his son. It is well-known two years ago the Maharaja was compelled to delegate much of his authority to his son, Sir Bhagwant Singh. The delegated authority was to be exercised according to a written agreement which left to the Maharaja certain important supervising and consultive powers. But it is alleged the Kumar anxious to wield full powers has been setting at nought conditions of instruments. This developed into a quarrel which was ultimately referred to the Viceroy. It is said the Kumar has the firm support of the Political Agent and, therefore, his case weighs more with the authorities. It is further stated that the Maharaja is being forced to appoint as his political advisor a man selected by the Political Agent.

It is understood the Viceroy has rejected the memorial of the Queen of Bastar State (C. P.) for the cancellation of the betrothal of her step-daughter, Rani Prafulla Kumari, minor ruling princess of Bastar to Kumar Prafulla Chandra Deo of Mayurbhanj.

"MOSCOW MYSTERY."

CABINET COMMITTEE TO ENQUIRE.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, speaking at Glasgow confirming the Government's intention to constitute a Cabinet Committee to investigate M. Zinovieff letter said the Committee would have before it supplementary information which did not reach the late Government in time for communication to their Committee. After the report of the Committee, Government would decide what action they would take.—Reuter.

ZINOVIEFF LETTER.

TORY COMMITTEE OF INQUIRY.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

According to the "Daily Telegraph" the Committee of Enquiry into the Zinovieff letter consists of Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Lord Birkenhead, Sir W. Joynson-Hicks and Sir Douglas Hogg.—Reuter.

RUSSIAN RELATIONS WITH

NOT LIKELY TO BE AFFECTED BY CHANGE OF GOVT.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Well-informed circles discredit the suggestion that the Cabinet Committee dealing with the Zinovieff letter and Russian questions will consider the revision of the decision to recognise Russia. It is understood that the Committee will deal with the outstanding questions between Britain and Russia, but there is no likelihood of relations with Russia being broken off. As far as the Russian Treaty is concerned, the ratification of it rests with Parliament.—Reuter.

NOBEL PRIZE FOR LITERATURE.

AWARDED TO VLADISLAW REYMONT

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Stockholm.—The Swedish Academy has awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature to M. Vladislaw Reymont for his great work "Peasants" which reviews in the form of four novels, the history of Poland since its partition in the eighteenth century.—Reuter.

CANADA'S WHEAT CROP ESTIMATE.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Ottawa.—An official preliminary estimate of the wheat crop in Canada is put down at 271,000,000 bushels as compared with the final estimate of last year of 474,000,000.—Reuter.

EX-KING HUSSEIN.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Jerusalem.—A message from Amman states that ex-King Hussein is shortly proceeding to Busrah from Akaba to take up a residence on the banks of the Shatt-al-Arab.

RE-OPENING OF FRENCH SCHOOLS IN ANATOLIA.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Angora Government has authorised re-opening of French schools in Anatolia.—Reuter.

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated to a nicety impossible with solid fuel.

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WATER TAX.

INCREASE RECOMMENDED

MUNICIPAL BUDGET ESTIMATES.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Friday to consider the Budget Estimates for the year 1925-26. Mr. Byramji Jijibhoy presided on the occasion.

In opening the discussion of the Budget, Mr. Byramji Jijibhoy said:—

Hitherto the Revenue Budget and the Loan Works Budget used to be submitted to the Standing Committee one after another probably after an interval of about a month between them two, and after the Standing Committee had well-nigh finished the consideration of the Revenue Budget. It is for the first time in the history of the Bombay Municipal Budget that the two Budgets have been presented this year simultaneously to the Standing Committee by the Commissioner and that too before the statutory date, viz., 10th of November. The Commissioner and his Chief Accountant therefore deserve to be heartily congratulated for accomplishing this remarkable feat. On reference to the Revenue Budget for the next year, it will be seen that out of the total budgetted expenditure of Rs. 3½ crores, the expenditure on account of Municipal Debt Charges alone amounts to Rs. 1·15 crores. This latter sum includes a provision of Rs. 8 2/3 lakhs on account of Interest and Sinking Fund Charges on a loan of Rs. 1½ crores proposed to be raised in 1925-26. As the Loan Works Budget has been submitted this year to the Standing Committee along with the Revenue Budget, the Standing Committee has been afforded the opportunity of deciding whether one or more works out of the works proposed to be carried out from the proposed loan of 1½ crores should or should not be deferred or abandoned and the amount of loan and consequently the amount of Interest and Sinking Fund Charges and the relative taxation should or should not be proportionately reduced. If the Loan Works Budget had not been submitted with the Revenue Budget, the Standing Committee would have had to pass the provision of Interest and Sinking Fund Charges as hitherto without any scrutiny of the works in respect of which they have been provided. The Commissioner should therefore be congratulated for affording to the Standing Committee this year an opportunity for studying the Loan Works Budget side by side with the Revenue Budget and it may be hoped that similar opportunities will continue to be given in future with respect to Budgets of those years.

AN IDEAL BUDGET.

Coming to the Revenue Budget proper, it will be seen that the Commissioner has this year produced what is called an Ideal Budget wherein the two sides, viz., Income and Expenditure are almost equipoised. The Estimate of Income amounts to Rs 327.3 lakhs and the Estimate of Expenditure 326.6 lakhs. Although it is possible, that the Standing Committee may not be able to entirely approve of the Commissioner's Budget proposals, especially in regard to increases in Water tax and rates, the Commissioner does deserve to be thanked for the production of an Ideal Budget.

INCOME SIDE.

It will be seen from the Commissioner's Note on the Budget, that the estimate of Income on the existing rates of taxation would have amounted to Rs. 314.9 lakhs and the estimate of Expenditure excluding an increase of Rs. 13.3 lakhs on Water Works amounted to Rs. 318.3 lakhs. The increase of 13.3 lakhs on Water Works has led the Commissioner to propose an increase of 8 per cent. in Water Tax and certain variations in the rates for water by meter measurement. This increase in Water Tax and water rates is estimated to yield together about Rs. 12.4 lakhs. It is a question whether the expenditure on Water Works cannot be reduced to a certain extent so as to do away with the necessity of increasing Water Tax before giving increased water supply to the citizens. As regards the variations in the water rates, the Commissioner has proposed increases in the rates paid by the city and not by the suburbs. It is certainly unfair that while the city for which the Water Works are chiefly maintained should be called upon to bear the burden of increased cost of water, the suburbs which are given water by grace should not be asked to shoulder some portion of it. It is true that the Corporation has entered into agreements with the suburbs to supply them water at certain rates without anticipating the necessity for varying them on account of increased expenditure in future. Now that the expenditure on Water Works has greatly increased, it is but reasonable and fair that the suburbs should be called upon to pay for water a higher rates after giving them 2 or 3 months' notice.

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

Although Government have paid Rs. 4.4 lakhs in each of the two years 1922-23 and 1923-24 as their contribution towards Primary Education against Rs. 6.5 lakhs and Rs. 8.6 lakhs respectively claimed by the Schools Committee for those years, the Commissioner has provisionally taken the estimate of Government contribution for the next year at Rs. 9.5 lakhs. The opening balance of Rs. 8.3 lakhs for the year 1925-26 is also arrived at on the assumption that the Government contribution for the year 1924-25 would amount to Rs. 9.5 lakhs. Considering the experience of the years 1922-23 and 1923-24, it seems doubtful whether Government would ordinarily agree to pay more than about Rs. 5 lakhs in each of the years 1924-25 and 1925-26 especially when the matter is going to Court. If therefore Government do not pay more than Rs. 5 lakhs in each of the two aforesaid years the opening balance and the Income would respectively be reduced to about Rs. 3.8 lakhs and Rs. 322.8 lakhs. This would lead to a deficit of Rs. 3.8 lakhs in the Budget for 1925-26 as under and it would be impossible to meet the deficit out of the depleted surplus of Rs. 3.8 lakhs or rather 2.8 lakhs excluding the legal minimum of Rs. 1 lakh:—

Expenditure	.....	326.6
Income	.....	322.8
		3.8

This point requires to be carefully considered.

EXPENDITURE SIDE.

As regards the Expenditure side of the Budget, no provision seems to have been made for the running of the King Edward Memorial Hospital and the Goverdhandas Sunderdas Medical College which are proposed to be opened in June next. No provision has also been made in the Budget for the introduction of Free and Compulsory Education in E and G Wards about which the Corporation is so keen. Pending the necessary legislation for the levy of an Educational Cess, it would not be possible in the absence of a large floating surplus to undertake the introduction of compulsory education next year. Assuming therefore that Primary Education will not be made compulsory before the legislation for the levy of Educational Cess has been passed and assuming also that the King Edward Memorial Hospital and the Goverdhandas Sunderdas Medical College will be opened in June next, the expenditure for the year 1925-26 will exceed the Commissioner's estimate by about 4 to 5 lakhs. If therefore the estimated Income for 1925-26 runs short as pointed above and the expenditure exceeds the estimate as shown above, the deficit will be very heavy. The remedy for avoiding this catastrophe lies in either raising taxation or diminishing expenditure. Considering the depressed condition of trade and of the people in general, it would not be advisable to resort to increased taxation. The only other alternative to meet the situation is to cut down expenditure. It is understood that as a result of the enquiries conducted by the Retrenchment Advisor into the possibilities of retrenchments in Municipal expenditure, economies to the extent of about Rs. 8 lakhs are feasible. Again if some of the Loan Works which are not of an urgent nature are deferred for at least a year, the provision for Interest and Sinking Fund Charges can be reduced to some extent. It would thus be possible to make both ends meet without resorting to additional taxation in these depressed times.

AGAINST INCREASE IN WATER RATE.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said that it was a matter for satisfaction that the Commissioner had responded to the earnest desire of the Corporation by presenting the Loans Works and Revenue Budget at the same time and it was also for the first time that the Budget had been presented on the statutory date required by the Municipal Act.

The Commissioner had proposed that Water tax should be raised by ¾ per cent. Taxation was never a popular thing much more so when there was no *quid pro quo* for it. They were badly served in the matter of water supply although the existing Water rate was fairly high, they could not think of sanctioning any increase before water had actually been received in the city.

Coming to the Loan Works Budget, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said that he regretted that the Commissioner continued to include items of expenditure to which the Corporation had not given sanction. As many as nearly 60 big and small works costing in all a crore of rupees had been budgetted for, had been more or less irregular.

Mr. Haveliwalla also agreed with Mr. Jamnadas that the Water tax was uncalled for and that it would be resented by the people.

Mr. R. M. Chinoy said he appreciated the Commissioner's solicitude not to burden the people of Bombay with additional taxation in these depressed times. That was clear from the Commissioner's budget proposals for the next year. It would be seen that out of the total estimated increase of Rs. 157 lakhs in expenditure over that of the preceding year Rs. 133 lakhs were exclusively due to Water Works alone. To meet that additional expenditure on Water Works the Commissioner proposed to enhance Water tax and Water rates to an extent which would well balance the increase in expenditure. He was afraid that increase in Tax without any increase in supply of water would be very much resented by the public of Bombay. It was therefore desirable that except the increase in Debt charges as far as it was due to the Tansa Tripications Works and which was quite inevitable, all other increase in Water Works which was not very urgent should be cut down and deferred for a year.

FICTITIOUS SURPLUS.

Mr. Boman-Behram said that he did not agree with those members who characterised the Budget as an ideal one, on the contrary he considered it an unhealthy one. Water tax had been increased when there was no corresponding guarantee of more and purer supply of water. Added to that the Commissioner had tried to prepare them slowly for additional increase in General Tax. The surplus shown in the Budget was fictitious and he feared that there would be a deficit. It was merely a manipulation of figures. There was no provision made for primary education in the E and G Wards.

A TEMPORARY INCREASE.

Mr. Meyer Nissim said that it was a matter for congratulations that the Budget for the year 1925-26 necessitated no additional taxation other than an increase of ¾ per cent. in the water rate. It was inevitable in view of the large sums they were spending on the Tansa Tripication Scheme. The rise in the water rate was also only a temporary measure as with the extra water which the city would be received in another two or three years' time it would be possible to revert to a lower rate. It was but fair to assume that the income budgetted for the ensuing year would be fully maintained. Whilst that was reassuring, he could help pointing out that they were working on very close margins that should any mishap or unforeseen occurrence take place their budget would most easily be thrown out of gear. Their cash balance at the end of the current official year was estimated to be about 3½ lakhs which no doubt was too inadequate an amount seeing that the debit and credit sides of their account each exceeded 3 crores.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee said that the Budget appeared to him to be a pessimistic, optimistic sort of a thing. He thought that their working balance in hand of 5 per cent. was too inadequate to meet exigencies. He also found fault with the Budget in that there was no provision made for compulsory primary education.

COMMISSIONER'S REPLY.

Mr. Clayton, in answering criticism, said that on the whole there were not many controversial points raised in the discussion. He agreed with the members who resented the increase in the Water tax. He himself would like to do away with the increase if it was feasible. But that was not so. He had carefully gone into the history of the water supply of the city and he was convinced that the increase in the Water Tax was necessary. Some members suggested to do away with the chlorination of the water supply but that would be going back upon the resolution of the Corporation. Moreover he thought that the Corporation was right in insisting on chlorinate water as prevention was better than cure. Mr. Jamnadas was right in drawing their attention to items of expenditure not sanctioned by the Corporation. But when they referred to those items they would find that they referred to hospital furniture and appliances and if he was not to go in for them, the Hospital would not be opened.

In the end Mr. Clayton paid a tribute to Mr. Tambe in bringing out the Budget Estimates in time.

The Committee meets again for the discussion of Budget estimates on Tuesday next.

BAIL APPLICATION REJECTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13.

A Mymensingh correspondent reports in a local paper that Mr. J. R. Blair, the District Magistrate rejected the bail application on behalf of six persons arrested under the Bengal Ordinance. In rejecting the application the Magistrate held that such arrests had not been reported to him and were not ordered by him and it was therefore, impossible for him as well as for the applicants to say whether they were accused of any offence. He held that the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code did not apply to them and no court had power to release any person detained under the Ordinance. The Sessions Judge being moved also refused bail.

SUIT AGAINST A BENGAL M. L. C.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day Mr. M. Begg, Manager of the Praya Santi Press preferred a complaint against Mr. Abdul Jubbar Palwan, a member of the Bengal Legislative Council, on a charge of assault. Sometime ago Mr. Palwan obtained a process against Santi on charges of trespass and intimidation and made an affidavit filing a form letter from Mr. Fazlul Huq, ex-Minister of Bengal in which it was stated that he would be made the third Minister if he secured the votes of certain gentlemen to support the motion for Ministers salary in the Council. Both the cases will be taken up on the 20th instant.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13.

A belated message from Cuttack states that a motor lorry with about thirty passengers collided with the down Madras Mail train on the 9th instant at the crossing of railway lines and trunk road near the Cuttack railway station and as a result three persons were killed.

SWADESHI EXHIBITION AT BELGAUM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BELGAUM, Nov. 14.

The Swadeshi Exhibition at Belgaum promises to be a grand affair. The Arts and Industries of Karnatak will be prominently represented. Ivory and saudal-wood work from Mysore and Karwar will be a special feature of the Exhibition. The Secretary of the Exhibition Committee has extended the time for applying for stalls up to the 30th November and for sending articles up to the 10th December. A party of spinning demonstrators from Andhra will be in attendance. The weaving of khaddar saris and bodice cloths and weaving of the fine yarns for which Karnatak is known will also be demonstrated. Mr. Rangam Chetti of Narayanavaram has promised to award five medals worth Rs. 150 to the best spinners and many local gentlemen are also offering similar prizes.

TRIVANDRUM'S SYMPATH WITH VAIKOM JATHA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 12.

Trivandrum Capital of the State was en fete yesterday when it gave a unique reception to the Caste Hindu Jatha from Vaikom. The route of march of the Jatha was thronged with huge crowds and profusely decorated. The Jatha was profusely cheered by the crowd all along and congratulated in full sympathy with their noble endeavour. In honour of the Jatha a huge public meeting of over twenty thousand people was held on the beach when resolutions urging removal of distinctions between and grant of equal rights and privileges to all communities and castes in use of public roads, wells etc., were passed. Everything passed off quietly. Mr. George Joseph, who is now here on a visit, has also been of considerable help in organising the movement.

MADRAS COUNCIL.

PAPERS AND SECRET PROCEEDINGS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Nov. 13.

At question time in the Madras Council to-day, Government said that every possible effort was being made to restore irrigation supplies in the flood affected areas. The supply to irrigation under the Cauvery and the Vennar depended upon the closure of the large breach above Grand Anicut. This work was of exceptional difficulty, but every possible effort was being made.

Asked, whether under the new rules, the promoting authority in the case of the All-India services in the provincial cadre and the appointing and promoting authority in the case of the provincial and subordinate services which is defined as Local Government was, in Madras, the Governor-in-Council in regard to reserved subjects and the Governor acting with the Ministers in regard to transferred subjects, Government answered in the affirmative. It was also pointed out that the practice was for the Governor to take the initiative in all appointments, both transferred and reserved.

Replying to a question relating to nursing staffs in the various Government hospitals in Madras, the Minister for Public Health said that the nursing staffs of all the hospitals in Madras were now upto their sanctioned strength. The total number of nurses in all the hospitals of Madras aggregated to 287.

SELECT COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS.

After the questions were over, the President made a statement touching the publication in the press of select committee proceedings complaint about which was made in the House by the Leader of the House at the last meeting of the Council. The President placed before the House correspondence that had passed between himself and the newspapers in Madras. While some of them undertook not to publish such proceedings as were treated confidential, the "Madras Mail" said they could give no such undertaking. "Whenever they learnt anything about such proceedings of a definite news value, they considered it their duty to publish it for the benefit of their readers. The "Mail" added that the object of the House could be better served by instruction to the members of select committees to treat their proceedings as confidential."

Messrs. Satyamurthi and Ramaswami Mudaliar emphatically protested against the attitude of the "Mail" and requested the President to take effective steps against the paper to make it respect the wishes of the House.

WAIT TILL THE OFFENCE REPEATED.

The President said the House was not going to take lying down any repetition of the offence. He was sure that if there was any retition, after the warning, he would be supported by the House in any repressive or disciplinary steps that he might take. For the present he deprecated anything further being done. He thought what was said that morning had been sufficiently in reprimand and no journal could afford to snap its finger at censuras passed by the House. He also hoped that the House while it strongly felt that its dignity had not been respected would hold its soul in patience till they had an opportunity of judging whether these offences would be repeated.

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

Discussion was resumed on the Irrigation Bill when the Legislative Council reassembled this morning. The attendance of members was poor and among the distinguished visitors present was His Excellency the Governor who seated in his special box followed the proceedings with much interest for a considerable time. At question time, Government, in reply to an interpellation, stated that no cases of actual profiteering in food grains were reported from any of the districts affected by the recent floods. Profiteering was, however, apprehended in Malabar where, to ease the situation the District Collector had arranged for the import of rice from Cocanada for sale in the public.

Replying to a question of the depressed classes representative, the Minister of Education stated that scholarships for the exclusive benefit of the depressed classes were being awarded in educational and industrial institutions. Besides the award of general scholarships, pupils of the backward classes also received preferential considerations in educational institutions. A large number of scholarships tenable in the elementary, secondary and commercial schools were at the disposal of the Labour Commissioner who had also been authorized to grant remissions of fees to a maximum of 150 pupils.

PRIVILEGES OF PRESS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Nov. 13.

Apropos of the publication of the select committee proceedings, the editor of the "Hindu" in replying to a letter of the Secretary of the Council in regard to the matter said, "We shall make every endeavour to respect the wishes of the House consistently with the privileges of the press. In the particular instance cited by you, however, since there was no previous understanding that the proceedings were to be kept confidential, I fail to see how the publication can be held to be objectionable and improper—remarks, in fact, against which the press would, I feel, be justified in protesting."

"MADRAS MAIL" AND SECRET PROCEEDINGS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

Referring to the discussion in the Madras Legislative Council yesterday touching the correspondence arising out of the publication in the Madras press of some of the proceedings of the Select Committee, the "Madras Mail" in the course of an editorial asks, "What are the rules governing the publication of proceedings of the Council and its committees?" The paper asks that the press which is still denied a knowledge of these rules should be informed of them and adds: "In justice to the press and to the wider public which it serves we request that the Council through its President should issue an official communique giving the rules and convention regarding the publication of its proceedings so that the press may know what principles should guide its conduct and the public may know the degree of secrecy with which the Council desires to enshroud itself."

A MADRAS INVESTITURE.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

At the banqueting hall yesterday evening about 1,000 people were presented to His Excellency the Governor and Viscountess Goschen. His Excellency and Viscountess Goschen accompanied by Hon. Mrs. Balfour and Hon. Cicely Goschen arrived in state at the hall, punctually at 9-45, and after the investiture of Mr. W. S. Snow with the I.S.O. of Dr. P. S. Chandrasekhara Iyer with the first-class Kaiser-i-Hind gold medal and of Mrs. B. Wright with the second class silver medal and after the presentation there was a ball and dance which lasted till 12/10 when the function came to a close with the playing of the National Anthem.

"GREAT MOMENT IN NATION'S LIFE."

(Continued from page 9.)

gram Congress. The Swarajists had solemnly pledged themselves to it and the No-Changers could not revoke it or shrink from its acceptance without apostacy to Mr. Gandhi. Now that the principle of the division of labour was introduced no honest worker had any reason to feel dissatisfied with these arrangements.

PORTRAIT OF MAHATMAJI.

RESOLUTION IN MADRAS CORPORATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

At a general meeting of the Madras Corporation to be held on Tuesday next Mr. V. Chakkarai will move that a life size portrait in oil of Mr. Gandhi be prepared at the expense of the Corporation to be hung in the Council Hall. Among other resolutions tabled is one recommending spinning to be made compulsory in all the Corporation schools, another recommends that the usual clothing supplied to the Corporation employees should, in the future, consist of handspun and hand woven khaddar and two others recommend that steps be taken to combat typhoid fever and pulmonary tuberculosis in the city.

MAHATMA SPEAKS TO CHILDREN.

HIS VISIT TO MODERN SCHOOL.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Nov. 13.

Mahatma Gandhi visited the Modern School, Delhi this morning at 8. He went round the whole place and saw the children both at work and at play. He inspected also the kitchen and the dining-room, and was apparently much pleased. A smile of amused interest was seen on his face when some of the boys gave a demonstration of boxing. He spoke to the children in his characteristic way and was listened to with rapt attention. He spent a full hour with the children and left at 9.

MOSCOW-AND-BERLIN BOGEY.

MRS. BESANT SUPPORTS ORDINANCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Nov. 13.

Mrs. Besant in the course of an article in "New India" justifies the Viceroy's action in promulgating the Bengal Ordinance without consulting the Indian legislature on the ground of swiftness of action and on the obstructionist tactics of the Swarajists in the Assembly. She says clearly an underground conspiracy engineered from Moscow and Berlin has been going on and the party of violence exists and has to be dealt with. "I am content that Government should chold down assassination and robbery while we win Swarajya. All the parties in the country are not united by the common hatred of the Government. This is to go back again to the futile business of non-cooperation with a new superficial reason and the same object to bring Government to their knees, in which the previous attempt has so signally failed".

SPECIAL REPRESENTATION FOR MUSLIMS.

MUSLIM MEETING AT MORADABAD.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 14.

At a public meeting of the Muslims in Moradabad Dr. Shafaat Ahmad Khan M.L.C. Professor of History, Allahabad University, said that the Muslim community as an organised body had ceased to exist and was torn up into fragments. He laid great stress on communal representation but not from the spirit of rivalry or selfishness and pointed out that Hindu-Muslim unity was the fundamental postulate of their existence without which they would perish.

A number of resolutions were passed mostly urging more representation for Muslims and special representation in the services.

DEATH OF MR. E. D. MOREL.

FAMOUS AUTHOR AND JOURNALIST.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Mr. E. D. Morel, a Labour member of the House of Commons and a candidate for the Nobel Peace Prize, died suddenly to-day in Devonshire.—Reuter.

LEAFIELD, Nov. 13.

Mr. Morel (Labourite), one of the Members of Parliament for Dundee, died suddenly to-day. He first came into prominence by the means which he took, 18 years ago, in the campaign against the conditions of rubber exploitation in Belgian Congo. During the war he was one of the foremost of the small group of pacificists in this country.—B. O. W.

Mr. Edmund D. Morel, author, journalist and great friend of the oppressed, was born in 1873. His zeal for the cause of the black races has continued unabated since the time he founded the Congo Reform Association in (1904), of which he was the Secretary for 9 years. He brought out a good deal of literature exposing the tyrannies of the White-man in Nigeria, Congo and elsewhere. 'The Black Man's Burden' and 'Red Rubber' are classics on the subject. He was also the editor of the "African Mail" for 10 years.

A Liberal candidate from 1912-14, he resigned on the outbreak of the war and was amongst the founders of the Union of Democratic Control. He has written several well-documented books on the secret diplomacy leading to the War. His magazine "Foreign Affairs" has also done no mean service in this line. He entered Parliament again as a Labour Member in 1922. His name has now a long-time been discussed for the Nobel Peace Prize.

For the following sketch of Mr. Morel's life we are indebted to "The Herald Book of Labour Leaders" published by the Labour Publishing Company, Ltd.:—

A FIGHTER FOR TRUTH.

"Yes, yes," said the Mahomedan chief of Nigeria, long after Mr. Morel's visit to their country, "we remembered the white man with a straight eye. They spoke better than they knew. The life long vocation of Mr. Edmund Dene Morel has been to see the facts, the truth behind them, to declare what he has seen and act upon it. That is why blackmen in Africa and bishops in England called him a man sent from God and it is equally the reason why he was shut up in six months in Pantonville gaol. His inflexible honesty, pure public spirit and unflagging courage made the British Press exhaust upon him its superlatives—first of praise and then of condemnation.

Yet his career, from to last has been perfectly consistent each new piece of work has come to his hand because he did the preceding one thoroughly. As a young man he was exceptionally able and industrious shipping clerk. Therefore his employees, Messrs. Ryder Denipster and Co. of Liverpool, placed him in charge of their Antwerp Congo Steamship Service. Thus he came to hear first-hand stories of the atrocities committed under the rule of King Leopold of the Congo. He ascertained with great care and labour, the frightful facts and, being already an autrority on the West Africa affairs, he devoted the labour of years to the overthrowing of the cruellest, bloodiest, meanest slavery of modern times.

This work brought him into contact with European diplomacy and by way of doing his utmost to avert the war, he devoted the years immediately proceeding it to exposing the tortuous, and the hidden methods of the foreign policy of all nations concerned. The outbreak in August 1914, only made the work seem to him more necessary. He expanded his remarkable book "Morocco in Diplomacy" (1912) into 'Ten Years of Secret Diplomacy' (1916). He set himself to destroy the myth that the crime of 1914 was exclusively Germany's. He never paused in his tremendous out-put of letters, articles, pamphlets, books and speeches and he never accommodated his statements to the passions and prejudices of the time.

Hence his arrest in 1917 for the technical offence of arranging for a lady to take one of his books as a present to M. Romain Rolland in Switzerland and his six months' imprisonment.

The Union of Democratic Control, founded in August, 1914, is largely the creation of Mr. Morel. He is still its secretary and editor of its monthly journal, "Foreign Affairs."

He had been adopted before the war as Liberal candidate of Birkenhead, but his experiences taught him that a party paralysed by vested interests and honey-combed with corruption could not be trusted to curtail the dictatorship of the Executive in foreign policy or bring about these changes in an industrial organisation which he had seen to be necessary. Accordingly, in 1919 he joined I. L. P. and his victory over Mr. Winston Churchill at Dundee last November was to some people the most deplorable and to others the most joyful incident of the General Election.

Carrying in the House of Commons the same work that he did outside he showed from the first an easy mastery oft Parliamentary method and great power in debate.

I must add that he was born in Paris fifty years ago. His father was French, his mother English."

LATE MR. H. W. SASSOON.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Mr. Hector William Sassoon of Hong Kong and London, Director of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company, Limited, left property in Hong Kong valued at £989,000. He has left £37,000 in trust for the investment and distribution of income to assist the person found guilty of offence for the first time, unmarried mothers and illegitimate children.

NEW MG. DIRECTOR OF MARCONIS.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Mr. F. G. Kellaway succeeds, Mr. Godfrey Isaacs, who, owing to ill-health, has resigned the Managing Directorship of Marconis, whom however he continues to serve in consultative capacity.—Reuter.

(Mr. F. G. M. Kellaway was born in 1870. He was the Joint Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Munitions in 1916 and Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade in 1920. He became a member of Parliament in 1920 as a Coalition Liberal. He was made a Privy Councillor in 1920. He became the Postmaster-General in 1921.)

(Mr. Godfrey Charles Isaacs, originally a shop-broker, was invited by Mr. Marconi in 1910, since which time he has been the Managing Director of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company.)

It is understood, His Excellency the Viceroy has rejected the memorial submitted by the Patrani of Bastar State (Central Provinces) for the cancellation of the betrothal of her step daughter, Rani Prafulla Kumari Devi, the minor ruling princess of Bastar, to Kumar Prafulla Chandra Bhanj Deo of Mayurbhanj.—A. P.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

MONEY

There has been no interruption to the conditions of somnolent inactivity in the money market where supplies are plentiful and borrowers are few. The rate for call money is about 2 per cent. The demand for fixed deposits is good, the rate for three months being 3 3/4 per cent and for six months about 4 to 5½ per cent.

The current statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India shows a decrease of Rs. 154.58 lacs in the cash balance which now stands at Rs. 20,00,46,000, the percentage being 22.93 as compared with 23.83 of last week. There has been a reaction from the recent active trade demand; Loans have decreased by Rs. 13.26 lacs. Cash Credits by Rs. 75.29 lacs and Inland bills Discounted by Rs. 58.20 lacs. The Government deposits show a decrease by the large figure of Rs. 248.10 lacs, which may be attributed to early month payments, while the other deposits have increased by Rs. 14.69 lacs. The Bank rate remains unchanged at 6 per cent.

Having regard to the low figure of Rs. 1.86 crores to which Government deposits have shrunk from the total of Rs. 31.92 crores at end of August last and Rs. 24.23 crores at the end of September, it may be expected that with view of anticipating requirements of the ensuing busy season Government will issue further currency against sterling purchases without delay.

In the gilt-edged market the improving conditions noted in the previous week have continued and rates show some further improvement. The market closed under best, 3 per cent Paper improved from Rs. 66/1 to Rs. 66/6. 5 per cent Loans 1933 and 1945-55, are quoted at Rs. 97/10 and Rs. 99 respectively. 5½ per cent Bonds 1925 and 1928 are quoted at Rs. 102/12 and Rs. 102/14. 6 per cent Bonds 1926 and 1927, were not through at Rs. 100/12 and Rs. 101/1 and Rs. 102/8 and 1932 at Rs. 103/8. 6% per cent Bombay Development Loan is quoted at Rs. 107.

EXCHANGE

During the early part of the week the exchange market was quiet with a small business passing. T. T. on London being quoted down to 1s. 5-23/32d. On Wednesday, however, although there had been no applications for Council bills the market firmed up as a result of an improved showing of export bills both in Bombay and Calcutta. Ready T. T. improving to 1s. 5-29/32d., there being more sellers for December/January than for ready. The rate for December/January is about 1/32d higher than the rate for ready T. T. There was a fair inquiry for bullion remittances.

The week has seen a further notable advance in the dollar quotation from dol. 4.57-1/4 to dol. 4.63 1/8. An explanation of the notable improvement may be sought in regained confidence following the return of the Conservatives and the consequent prospects of stable Government in the United Kingdom which has led to a heavy business in remittances from New York to London representing a reaction from the previous feelings of nervousness. Among the principal Continental exchanges, French francs close at 87.50 Belgian francs at 95.60 and the Italian lira at 107.

The remittances to the Home Treasury during the month of October amounted to:—Sterling purchases in India £9,950,000. Council Bills £1,845,694. Total £11,095,694. The total of remittances from April 1st to October 31st, 1924, is £30,208,751 of which £1,000,000 was remitted on behalf of the Paper Currency Reserve.

There were no applications for the last sale of Council Bills. Rs. 1 crore will be offered for sale next week.

GOLD.

The firmer conditions that had developed in the gold market at the close of the previous week continued during the early part of the period under report and prices registered further improvement. On Wednesday, however, with the approach of the settlement and in sympathy with the improvement in sterling exchange, there was some reaction and the market closed easier. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 90s. 10d. and 89s. 8d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 22/15 and Rs. 22/10/3 for ready, Rs. 22/15 and Rs. 22/10/3 for 12th November settlement and Rs. 23 and Rs. 22/11/6 for 12th December settlement. The rate for sovereigns is steady round Rs. 14/10 for ready and Rs. 14/8/0 for forward. The off-take continues at the good average of about 50,000 tolas a day and the stock is estimated at about 10 lacs tolas, excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring in about £1,25,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £9,00,500. The total import of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 60,75,162 in bar and coin. The total import of gold during the month of October amounted to Rs. 6,37,05,967 in bar and coin. This week's shipment is expected to be for about £375,000.

SILVER.

The silver market has been generally steady during the period under review with an improvement in prices as the week advanced due less to the local off-take than to outside purchases. China coming into the market to buy. Without a continuance of this outside support the firm tone of the market is not likely to be maintained next week with the approach of the settlement. The rate for T. T. on London in Shanghai declined from 3s. 5-1/4d. to 3s. 3-3/4d. but subsequently improved and closes at 3s. 4-1/4d. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 34-1/4d. and 33-13/16d. for ready and 34-5/16d. and 33-15/16d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 76/15 and Rs. 76 for ready, Rs. 77 and Rs. 76/1 for 17th November settlement and Rs. 77/6 and Rs. 76/6 for 16th December settlement. The off-take averages about 110 bars a day and the stock is estimated at about 13,000 bars, excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring in about £1,25,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £2,40,000. The total import of silver during the week amounted to 1625 bars and Rs. 81,237 in coin. The total import of silver during the month of October amounted to Rs. 2,10,04,896 in bar and coin. This week's shipment is expected to be for about £100,000.

SHARES.

The Stock Exchange was open for three days during the week under report. Cotton mill shares have been generally steady with small improvement in prices. Kohinoors have remained steady at the lower level reached during the previous week. Bombay Dyeing and Century registered some improvement. The following are the fluctuations in some of the principal cotton mill shares:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 866/4-863/12; Century Rs. 403/12-402/8-411/4; Central India Rs 522/8-512/8; Crescents Rs. 247/8-142/8; New Great Rs. 412/8-406/4-407/8; Pearls Rs. 566/4-556/4-557/8; Simplex Rs. 261/4-253/12 and Swadeshi Rs. 610-612/8-610.

In the miscellaneous section, Alcocks show a further improvement. Bombay Burma and British Burma petrols are steady. Tata Iron and Steel both ordinary and deferreds have again eased. Cement shares are steady, Bandies quoting Rs. 9, Katni Ordinary 60 with deferreds at Rs. 165 and Shivrajpurs Rs. 46. Railway shares are steady but quiet Ahmedabad Prantij quoting Rs. 795, Central Provinces Rs. 102, Gujerat Rs. 74 and Tapti Valley Rs. 617/8.

Bank shares are steady. Imperial Bank shares are quoted at Rs. 1410 with Contributories at Rs. 357/8. Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 75 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 21/12.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole have displayed a continuance of upward tendency and last quotations to hand register a sharp advance both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. The market advanced on continued short covering and Commission Houses and trade buying.

The feature of the week has naturally been the issuance of the Government Report on condition, with its indication of a crop upto the end of the last month, which made its appearance in New York on Saturday last. When the report actually came out giving the condition as 55.9 per cent, not far removed from expectations, and indicating an outturn of 12,816,000 bales, this latter was construed "bearishly" both locally and on the other side of the water. In face of the bearish report the advance that materialised in New York following the publication was due to increased trade demand owing to improved stock markets as a result of the re-election of the American President. Since then the rise has been further accentuated owing to renewed trade and speculative buying, and the market presents a good undertone.

As regards crop prospects, picking and marketing has made a rapid progress, whilst the climatic conditions have strengthened the development of further growth, and a tendency to expect an increased yield has generally been recognised. On the other hand, there is a certain section of trade which considers that present prices discount a crop of 13 million bales and that a still further advance is probable owing to enhanced trade demand, but we hesitate to fall in with their views, as we anticipate that the present high prices are sure to check the speculative demand now in existence. We still believe that a crop of 13 million bales and even more will be realised as no freeze of an injurious character has so far been reported, although recent cables indicate somewhat cooler weather.

Trade conditions in Manchester, judging from reports received, show an extensive and healthy demand during the week. The general opinion is that goods are urgently needed in most markets and the re-election of the American President is leading to a renewal of confidence in business circles with the result that the feeling is one of great hopefulness. The demand for American spot continues on satisfactory lines, and following the stranger future markets a certain stiffening in prices has taken place. The available supply is small, but generally speaking there is an inclination amongst sellers to meet buyers.

On the whole, whilst we do not look for any run away market or a material rise from the present level in the near future, we consider it preferable to conservatively sell on advances rather than buy on declines as we have no faith in the present level of prices looking to the big size of the crop this year.

The local market has also developed strength during the week under review and prices register an advance of about Rs. 16 over those ruling when last we wrote. Increased interest is being shown by Japanese Exporters who are committed to sales for November shipment, and owing to the late movement of the crop they find themselves compelled to pay very high prices for the purpose of securing their immediate requirements, and hence the market is sustained at the moment. When once their commitments have been covered prices will have to give way as there is little indication of any new demand.

The ready market has remained steady and owing to the small stocks and the slow movement of the new crop holders show little anxiety to sell.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	Last week.	This week.	
New York December	22.80	24.46	plus 166
New York January	22.97	24.68	„ 171
New York March	23.23	24.92	„ 169
New York May	23.40	25.30	„ 190
New York July	23.25	25.00	„ 175
Liverpool January	12.94	13.52	„ 58
Liverpool March	13.01	13.59	„ 58
Liverpool May	13.05	13.64	„ 59
Liverpool July	12.95	13.53	„ 58

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

The local market was closed on the 7th instant. F. G. Broach April/May opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 458 and gradually declined to Rs. 454½ on selling by Commission Houses and brokers. Around this level Exporters and Bazar operators bought which caused the market to recover to Rs. 468. On the 10th inst. the Bazar opened steady at Rs. 468½ in sympathy with a sharp advance in New York futures and fluctuated within a narrow range. Owing to a further sharp advance in America the market opened strong at Rs. 464½ on the 11th instant. On buying by Japanese Houses and Exporters the prices improved to Rs. 465½. On the 12th inst. the market opened steady at Rs. 467. On buying by Commission Houses and Bazar operators the prices improved to Rs. 469. Going down by half a rupee the market further advanced to Rs. 470 on Shroffs buying On the 13th instant the Bazar opened steady at Rs. 472½ and improved to Rs. 473½ on one Japanese House buying. Around this level Commission Houses and Exporters sold which caused the market to drop to Rs. 468 and after some fluctuations the Bazar closed at Rs. 470 on the same day.

Fine Oomra Dec/January opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 442 and declined to Rs. 439 on Commission Houses selling. Around this level prominent shroffs were buyers and the market went up to Rs. 450. Touching Rs. 448 the market further improved to Rs. 461 on Shroffs and Commission Houses buying. From this level the market gave way to Rs. 452 on Bazar operators selling and closed on the 13th inst. at Rs. 454½. Whilst Oomra March opened at Rs. 432 on the 8th instant and going down by a couple of rupees steadily advanced to Rs. 448 on buying by Shroffs and Commission Houses. On Bazar operators selling the prices eased to Rs 442 and the market cloed on the 13th inst at Rs 443½. F. G. Bengal Decr/January opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 393 and closed at Rs. 409 on the 13th inst. the highest being Rs. 411 and the lowest Rs. 391.

PIECE-GOODS.

There has not been much activity in the Cloth Market during the past week. The retail demand for White Goods has been moderate, but the wholesale enquiry has not been in evidence. The up-country demand that was expected during this time has not materialised, and buyers seem to be waiting for lower rates. The plague in Madras and other places coupled with the after-effects of the floods have restricted business to a great extent. The failure of a big piece-goods firm, whose liabilities extend upto ten lakhs of rupees, has caused a sensation in Amritsar, and as a result of this the trade is said to have come to a standstill, inasmuch as the dealers are refusing to supply goods on credit. The Calcutta market is also slack and goods are not moving well owing to the political uneasiness in Bengal and stocks there begin to accumulate. Karachi is better off both as regards consumption and stocks, although prices there are easier.

No fresh Manchester business is taking place in expectation of lower prices later on and due to distant shipments asked on account of short time working. Since the beginning of February the production of the Mills has been curtailed on an organised scale, but since then a definite improvement in trade has set in. On the 3rd instant the weekly working hours were increased from 26½ to 32, and the Federation of the Master Cotton Spinners of Manchester have now decided to recommend to the members to vote at the forthcoming ballot that the weekly hours of work in Mills spinning American cotton be increased from 1st December from 32 to 40½. The production of Egyptian yarns has been well consumed and very high prices have had to be paid for the same. In consequence of this the quotations for Mulls, Jaconets and fine Dhooties have been rather stiff. Buyers are finding the delivery terms going against them in several styles, in which the manufacturers are engaged for some months ahead. The merchants here are gradually realising the strong position of the Manchester Market, but the state of affairs here do not encourage them to make substantial purchases for distant deliveries on the present basis of values, and in face of the fluctuations in the rate of exchange.

In 39 inches Red End Grey Shirtings of Manchester make, a further reduction of an anna per piece has been noticeable, and the merchants are losing money on the last purchases. Drills have been easier, as also Grey Jaconets of Standard makes. Narrow width ranges of low quality White Nainsooks have been easier to a great extent. In 39 inches by 20 yards Gold End Mulls a slight improvement has been effected.

For Local Mill Goods there has been some retail demand from up-country. The state of the market during the earlier part of the week was dull, both as regards consumption and prices, the latter being half to one anna per lb. less than what they were ruling on the "moorat." This is due to the accumulated heavy unsold stock of about 75,000 packages and sold but undelivered goods about 50,000 bales at the end of September, exclusive of the unsold production of the month of October along with the mills. These in all would bring the total to about 1,50,000 packages, which is rather too excessive, taking into consideration about twenty per cent. reduced production since the last three months owing to the absence of mill hands through sickness. Such idle overhead charges have enhanced the cost of production. Under the above circumstances and more through the anticipation of a big slump in cotton prices, owing to the record Indian and American cotton crops, the dealers as well as the consumers are adopting a waiting policy in their purchases and, keeping aloof from the market, are only buying in driblets their immediate requirements. The mills will thus have to carry over at the end of the year out of the last three months' production, over and above the quantity already in hand as stated above, a further heavy unsold line manufactured out of dearer cotton secured in part at a heavy premium on the expectation low prices of the new crop and thus incur a further loss in same by realising later on lower rates than at present, in sympathy with the fall in the raw material prices when the crop will begin to move in large lines from up-country markets by the beginning of the new year. The mills cannot therefore be expected to effect fresh sales at fair rates and the improved margin of profits expected by them with the fall in cotton will be lost to them.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p.
Ralli's Fari No.2000	39×	37½/38	12	12	0
„ 100,000	..45×	„ ..	15	8	0
„ No 33,000	..45×	„ ..	14	8	0
„ No. 2800	....37×	..	11	8	0
„ No. 4545	..38×38	..	13	0	0
„ No. 15000	..44×38	..	14	0	0
„ No 16000	..	„ ..	14	8	0
„ No. 17000	..	„ ..	15	0	0
Graham's No. 2730	39×	„ ..	12	12	0
„ No. 2750	..45×	„ ..	15	8	0
„ Yellow Horse	43×39	..	..		
„ No. 2310	..44×38	1-2..	..		
Dewhursts BBB	..38×38	1-2..	21	0	0
„ BB	..38×38	1-2..	18	0	0
„ Rupee No. 5	33×38	1-2..	16	8	0
Ritchie's No. 510	..39×	37 1/2/38	12	12	0
„ No. 4462	..41×	„ ..	..		
Lyon's Shunker	..39×	„ ..	12	12	0
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51×38	Avg.	19	0	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	..29×40	Net	25	8	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425	26×40		15	8	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	..45×22	..	8	3	0
„ NJ 18	..40×22	..	7	3	0
„ No. 138	..40×22	..	6	11	0
„ No. 636	..44×22	..	7	8	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	32×42	..	25	0	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	..36×40	..	28	8	0
Ralli's No. 9889	..33×40	..	18	12	0
Forbes K. B. 100	..33×40	..	..		

WHITE MULLS...

Ralli's No. 6	..41×19	..	8	0	0
„ No. 60	..46×19	..	8	12	0
„ No. 600	..51×19	..	9	8	0
„ No. 6000	..56×19	..	11	0	0
„ No. 88	..58×20	..	8	0	0
„ No. 1270	..27×18	..	3	15	0
„ No. 166	..39×20	..	7	6	0
„ No. 818	..39×20	..	7	8	0
„ No. 1440	..36×20	..	5	10	0
„ No. 5352	..42×20	Net	..		
„ No. 2755	..42×20	Net	..		
„ No. 1703	..52×20	Net	14	8	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18	..	3	15	0
„ No. 119	..37×18	..	..		
„ No. 229	..42×18	..	..		
„ No. 339	..47×18	..	..		
„ 1K-4K36",43" 48"53×18		Avg.	5	14	0
„ No. 95	..58×20	..	7	15	0
„ No. 66999	..40×18	..	5	8	0
„ No. 86999	..40×18	..	6	0	0
„ No. 775	..40×18	..	6	0	0
„ No. 875	..45×18	..	6	8	0
„ No. 975	..50×18	..	7	0	0
„ No. 615	..50×18	..	7	0	0
Graham's Baloon	..58×20	..	7	15	0
Greaves' No. 5060	..27×18	..	..		
Flemings No. 8080	..26×18	..	..		

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	27×18	..	4	11	0
„ No. 61-81	..	„ ..	4	5	0
„ No. 1850	..	„ ..	3	12	0
„ No. 1900	..	„ ..	3	14	0
„ No. 2600	..	„ ..	4	0	0
„ No. 21021	..	„ ..	4	2	0
„ No. 39620 T. B.	38×22	..	6	12	0
Graham's Nos. 88-8888	28×18	..	5	8	0
„ No. 95950-97970 Saraswati	..38×18	..	9	8	0
„ Tipoo W/WW	34×18	..	6	4	0
„ No. 50000	..	„ ..	6	12	0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360			7	4	0
Lyon's No. 4545-5656		..	..		
6767	..26×18	..	..		
Greaves' No. 30000-50000	„	..	..		
„ No. 8000 T. B.	38×22	..	..		
Ritchie's Nos. 3500-4510 5520	..26×18	..	4	8	0
S. W. and Co's. Nos. 5800-5820 "Motor Car"	..	..	4	8	0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—

No. 666 Shirtings	..38×38	.. Net	..		
„ AAA 17 lbs.	..36×40	.. „	21	8	0
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40	.. „	20	0	0
„ 55000 „	..44×38	.. „	15	0	0
„ 5151 „	..44×38	.. „	15	0	0
„ 4141 „	..44×38	.. „	13	8	0
„ 3800 „	..44×38	.. „	21	8	0
"C" Sheetings	30×36	Ex. Bond „	9	14	0
"9" Dragons	30×36	Ex. Bond „	9	14	0
"Elephant" Drills	29×40	.. „	19	4	0
"Buck" Drills	.. 26×40	.. „	15	12	0

YARN MARKET.

BOMBAY, Nov. 14.

There is nothing special to be reported this week, as the prices all round have remained unchanged in English, Japanese and Indian Yarns. Cotton remained unchanged the beginning of the week but in the last part owing to America being very strong prices were raised up to Rs. 4/0 and due to Cotton being steady, prices in Yarns also kept steady. Satisfactory demand however has not come from the consuming centres, and we hope it will come out in the near future when there will be some good business reported in Yarns.

Manchester Firms have raised their prices in Yarns due to demand as well as Cotton going up, but very little business is reported with India this week. 50s/70s Cops is reported at 44d., due to a rise in Egyptian Cotton, but dealers still have no faith in these prices and the result is that no business is done with Manchester.

According to the Bureau Report, the Cotton prices should go down but due to good demand being reported from America cotton is very steady, and there are very less chances for prices going down in the near future.

The Japanese House were quoting the same prices more or less as the last week, and thus they are taking the advantage and watching the Indian Market very keenly to do their business slowly and slowly. They are quoting the same prices, and on the otherhand Manchester Firms increasing their prices the result is that the Japanese are selling freely in the Market. This week they have sold 20s about Rs. 410 22s about Rs. 505 40s about Rs. 540 2/42s Grey Yarn about Rs. 585 all for November/December Shipment. In Mercerised Yarns also they have booked some few c/s 2/42s Mercerised at about Rs. 525, and thus they are doing very good business in the Indian Market. The Japanese Exchange remained however 113/4 to 11/4 and this also helped the Japanese Firms to sell freely.

Indian Cotton Yarn Prices are steady due Cotton, but the consuming centres have no faith at all in these prices and they say that there is chance of business only when the Market will go down by an Anna per lb.

LOCAL YARN MARKET.

Bombay November 14.

		Rs.	a.	p.
6 1/2s SECOND QUALITY. ..				
Finlay		12	8	0
Apollo		12	8	0
Simplex		12	0	0
Shapoorji		11	12	0
Currimbhoy		11	12	0
6 1/2s. FIRST QUALITY. ..				
Edward Sassoon				
Apollo				
David				
8 1/2. FIRST QUALITY.				
Jacob (Seven stars)		13	4	0
Edward Sassoon		13	4	0
Apollo				
Bradbury		12	12	0
10 1/2s.				
Shapoorji		13	12	0
Apollo				
Swadeshi		15	0	0
Bradbury		14	4	0
Asur Virji		13	10	0
David (Flowerman)				
David (Cockatoo)				
Indo China				
12 1/2s.				
Elphinstons		14	12	0
Currimbhoy		14	4	0
China		14	0	0
Moon		14	0	0
Apollo		15	4	0
Dawn		14	0	0
14 1/2s.				
Kilachand		15	0	0
Apollo		15	8	0
City		16	0	0
Colaba Land		16	0	0
Fazalbhai		15	4	0
20's.				
Kilachand		17	4	0
Edward Sassoon				
Elphinstone		17	0	0
Phoenix		17	8	0
Dawn		17	8	0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS. DAILY QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, November 14.

		per lb.	Rs.	a.	p
Kilachand ..	..No.	14 1/2	0	15	2
Kilachand ..	..No.	20 1/2	1	5	3
Currimbhai ..	..No.	12 1/2	0	14	3
Elphinstone ..	..No.	12 1/2	0	14	3
David	..No.	10 1/2	0	13	9
Shapurji ..	..No.	10 1/2	0	13	9
Trikamdas ..	..No.	10 1/2	0	13	9
Settara ..	..No.	10 1/4	0	14	3
Shapurji ..	..No.	6 1/2	0	11	6
Light-house ..	..No.	6 1/2	0	11	3
Japan	..No.	40—1	1	7	0
„	..No.	42—2	1	9	3
„	..No	20	1	2	2
„	..No	32	1	5	6

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Nov. 14

Depression has formed in the Bay with its centre about 200 miles west of Port Blair. It will possibly develop into a storm to-day.

Rainfall had been local in Southeast Bengal and Southeast Madras with a few falls in Burma and Malabar.

The chief amounts are:—Port Blair four inches; Hinbu and Yamethin one; and Tinnevelly and Madura three quarters.

Forecast:—No large change.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13.

Bihar and Orissa, week ending 10th November. Rain was general over the province and was heavy in Gaya, Puri, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Palamau and generally moderate in the rest of the province. Standing crops are doing well. Some damage has been done to paddy and newly sown rabi in the parts of Patna, Saran, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Santal, Parganas and Palamau by the recent rainfall. Some damage to paddy has also been done by insects in parts of Puri and Sambalpur. The pressing of sugarcane continues in places. The preparation of lands for rabi is going on, and the sowing is in progress, but recent rain has retarded the sowing in the districts of Gaya, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Purnea and Plamau. The harvesting of early winter paddy continues in Chota Nagpur and some districts of Bihar. The price of common rice has risen in six districts of Bihar. The price of common rice has risen in six districts, fallen in three, and remained stationary in the remainder. The average price of local common rice at headquarters excluding Angul is 6.75 seers a rupee against 6.92 seers last week, and that of maize is 10.41 seer against 10.20 seers.

Supply of fodder and water is reported to be generally sufficient.

Cattle disease is reported from twelve districts.

The condition of the standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa and Chota Nagpur is reported as good.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS. GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, November, 13.

Means of observations taken at 6. a. m., 10 a.m., 2 p. m., 4 p.m., and 10 p. m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. 29.878 inches.

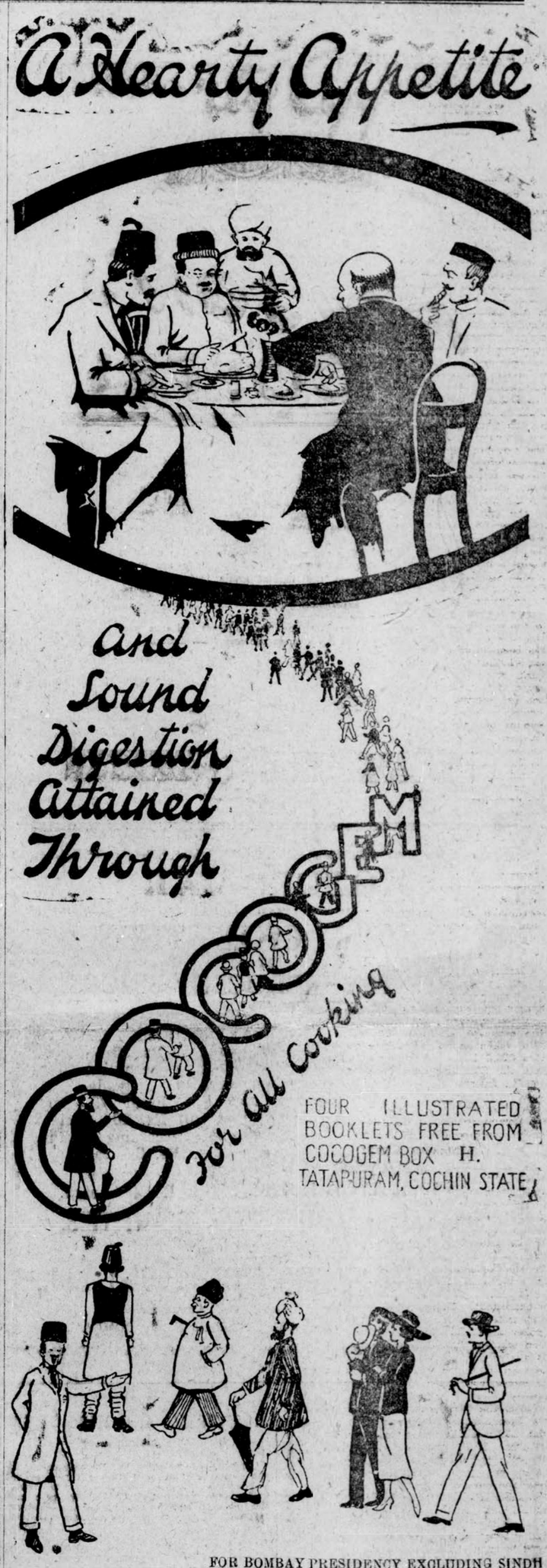
Temperature of Air	.. ..	78.3 degree
Wet Bulb Thermometer	.. ..	71.0 „
Dew Point	.. .. ..	67.0 „
Relative humidity of Air	..	69% „
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	..	0.0 „
Maximum temperature of Air	..	86.8 „
Minimum	.. .. ..	71.9 „
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		E, NW, NNW,
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	.. ..	129 miles

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Nov 15 (Sat) Sunrise 6h 45h. Sunst 6h 1m.
Nov. 16 (Sun) Sunrise 6h. 46m. Sunset 6h. 1m.
Nov. 17 (Mon) Sunrise 6h. 46m. Sunset 6h. 1m.
Nov 18 (Tue) Sunrise 6h. 47m. Sunset 6h. 1m.
Nov 19 (Wed) Sunrise 6h. 48m. Sunset 6h. 0m.
Nov 20 (Thu) Sunrise 6h. 48m. Sunset 6h. 0m.
Nov 21 (Fri) Sunrise 6h. 49m. Sunset 6h. 0m.
Nov 22 (Sat) Sunrise 6h. 49m. Sunset 6h. 0m.
Nov 23 (Sun) Sunrise 6h. 50m. Sunset 6h. 0m.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER Bombay mean Time,	Depth on Still.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.
	Nov	h. m.	ft. in.	Nov	h. m.	ft. in.
F.	14	0 46	28 4	14	6 44	19 1
		12 28	26 2		18 31	16 3
Sat.	15	14 58	26 5	15	0 48	19 4
		8 18	25 3		14 2	18 5
Sun.	16	1 44	27 7	16	7 51	19 10
		13 24	25 3		19 33	17 4
M.	17	2 16	27 0	17	8 33	20 4
		14 1	24 8		20 5	18 0
Tu.	18	2 54	26 6	18	9 24	20 8
		14 46	24 1		20 43	18 9
W.	19	3 37	26 0	19	10 37	20 10
		15 47	23 8		21 40	19 7
Th.	20	4 33	25 8	20	11 57	20 6
		17 4	23 7		23 4	20 2



POLSON'S COFFEE

Every day in every way Polson's Coffee is becoming more and more popular. People who have tasted it realise that it is better Coffee than they have ever used before; so they continue to use it and to recommend it to their friends.

You too would appreciate the fine qualities of these famous Coffees. They are made from the highest grade beans, which are roasted and ground by experts of 45 years experience.

Try just one tin, and we feel sure you will never again use any other brand.

Look for the PRESENT TICKET in every 1lb tin

You might as well buy the best

HAVOC OF MALARIA IN BOMBAY.

URGENCY OF VIGOROUS MEASURES TO COMBAT IT

Dr. H. V. Tilak, M.B.B.S. (Lond.), F.R.C.S., (Edin.), has addressed a letter to the President and members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, in which he deals with the question of the prevention of malaria in the city. In view of the fact that malaria has increased enormously during the last five years and nearly 50 per cent of the citizens of Bombay were affected during the last four months, Dr. Tilak requests the members to ask priority to this subject for a thorough discussion, as it is essential that serious and urgent attention should be paid to the problem. Dr. Tilak reviews the results of the investigations of the Bentley Committee in 1908 and of the anti-malarial operations of the Municipality in later years. Referring to the popular opposition encountered during the operations Dr. Tilak writes:—

There was a great stir in religious circles among the Parsees and Hindu communities and great indirect pressure was brought to bear on the authorities so the necessary legislation regarding closing or filling up of wells and tanks or protecting them effectively from the breeding of mosquitoes could not be carried out.

The Municipality did not sanction even a third of the amount recommended for inonly. Though a special malaria officer only. Though a special malaria officer was appointed the essential thing i.e., adequate subordinate staff, was not given.

Measures were carried out against all species of mosquitoes in spite of inadequate hands and legal powers.

Anti-mosquito work was carried on in all the words simultaneously and equally and not in the proportion of the heaviness of infection in the various wards. The Port Trust, the Improvement Trust and the Railway Companies appointed their own staffs but they generally declined supervision by the Municipal Malaria Officer. The concession to use trap door to the wells was abused in 90 per cent of cases. Magistrates discharged many offenders with a warning or nominal fine only, usually after protracted legal proceedings.

The immense demolishing and levelling work undertaken by the Improvement Trust in opening up Sandhurst Road and Princess Street probably provided ample temporary breeding grounds for the mosquitoes. Open wells and cisterns in the neighbouring compounds or buildings provided permanent breeding grounds for these mosquitoes as no systematic inspection of the temporary breeding places was carried out. The special anti-malaria department was broken up after 1918 and was re-instated only as late as 1923.

WHAT SHOULD BE DONE.

It will thus be seen, says Dr. Tilak, that the very practical observation and suggestions of the Bentley Committee were thrown out without a fair trial. The chief points to be emphasised in any future attempts at malaria prevention should be somewhat like the following:—

There must be unity of control so far as anti-malaria operations are concerned. The various Trusts and the Railway Companies may appoint their own staffs but they should be adequate in number and should work under the direct supervision of the Municipal Malaria Officer.

There should be adequate legal powers and the concession of trap-door should be withdrawn.

The Municipality must sanction sufficient money for anti-malaria work and appoint a capable Malaria Officer and an adequate subordinate staff.

The Bombay and India Governments should both be approached for meeting annually a part of the expenditure on this head.

The Municipality should find out means to meet the rest of the expenditure and in the event of either of these Governments not making any grant, the entire expenditure, either from the existing resources or by fresh taxation.

There should be a propaganda branch of this Malaria Department which should encourage the formation of voluntary Health Committees in different parts of this city and partly finance them. Lantern-lectures in vernaculars, in front of chawls, Health Exhibitions and free distribution of literature should be some of its other activities.

It need not be pointed out that the final scheme to be adopted will take months to mature. So it is necessary to make an earnest move now if work on new lines is to commence before the next monsoon sets in.

TRANSPORT OF COTTON IN SURAT.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—At the last session of the Bombay Legislative Council the Hon. Minister in charge the Agriculture Department had brought for the approval of the Council a notification creating the following Protected Areas:—

1. From Par River on the South to Tapti River on the North.
2. From Tapti River on the South to Narbadda on the North.

It was further provided that the licensing authority may without any inquiry issue licenses to people of 16 villages of Chorasi taluka, 46 villages of Olpad taluka and 45 villages of Mandvi taluka.

To this I had moved an amendment to the effect that the whole of the Surat district shall be one Protected Area. Doctors Dixit and Mehta had also given notice of a similar amendment. When my amendment was under discussion in the Council it was suggested on behalf of Government that the Council should allow Government to impose restriction on the transport of cotton by rail and that Government would agree to allow free transport of cotton by road. As there were some doubts about the legality of this step the consideration of the question in Council was postponed till the following day and in the meantime a Conference was called to consider and discuss the legal position. At this Conference the Advocate-General and the Legal Rememrancer were of opinion that it was not possible under the Cotton Transport Act to distinguish between the transport of cotton by rail and its transport by road. It was, however, agreed on behalf of the Bombay Government that the Government of Bombay would move the Government of India to amend the Cotton Transport Act in such a manner as to give the Local Government the power to allow transport of cotton by road while prohibiting its transport by rail and in the meantime the following compromise was agreed to.

The old three zones to remain, but Government gave an undertaking not to put any *nakas* along the Mindhola line. Further it was agreed that the Licensing Authority shall issue licenses to all the cultivators of all the villages of the Surat district to the north of the Tapi and his provision is made in the Rules passed by the Legislative Council and so Government cannot go back on this without coming before the Council and getting this Rule altered. Moreover it was stated on behalf of Government that the cultivators would be able to get these licenses in their own village from a Committee of their own village people.

Let us see what is the effect of this compromise. It practically allows free transport of cotton by road in the Surat district. Cotton from anywhere to the south of Tapti can be taken any where by road as there will be *nakas*. Cotton from places in the Surat district to the north of the Tapti can be taken to the south of the Tapti under a license which the Licensing Authority is bound to grant and can then be taken to any other place as there will be no *nakas* to the south of the Tapti To take a concrete example, cotton from Kim can be taken by road to Surat under a license and from Surat can be taken by road to Navsari or to any other place.

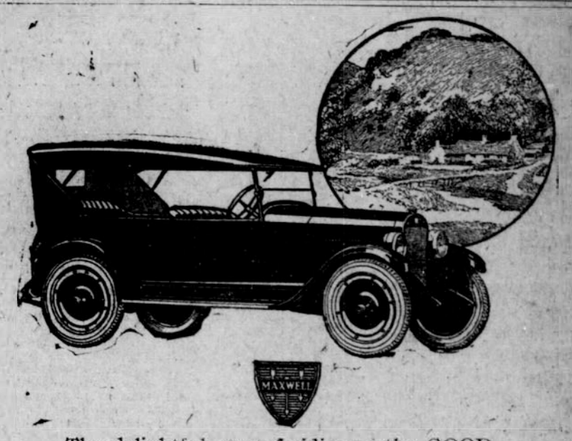
This compromise is in my opinion much more favourable to the poor cultivators of the Surat District than the constitution of the Surat district into one Protected Area would have been. It is true that in that case there would have been absolutely free transport of cotton by road inside the Surat District, but in that case it would have been possible to transport cotton by rail from Kim to Surat or Navsari which would have brought down the price of cotton at Surat and Navsari and thus the cultivators to the south of the Tapti would have received a much smaller price for their cotton and would have suffered a loss of lakhs of runees. The cultivators carry their cotton by road, and it is the cotton merchant and the ginner who carries his cotton by rail. By this compromise the cultivator gets for all practical purposes a free transport of cotton by road and the cotton merchant and the ginner is prevented from carrying inferior cotton by rail and mixing it with superior cotton and thus bringing down the reputation and the price of the superior cotton.

If there were no *nakas* on the Tapti also, inferior cotton from Baroda territory to the North East of the Surat district and from Ankleshwar taluka could be brought to Surat and Navsari, and thus the price of Surat and Navsari cotton would be lowered. By the putting of the *nakas* on the Tapti the cultivators of the Surat district have, it is true o ake licenses at some slight inconvenience, but then they are protected against inferior cotton of Baroda territory and south Broach district. This compromise is also better for the cultivators of south Broach district as they can bring their cotton to Kim and Sayan across the Kim river which they would not have been able to do if Surat were one Protected Area.

On the whole, taking everything into consideration this compromise is highly advantageous to the people of Surat district but we have to be careful about two things. We must see that Government observes its undertaking and does not put any *nakas* along the line of the Mindhola and that no inconvenience or trouble is caused to the poor cultivators of the Surat district north of the Tapti in getting licenses either this year or at any future date. The cultivators must also reciprocate and co-operate by refusing to pass off outside cotton as cotton grown inside Surat district. As I would like to watch the system of granting licenses for the transport of cotton by road, I shall feel grateful if any cultivator who experiences any inconvenience, trouble or difficulty in getting a license for the transport of his cotton will please write to me giving full details.—Yours, etc.,

H. B. SHIVDASANI.

Laldarwaja, Ahmedabad.



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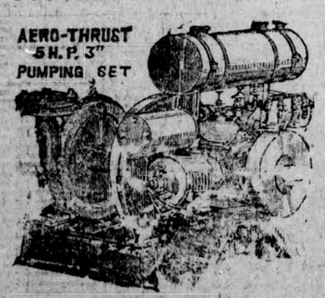

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RAJPUTANA HINDU CONFERENCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

AJMER, Nov. 12.

The Rajputana Hindu Conference was held at Pushkar on 10th and 11th November under the presidentship of Rao Saheb Gopalsinghji, Rajasthan Kesari of Kherwa, in a beautiful pandal erected near Brahmaji's Temple. Visitors attended in large numbers and delegates from all parts of Rajputana joined. Among those prominent were Pts. Dindayal Sharma, Hari Swarup Shastri, Nekiram Sharma, Bhairjanath Choubey and Bhalgat Ram Shukla. Messages from Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya, Swami Shraddhanand and others were read. The Conference unanimously supported all the resolutions passed by the Hindu Mahasabha at Allahabad and Benares. Eloquent and scholarly speakers exhorted the audience on Shuddhi, Sangathan and organisation of a Hindu Sevakdal and elevation of Depressed Classes and resolutions regarding the same were passed amidst great enthusiasm. Great sympathy was expressed with Kohat Hindus and flood-stricken people.

A Provisional Committee was formed to carry on Sangathan work in Rajputana.

A MUSSALMAN INDUSTRIAL BANK.

A LUCKNOW ENTERPRISE.

(From our Correspondent.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 13.

The Muslim population in India consists of ninety per cent labourers whose condition is becoming intolerable every day. To ameliorate this sad condition some patriotic, influential and respectable Mussalmans of the United Provinces have started the first Mussalman Industrial Bank under the name of the "Hindustan Industrial Bank" at Lucknow with a capital of fifty lacs of rupees in ten and fifty rupee shares to suit pockets of poor and rich alike. The chief feature is that it expects working on the profit-sharing bas s without charging interest. Branches are being opened all over India and also in Mecca Medina and Baghdad for the good of pilgrims.

If the capital is subscribed, it expects relieving five lacs of Muslims of usurers and Shylocks. This great achievement depends upon patriotic Mussalmans throughout India and the management thinks that, if educated Mahomedans take one share each the whole capital will we subscribed in one week and the advantages to the community compared with the insignificant investment of either ten or fifty rupees are numerous. The Bank's success will raise Muslim credit throughout the world, but if for want of the capital it does not commence business or fails, the blot will be on the whole community. Its prospectus is already out, and allotment takes place shortly.

BELGAUM'S CONDOLENCES.

(From our Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, Nov. 14.

Belgaum learns of the sad death of Bi Amman yesterday and met in a public meeting under the Congress and Khilafat auspices to-day to express their feelings. Mr. Gangadhar Rao and other leaders spoke very feelingly and impressed on the audience the indomitable spirit of sacrifice for the Motherland shown by the revered lady even in her old age. An ideal mother she deserves to be imitated by every Indian mother especially in India's present crisis. Belgaum offered condolences and assured Ali Brothers that Belgaum shared their grief. Most shops in the bazar were closed in honour of Bi Amman's memory.

KHILAFAT CONFERENCE.

(Associated Press.)

AMRITSAR, Nov. 14.

A Conference of the Provincial Khilafat Committee will be held here on the 5th, 6th and 7th of December. The local Khilafat Committee has commenced making arrangements for the purpose.

With regard to the breaches in the Burma railways in Southern Shan States the District Traffic Superintendent, Mandalay wires to-day: It is doubtful if transhipment will be possible for another seven days. The line is not to be rectified before 25th. Mails and parcels are being sent by a motor car.—(A.P.)

At its last general meeting the Madras Chamber of Commerce resolved to advise the railway Board that simultaneous construction of a branch line from Virudachalan to Cuddalore with Trichinpoly-Vilupuram chord railway had removed the objection raised by the Chamber of Trichinopoly-Villupuram alignment. The Chamber also recorded its opinion that the proposed Madras Government's Bill relating to the better regulation of cotton ginning and cotton pressing factories, if passed as at present drafted, should prove a useful peace of legislation.—(A.P.)

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GOVERNMENT AND S. G. P. C.

SIR RAJA SINH'S CRITICISM.

(Associated Press.)

AMRITSAR, Nov. 14.

In the course of an interview Sirdar Raja Singh, after critising the speech of His Excellency the Governor of the Punjab on the occasion of the opening of the Autumn session of the Punjab Council, said that, as Government's attitude had materially changed since the breakdown of the Birdwood negotiations, he thought that it was time that a general meeting of the S. G. P. C. should be held to give a mandate to its executive on a new proposition and he hoped that this would not be unduly delayed. He urged that Government should also facilitate interviews with the elected members of the S. G. P. C. now in jail.

BEL-CHAIN IN PRISON.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Over three weeks have passed since I wrote a letter in the "Chronicle," requesting the Director of Information to enlighten the public as to why the barbarous system of enchaining prisoners at night with all its concomitant horrors in the Nira Gang Jail, Sindh Province has not been discontinued. The ignoring silence of the authorities on this gruesome tale is anything but a credit to the Government of Bombay.

I may here remind the public that the Government of Bombay were compelled to yield after an easy sleep of nineteen years and abolish the horrible Bel chaining system, much against their will, of tying over 1200 human cattle at night in the notorious Visapur Jail pond—the Bastile of India—only after a hue and cry was raised by Indian nationalists and by a thorough exposure of the innumerable horrors of jail life in India by Col. Wedgewood in the House of Commons in 1922. We cannot hope to see radical changes in the prison life in Indian jails of the type of Visapur and Nira Gang unless and until a more sympathetic person is placed in charge of the prison portfolio than the present one Sir Maurice Hayward.

Will any Swarajist member in the Bombay Council take this question of great humiliation and unnecessary torture to our unfortunate fellow-men in the said jail?

Yours, etc.,

ARDESHIR B. CHOTHIA.

A Trivandrum message says:—In the case in which Mr. H. M. Phillip, the Sub Inspector of Police, was murdered the local First Class Magistrate after examining twenty-eight witnesses passed orders committing the accused Nos. one to four to the sessions.—A. P.

"FLAT" DRAWING.

PROF. VEALE'S VIEWS.

The following are notes of a lecture on drawing in primary and secondary schools, delivered by Prof. C. J. Veale, F.R.C.S., of Thomason College, Roorkee, at the third session of the All-India Muslim Educational Conference, held at Aligarh in December 1923:—

Prof. Veale said that the system of drawing from the "flat," as it is called, with a pencil, had been freely condemned some 25 years ago in England and the U. S. A. In elementary schools the main purpose of instruction should be *educational*, i.e.:—

1. To train the mind through the perception of things: this includes the formation of habits of attentive observation of objects both natural and artificial and comprises visual and tactual perception.

2. The cultivation of the power of analysis, that is, the separation of wholes into their component parts, and the appreciation of their relative values.

3. The development of the power of reasoning from the things seen, and of grasping an idea as a whole with its parts in the subordination.

4. The free expression of ideas involving memory and imagination, and the association of drawing with other class objects especially with handcraft.

5. The cultivation of the love of nature and especially the beautiful in nature.

6. The training of the hand, involving a knowledge of the technique: familiarity with the medium of form and colour, and their characteristics and suitability for the various purposes for which they are employed.

Thus it will readily be seen that much cannot be expected in the way of new ideas, inventions, designs, or the appreciation of regularity, conformity, proportion or beauty in objects, fabrics or things natural, unless the mental equipment is trained and expanded to visualise space relations, and at the same time the memory for things seen is made receptive.

To explain what is required and is desirable in the teaching of Drawing in Primary Schools, they had the advantage of the experiences in England before them and therefore if they were to progress they should try at once by trying to teach in what has proved to be the best way, that is to *relegate to the dustbin all copying of the flat* and get the pupils to draw from Nature in colours direct natural objects as examples:—a leaf, a flower, toys that children play with, such as—hoops, whips, balls, hockey-sticks, etc., and then as progressive exercises:—school room furniture, articles on desks such as—sticks of sealing wax, Gloy bottles, ink bottle, match boxes, supplemented by garden tools, articles used for drinking and food, sometimes singly and then in groups, noting and correcting such for relativ eposition and proportion with reference to the planes on which the articles were resting. The teacher in passing around the class should not only criticise and explain where the drawing was wrong but incidentally try to convey some new knowledge, for example, what class of leaf the plant had, how the stem fitted into the fruit, why a Hockey stick had a straight face on one side, whether the same stick could be used by a left-hander player as opposed to cricket bat—the whole idea being to get the young mind to think, no matter if the Drawing is fair or good. They were not training pupils to be artists but were there to expand the young brain at a time when it was indulging in a form of pleasurable recreation and was in a state to absorb any fresh ideas.

MEMORY DRAWING.

The lecturer next dealt with the very important subject of Memory drawing as the best way to expand the pupil's capacity for perception. As an exercise the pupils should be asked on occasions—and the occasions are when the class is tired of the work in hand whether it be in Mathematics or History, etc. to sketch rapidly some every day object which he passes, say on his way to school, or in the school precincts, at times choosing his own object and at other, design and object which has been shown to him for a few seconds and then covered over with a cloth.

As a preparatory exercise the lecturer would recommend to teachers the indoor game where numerous articles are placed on a tray and exposed for pupils to see then after a short interval covered over and each pupil asked to write a list of things he has seen on the tray. Two or three minutes is ample time for the exercise and it produces healthy competition and rivalry. The next exercise or progressive exercise should be that of sketching from memory two or three of the objects and then comparing the drawing with the article. A weekly exercise of this nature limited to 15 minutes and a prize at the end of the term would go a long way to make the system a success. To show how deficient students are the lecturer said that some years ago he had set as a test to students at the College a memory sketch of a Tennis racque and ball. Some drew what was more like a butterfly-net with a marble which would have fallen through the meshes or went to the other extreme of drawing a very small bat with a football resting on it, though they had handled their racquets every evening for months. This is the material which in a short time they were expected to turn out as Engineers. Designers of schemes, etc., and the fault did not lie with them if they did not entirely succeed. The fault was in the early training in the schools.

To sum up this part of the discourse the lecturer hoped that they all understood that drawing should no longer be regarded as a side issue, bu tthe surest and the most direct avenue to mental expansion, a quick and critical perception, observation and discrimination.

TRADE UNION LEGISLATION.

VIEWS OF CENTRAL LABOUR BOARD.

In a letter addressed to the Officiating Director, Labour Office, Bombay, Mr. S. H. Jhabwala, Honorary Secretary, Central Labour Board, Bombay, has communicated to Government the views of the Board regarding the proposed Bill to provide for the registration of Trade Unions. He writes:—

It is unanimously desired by the local Unions that the proposed registration should be made voluntary and that no compulsion of any kind whatsoever should be imposed upon them for compulsion would require many necessities of law to be fulfilled which the Unions in infant stage as they are, will be unable to fulfil. Such compulsory legislation had proved a failure in an advanced country like England many years ago where there were many phases rendering the formation of labour Unions very easy. It is impossible the Unions here should not come to regard such compulsory registration as equally inequitable and unjust. My Board, however, agree with Government that Trade Unions should be given every reasonable inducement to register but they regret there is no suggestion made in the clauses of the Bill offering the desired reasonable inducement.

Registered Unions should be given greater privileges than suggested by the Bill in the direction of concession of immunity from Civil suits and Criminal prosecutions directed against Trade Unions and their members.

My committee also urge that a clause should be introduced to the effect that if any person is refused by the Registrar to register a Trade Union or is otherwise compelled to withdraw or cancel a certificate of registration he should have the right of appealing to the High Court and not to the local Government.

Government while caring to safeguard the monetary interests of the members of a Union have laid a strict restriction on its funds. The funds should be permitted to be used by the Union for the furtherance of any movement for promoting the legitimate objects the Union may have in view. If it is believed by a majority of members that a particular object even if it be political, is likely to advance the interests of the Union it should be free to utilise its funds towards that end. It is permissible in the English Trade Unions Act that the funds are utilised towards defrayal of expenses in connection with the election of members to the Municipality, Legislatures and such other public bodies. If a similar institution is permitted in the present Bill it is likely to encourage beneficial result. Labour should be free to manage its own household.

My Board is also of opinion that the portion beginning with "if it is proved etc." in Section 17 (2) should be deleted. There must also be a provision to the effect that during the period of strike or prior to the arising of such a contingency if a person or persons desire to act on behalf of himself or themselves with the object of obtaining or communicating information or asking the parties to observe the lawful regulation of Trade Unions in even trying to bring about a peaceful settlement they should be free to do so.

The Board are glad to see that Government have wisely eschewed declaring any definite policy with regard to picketing for they are anxious that by gentle ways and persuasion they should be able to device peaceful picketing among the masses with a view to preventing them from falling into ruin

ORIYAS PLEAD FOR ONE ADMINISTRATION.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

VIZAGAPATAM, Nov. 13.

A deputation of Oriyas of Vizagapatam District headed by Sree Vikramadeo Varma waited on Mr. Philip Duff, Commissioner a the Collector's office on 13th instant and presented a memorial. Representative Oriyas from Vizagapatam Paravatipuram, Salur, Palakonda, Gunapore, Jeypore, Nowrangpore were present including the Oriya poetess, Annapurna. All unanimously pressed for one administration.

DUTCH AIRMEN'S ARRIVAL AT CALCUTTA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13.

The Dutch airman, Pilot John Van Der Hoop, with Pilot M. Poelman and mechanic Van Den Boeeko arrived in Calcutta today. Leaving Allahabad at 7-15 this morning, they alighted at Dum Dum Aerodrome at about 2 p.m. (Calcutta Time). A small gathering of military officers and members of the Dutch colony of Calcutta including W. M. J. Koper, the Dutch vice-Consul, and several ladies had assembled to meet them.

DEPARTURE FOR AKYAB.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

The Dutch aviator Vander Hoop left at 11-15 this morning for Akyab. A small gathering was present to see him off. He made splendid start. He informed the Associated Press that in view of the unsatisfactory nature of the landing stage at Rangoon, namely the race course, he was not sure of his going to Rangoon. The race course at Rangoon, apart from the obstructions of trees, will be crowded tomorrow owing to the races and he was, therefore, anxious to fly direct from Akyab to Bangkok. But he would settle the destination only after his arrival at Akyab.

ARRIVAL AT AKYAB.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Nov. 14.

The Dutch aviators landed at Akyab at 1-35 p.m.

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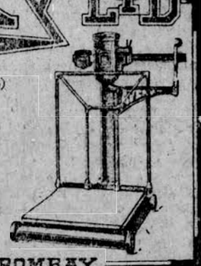

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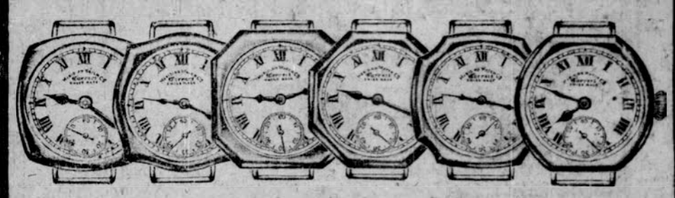

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DELHI NOTES.

PRINCES' CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Nov. 9.

Delhi may be the metropolis of the Indian Empire, but it is one of the filthiest cities of the world. Of course, I am referring to the Indian quarter of Delhi and not the Delhi of the officialdom and aristocracy which is kept in utmost good order at a heavy cost to the tax-payers. The city roads are seldom swept, watering is considered a luxury. The drainage system is in the most rotten condition. No wonder the metropolis of India is also the metropolis of plague, which exacts a heavy toll of life every year. Despite past experience the City Fathers go on with their petty squables unmindful of the city's health. Judged by Gandhiji's test the local municipality is so inefficient as to be an almost unbearable burden upon the pockets and pride of the citizens.

PRINCES' CONFERENCE.

The Princes' Conference will open on the 17th instant. Several Maharajas have already arrived and many more are expected. But the 'big fry' among the ruling chiefs, will not be present at the 'puppets' show' of the bureaucracy. Neither His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad nor the Maharaja of Mysore will attend. No one, of course, expects anything from the Conference. It is one more show of the bureaucracy designed to hypnotise the public about the 'democratic' character of the British Raj. None will benefit anything from it save the hotel-keepers and other traders who have already flocked to the 'Imperial City' to fish customers from the royal visitors.

AT VICEREGAL LODGE.

The Viceroy has arrived. Lord Goschen and Lady Goschen are staying there. The Viceregal Lodge presents a gala spectacle. Dinners are being held, attended by the chosen ones of the bureaucracy. They are having jolly good time of it, and the advent of the Baldwin Government has only thrilled their spirits. The 'steel frame' is now confident that their interests will not be over-looked; that whatever the economic conditions of the people, they will be allowed to exact their pound of flesh.

VICEROY'S CABINET.

Nothing is yet known as to who will be the new Cabinet member. The Viceroy has a list of candidates before him, and, it is said, has already transmitted his choice to the India Office. There is no chance for Mr. Jinnah at the Government House, but it is believed that at least one of the new appointments will go to a Muslim. The Viceroy is most anxious to have only 'safe' men. No risk is to be taken this time. Lord Reading may proceed on a holiday home after the arrival of Lord Rawlinson, but nothing is fixed as yet.

MAHATMA GANDHI.

Mahatma Gandhi has returned from Calcutta. He is still weak, and is unable to walk continuously even for fifteen minutes. It was his high sense of public duty that took him to Calcutta to undertake the exacting burden of negotiations. Any other man in his condition would never have undertaken the arduous task. His physique looks naturally rather worse for all these exertions, but in spirit he is as strong as ever. He is staying at Dr. Ansari's and will leave for Bombay on the 19th instant.

MAHOMED ALI'S MACHINE-GUNS.

Maulana Mahomed Ali's two machine-guns have now been placed in the field. 'Comorade' made its appearance on 31st October and the 'Hamdard' came out this morning. 'The Hamdard' is an Urdu journal and will be issued daily. The journal has done well in laying stress in its very first number on the supreme need of 'Hindu Muslim' unity, and it is to be hoped, will succeed in lifting the clouds of communal hatred from this unfortunate city. While the 'Courade' can but be a bourgeois journal, the 'Hamdard' is essentially a proletariat paper. It is in the people's own language, and is sold at the popular price of one anna. It is bound to exert great influence on the mass mind, and it is expected, that will be for the good of the country.

GANDHI-DAS SETTLEMENT.

There is a general feeling of satisfaction in Indian circles over the Gandhi-Das settlement. It is expected now the two wings of the Congress will line up and present a united front to the bureaucracy. But while this is the dominant feeling among the people, there is not wanting a lurking sense of despondency in certain quarters over what is considered the passing away of the robust programme of non-co-operation. In European and "Jo-Hokum" Indian circles there is a sort of glee over what is fancied to be the Mahatmaji's defeat. But while they are feeling joyous over Gandhiji's surrender, they are feeling most unhappy over the Swarajists' versatile victory. The Swarajists have exposed thoroughly the Reforms hoax; and these circles cannot look with equanimity at strengthening of the Swarajist ranks.

ALL-INDIA CRICKET TOURNAMENT.

The Roshanara Club has drawn up an interesting sporting fixture card for the season. The programme contains All Cricket Tournament which commences on the 18th instant, and concludes on the 23rd. Bombay is sending a team to participate in the contest. The Maharaja of Patiala is putting his famous eleven in the field. Interesting display of cricket is promised. One feature of this programme is the ladies' cricket match which is scheduled for 10th January, 1925. It will be the most stirring event of the season. Many Indian girls will take part.

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(2) Morality & the Prevention of Venereal Diseases

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SPIES OF THE REPUBLIC.

7,000 REVOLUTIONARIES IN GERMAN JAILS.

Something resembling a reign of terror has been established in Germany, under the aegis of the Extraordinary Court of Law for the Protection of the Republic says a correspondent in the "Daily Herald." For some months past this court has been occupied with cases brought against workers, under the Law named, and by virtue of General von Seeckt's order of last October, banning the Communist Party of Germany and all its works.

There are 7,000 revolutionary political prisoners now in German jails. All forms of revolutionary activity are watched over by a "safety police" force, heavily armed, and enormously augmented since last October. And the oppressive power of this force is augmented by an extensive system of spies and agents-provocateurs.

The activities of the latter were strikingly brought out in a trial, just concluded at Leipzig, of 10 Wurtemberg Communists, charged, under the Law for the Protection of the Republic, with acting as leaders of their illegal organisation.

AGENTS EXPOSED.

The total sentences passed upon these 10 workers are 20 years. Individual sentences range from three years to one year. One hundred and fifteen witnesses were called for the prosecution, among them many police spies. But the statements of these creatures under cross-examination revealed so glaringly the foul tactics of the system of espionage, and were, in addition, so self-contradictory, that the later stages of the hearing were hastily concluded, and the sentences pronounced as above.

These proceedings drew from the "Leipziger Volkszeitung," a strongly anti-Communist organ, the comment that the trial had "revealed a morass of espionage."

The only information vouchsafed by an official agency was that he was an "intelligence agent" of the German Communist Party, that he received money in American dollars, and that he was "connected with the Tcheka."

The next day, a bank official, named Meyer of Karlsruhe, was sentenced to four years' imprisonment for "causing disaffection among the police." The act, which he denied, was said to have been the sending of Communist leaflets through the post to the members of the police force in Stuttgart.

Last week the same court sentenced a worker, named Gross, of Harburg, to two years' imprisonment for distributing similar leaflets to the police.

And, in addition, the suppression of newspapers which venture to criticise too outspokenly this regime, far surpassing in the severity of its punishments that of the Hohenzollerns, is a frequent occurrence.

CABINET POSTS BY PREACHING SEDITION.

LORD BIRKENHEAD'S ABUSE OF LABOUR PARTY.

Lord Birkenhead spoke at Banbury in mail week. He said there was not a man in the Labour party who had earned more than £300 a year except by preaching sedition. The Socialists of England were the greatest imitators and plagiarists in the whole of the world. They had never had one idea of their own. They stole all their ideas from a few madmen in Germany and their real leader was a half-baked German visionary called Karl Marx, who invented the doctrine of class hatred. (A Voice: "What about Keir Hardie?")

Lord Birkenhead said he knew Mr. Keir Hardie well and had great respect for him, but he had not got a motor-car. (Loud laughter.)

He would like to know, simply as a matter of pathological curiosity, whether there was a Socialist who would like to see the Russian system carried out in this country. He was sure that the majority of those present did not want to have anything to do with the doctrine of Moscow, with the murderers of Moscow, or with the borrowers of Moscow. (Lord cheers.)

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COD LIVER OIL

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For Nervous Breakdown and Chronic Weakness.

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It thoroughly invigorates the BRAIN, NERVES and MUSCLES—communicates a healthy tone to the system and gives vigour to every organ, excites appetite and prompts digestion of food, also increases the flow of generating secretions. Rs. 3-8-0 per bottle.

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اصل اور بمبئی کی کولن واٹر طلب کرو نقل مال سے پرہیز کرو ٹیلو سٹاک اور ۴۷۱۱
اصل رجسٹرہ ہے اسکے علاوہ کوئی مال اصلی نہیں ہے یہ نمبر و واجرمن کی ساختہ ہے

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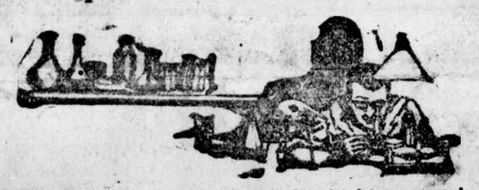

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INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

Nagpur, Nov. 12.—The Hindus beat the Mahomedans in the first match of C. P Quadragular Cricket Tournament by eight wickets and four runs.—(A.P.)

* * * *

In the second round of the quadrangular cricket tournament which was begun at Secunderabad on Thursday the Mahomedans going in collapsed before the Parsi bowling and were all out in 80 minutes for 42 runs. The Parsis then playing steadily all day replied with a total of 191.—(A.P.)

* * * *

At a public meeting at Trivandrum Mr. Mannath Padmanabha Pillai on behalf of the caste Hindu Jatha informed the public that hence-forth their efforts would be directed to influence members of the Legislative Council with a view to secure a decided majority during the next session of the Council when this question would come up for discussion. The Jatha then dispersed.—(A.P.)

* * * *

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association (Indian Council) will be held in the Assembly Hall, Delhi on Friday the 14th instant when a short statement by Mr. Oldrieve regarding the formation of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association will be made. The Chairman will make a statement regarding the formation of the Indian Council and the Viceroy's decision to entrust the work of carrying out the campaign to the Indian Red Cross Society will also be considered.—(A.P.)

* * * *

Commenting on Mr. Baldwin's recent utterrances the "Rangoon Gazettes" says the pronouncement made by Mr. Baldwin at the Guildhall ceremony regarding his Government's policy concerning India will have the very necessary effect of rallying Moderate opinion on the side of the authorities.—(A.P.)

* * * *

The "Rangoon Daily News" says the Premir's pronouncement with rgard to India is not at all encouraging and does not assure future advancement for which she has been struggling hard.—(A.P.)

* * * *

A Junagadh message says—The Parivrajak Maharajah of Benares, Gyanbar elected as Holiness Shankara Charya Bharati Krishna Tirth of the Sharda Pith to preside over the deliberations of the Hindu Mahasabha to be held next month at Calcutta.—(A.P.)

* * * *

A bills to repeal the Stage Carriages Act of 1861 in its application to the Presidency of Madras and amend the Madras Hackney Carriages Act of 1911 which was passed into law by the local Legislature in August last received the assent of the Governor in October 1st and that of the Governor-General on 24th idem. The Act has now been published in the Madras Government Gazette and has come into force in the matter of licences granted by the Commissioner of Police.—A.P.

* * * *

Armistice Day was observed in Cawnpore by a special commemoration service in Christ Church. Poppies were sold by ladies and a handsome amount collected.—A.P.

* * * *

In the Allahabad Communal Riot Cases Mr. S. W. Bobb, Magistrate who tried three Mahomedans with causing hurt to a policeman in discharge of his duties, sentenced to-day two of the accused to two months' rigorous imprisonment and acquitted the third.—A.P.

* * * *

The Dutch avaitors arrived in Calcutta on Thursday. Leaving Allahabad at 7-15 on Thursday morning they alighted at Dum Dum Aerodrome at 2 p.m. (Calcutta Time).

WORKING OF STATE DEPARTMENTS.

NIZAM PROMISES "SURPRISE VISITS."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Nov. 12.

The following 'jareeda' by His Exalted Highness the Nizam has been published for public information:—

"Whereas facts have proved beyond doubt that in various departments of the State work has not been carried out as promptly and regularly as it ought to be under the personal supervision of the officer concerned which is no doubt due to unpunctuality and absence if find cases are left pending and delayed. In view of these facts I order that each department shall submit a report through the head of the department every six months to the President, Executive Council, who will submit the same to me with a summary and remarks for my information which should give me an idea as to how many officers have actually worked hard, how many gone on leave or are absent or who may be away on extraordinary leave. I shall pay surprise visits and inspect the officers.

It is unnecessary for me to refer to my personal knowledge of the working of my department and in-and-outs of the State or information gathered from newspapers. Reports are coming daily and I am fully informed as to what is going on. This is not the time to connive at the defects of the Administration and be silent on the subject. We must be alert and do all we can to show the world, what we are capable of, by deeds and not by words. In near future there will be certain changes in the administration of the State and these will be published in another extraordinary *jareedo*."

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10×15 c.m. (P/C size)	535	0	0

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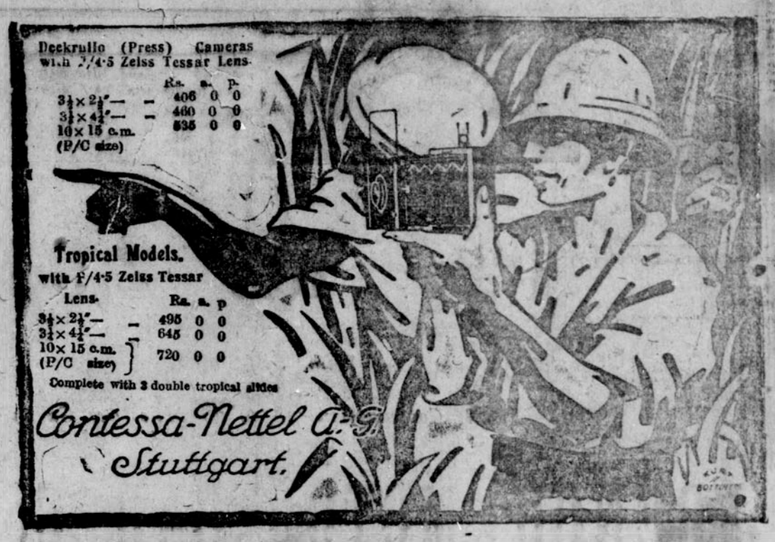

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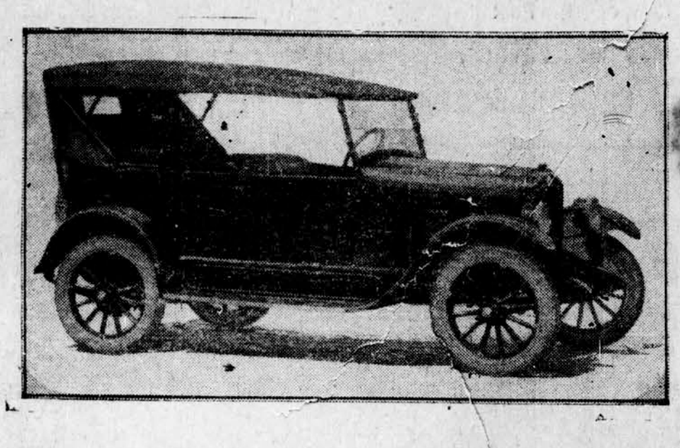

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